



HEXAGON TRANSPORTATION CONSULTANTS, INC.

Memorandum

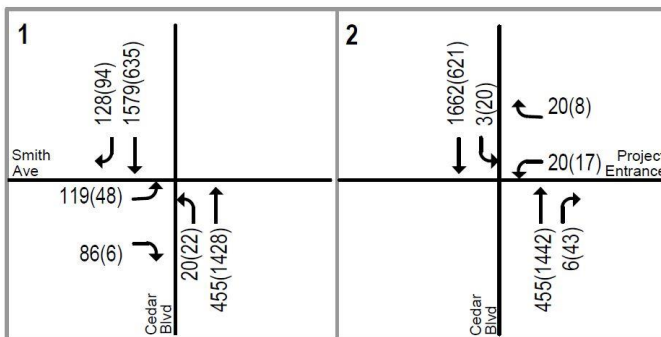
Date: October 3, 2022
To: Dominic Boitano, Robson Homes
From: Gary Black
 Daniel Choi
Subject: 38478 Cedar Boulevard Transportation Impact Analysis

Hexagon Transportation Consultants, Inc. completed a transportation analysis dated July 5, 2022, for your proposed residential development at 38478 Cedar Boulevard in Newark. Since then, the city of Newark has requested additional analyses for the intersections of Cedar Boulevard/Smith Avenue and the Cedar Boulevard/Project Entrance. The city has requested that average delay and level of service be calculated under cumulative conditions with the signalization of Cedar Boulevard/Smith Avenue. Additionally, the 95th percentile queue lengths were analyzed for the left-turn pockets along Cedar Boulevard (at Smith Avenue and at the Project Entrance) to ensure that the proposed turn pockets are of adequate length.

Level of service and delay were calculated with Synchro software, which utilizes the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 6th Edition methodology. The 95th percentile queue for the northbound left-turn movement at Cedar Boulevard/Smith Avenue and the southbound left-turn movement at Cedar Boulevard/Project Entrance are reported from Synchro.

Traffic volumes for this supplementary analysis (see Figure 1) are the same as the cumulative plus project conditions described in the transportation analysis dated July 5, 2022. Through traffic volumes at the project driveway were interpolated using the traffic volumes at Cedar Boulevard/Smith Avenue. It should be noted that the project-scenario traffic estimates are based on the previously proposed 127-unit development. The newly proposed 118-unit site would result in a slightly smaller number of site-generated traffic. Therefore, similar to the results in the transportation analysis dated July 5, 2022, this analysis represents a conservative calculation for delay, level of service, and queueing.

Figure 1
Peak Hour Traffic Volume



LEGEND
 XX(XX) - AM Peak Hour Volume (PM Peak Hour Volume)

Design Assumptions

The project proposes to construct a median along the project’s frontage on Cedar Boulevard. A 150-foot-long left-turn pocket is proposed for the southbound left-turn movement into the project site. Additionally, the project proposes a 160-foot-long left-turn pocket for the northbound left-turn movement at Cedar Boulevard/Smith Avenue. The project proposes to construct a traffic signal at the intersection of Cedar Boulevard/Smith Avenue. It is assumed that the signal cycle length would be 100 seconds during both peak hours.

Analysis

The results of the level of service calculation at Cedar Boulevard/Smith Avenue show that vehicles entering the intersection would experience an average delay of 13.7 seconds in the AM peak hour and 4.7 seconds in the PM peak hour (see Table 1) with the installation of a traffic signal. The intersection would operate at an acceptable level of service with the installation of a traffic signal.

**Table 1
Level of Service and Delay**

Intersection	Peak Hour	Cumulative with Project			
		Stop Control		Signal	
		Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS
Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue	AM	120+	F	13.7	B
	PM	48.1	E	4.7	A

Queuing at the proposed left-turn pockets along Cedar Boulevard was calculated with Synchro software and reported below in Table 2. The average delay for the left-turning movements are reported for informational purposes. Since both left-turn pockets would service relatively low traffic, queues would be minimal at both turn-pockets. The proposed turn pockets on Cedar Boulevard along the project frontage would provide adequate length for queuing and would not disrupt traffic flow along Cedar Boulevard.

**Table 2
95th Percentile Queue**

	Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue		Cedar Boulevard & Project Entrance	
	NBL		SBL	
	AM	PM	AM	PM
Cumulative Plus Project				
Cycle Length (sec)	100	100	n/a	n/a
Average Delay (sec)	46.6	26.7	8.4	14.5
Volume (vphpl)	20	22	3	20
95th % Queue (ft./ln.)	39	0	31	4
95th % Queue (veh/ln.) ²	2	0	1	0
Storage (ft./ln.)	160	160	150	150
Adequate (Y/N)	Y	Y	Y	Y

Notes:

NBL = northbound left movement, SBL = southbound left movement

¹ Vehicle queue calculations based on cycle length for signalized intersections and control delay for unsignalized intersections.

² Assumes 25 Feet Per Vehicle Queued.



HEXAGON TRANSPORTATION CONSULTANTS, INC.

38478 Cedar Boulevard

Transportation Impact Analysis

Prepared for:

Robson Homes

July 5, 2022



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Executive Summary

This study was conducted for the purpose of identifying the potential transportation impacts related to the proposed residential development at 38478 Cedar Boulevard in Newark, California. The project site is located along the north side of Cedar Boulevard, between Moores Avenue and Smith Avenue. The project proposes to construct 127 units of single-family homes and duplex homes. Currently, the project site is occupied by several businesses, including a cement contractor and several automobile repair shops. Access to the project site would be provided via two access roads along Cedar Boulevard.

The potential impacts of the project were evaluated in accordance with the standards set forth by the City of Newark, and the Alameda County Transportation Commission, the administering agency for the Congestion Management Program (CMP) of Alameda County. The traffic study includes an analysis of AM and PM peak hour traffic conditions for three (3) signalized intersections and one (1) unsignalized intersection in the vicinity of the project site. Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) per capita was reported and compared to the regional average. Potential impacts to pedestrians, bicycles, and transit were also considered.

Based on trip generation rates recommended by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), it is estimated that the proposed project would generate 819 net new daily trips, with 72 trips during the AM peak hour and 88 trips during the PM peak hour. Driveway counts were conducted to determine trip generation credits for the existing uses on-site.

The results of the intersection level of service analysis under existing and cumulative scenarios, with and without the project, are summarized in Table ES-1. Due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, the intersection level of service analysis was analyzed with both new counts from September 2020, as well as escalated traffic volumes from pre-pandemic conditions using a 1.94% (AM peak hour) and 1.47% (PM peak hour) compounded growth factor. The results determined that under all scenarios with and without the project, most of the study intersections would operate in accordance with local standards during both AM and PM peak hours. The intersection of Cedar Boulevard/Smith Avenue would operate at LOS E and LOS F under cumulative conditions during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively. However, the addition of project trips would not have a noticeable impact on traffic operations at the intersection.

The Alameda Countywide Travel Model reports the average daily VMT for the City of Newark to be 22.6 miles per resident for existing conditions and 20.4 miles per resident for Year 2040. Therefore, the target VMT for the proposed project should be 19.2 miles per resident (-15% under the existing VMT). The Transportation Analysis Zone (TAZ) in which the project is located in is calculated to have an average daily VMT of 23.3 miles per resident. The Alameda County Transportation Commission (ACTC) has released a Mobility Management VMT Reduction Calculator Tool that calculates the change in VMT as a result of project design features and various Transportation Demand Management (TDM) strategies. After inputting the project information into the ACTC VMT reduction calculator tool,

the project would reduce its VMT by 18.1% based on increasing the residential density of the project site. After applying an 18.1% reduction to existing VMT per resident, the project would be below the VMT target goal, and it can be concluded that the project would have a less than significant impact on VMT.

This report also makes the following conclusions and recommendations for the project:

- The project should coordinate with city staff to determine whether a signal should be installed at the intersection of Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue.
- Since the project would add trips to a left-turn pocket that already exceeds capacity during the heaviest cycles, the project should discuss with the City of Newark to determine if the southbound left-turn pocket at the intersection of Cedar Boulevard and Mowry Avenue should be extended.
- The project should coordinate with city staff to determine whether a left turn median refuge along Cedar Boulevard from the project driveway should be installed.
- Signage stating “NO OUTLET”, or similar, should be provided at dead-end aisles.

**Table ES-1
Intersection Level of Service Summary**

#	Intersection	Peak Hour	Existing						Existing (Factored)						Cumulative					
			No Project			with Project			No Project			with Project			No Project			with Project		
			Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Incr. in Critical Delay (sec)	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Incr. in Critical V/C	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Incr. in Critical Delay (sec)	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Incr. in Critical V/C	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Incr. in Critical Delay (sec)	Incr. in Critical V/C
1	Cedar Boulevard & Central Avenue	AM	31.4	C	0.0	31.5	C	0.005	33.8	C	0.2	33.9	C	0.005	51.8	D	52.6	D	0.5	0.005
		PM	28.3	C	0.2	28.3	C	0.007	30.1	C	0.0	30.1	C	0.004	58.5	E	58.8	E	0.6	0.002
2	Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue ¹	AM	10.6	B	0.0	10.7	B	0.001	34.7	D	0.0	35.7	E	0.008	120+	F	120+	F	1.1	0.040
		PM	10.6	B	0.0	12.9	B	0.003	19.9	C	0.0	20.5	C	0.007	45.7	E	48.1	E	0.0	0.014
3	Cedar Boulevard & Moores Avenue	AM	10.0	A	-0.8	9.0	A	0.012	3.2	A	-0.1	3.1	A	0.012	3.5	A	3.4	A	-0.1	0.012
		PM	3.7	A	-0.2	3.4	A	0.005	6.0	A	-0.1	5.7	A	0.005	5.0	A	4.9	A	0.0	0.005
4	Cedar Boulevard & Mowry Avenue	AM	22.8	C	1.0	23.5	C	0.021	27.2	C	0.4	27.3	C	0.020	26.2	C	26.3	C	0.1	0.002
		PM	25.8	C	0.3	25.9	C	0.011	27.9	C	0.3	27.9	C	0.010	40.6	D	41.0	D	0.7	0.003

Bold indicates a substandard level of service.

Note:
¹ Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue is a two-way stop-controlled intersection. The worst leg delay is reported.

1. Introduction

This report presents the results of the Transportation Impact Analysis (TIA) conducted for the proposed residential development located at 38478 Cedar Boulevard in Newark, California. The project site is located on the north side of Cedar Boulevard, between Moores Avenue and Smith Avenue. The project proposes to construct 127 units of single-family homes and duplex homes. Currently, the project site is occupied by several businesses, including a cement contractor and several automobile repair shops. Access to the project site would be provided via two driveways along Cedar Boulevard.

Due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, most offices and schools are closed, and people are working at home to the extent possible. As a result, current traffic volumes are a fraction of what they were prior to the virus outbreak. It is not known when traffic conditions will return to pre-pandemic levels. The level of service analyses in this report utilize new traffic counts from September 2020, as well as the most recent traffic counts (pre-pandemic).

Scope of Study

This study was conducted for the purpose of identifying the potential transportation impacts related to the proposed development. The potential impacts of the project were evaluated in accordance with the standards set forth by the City of Newark and the Alameda County Transportation Commission, the administering agency for the Congestion Management Program (CMP) of Alameda County. The estimated Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) from the proposed development was compared to the regional average. In addition, the traffic study includes an analysis of AM and PM peak hour traffic conditions for three (3) signalized intersections and one (1) unsignalized intersection in the vicinity of the project site. Since the project is expected to generate fewer than 100 net PM peak hour trips, a CMP roadway segment analysis is not required. The study also includes a signal warrant analysis to determine the need for signalization at the study unsignalized intersection. An analysis of site access and on-site circulation, vehicle queuing, and transit, bicycle, and pedestrian access is also included.

Study Intersections

1. Cedar Boulevard & Central Avenue
2. Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue (unsignalized)
3. Cedar Boulevard & Moores Avenue
4. Cedar Boulevard & Mowry Avenue

Traffic conditions at the study intersections were analyzed for both the weekday AM and PM peak hours of adjacent street traffic. The AM peak hour typically occurs between 7:00 AM and 9:00 AM and the PM peak hour typically occurs between 4:00 PM and 6:00 PM on a regular weekday. These are the peak commute hours during which most traffic congestion occurs on the roadways.

Traffic conditions were evaluated for the following scenarios:

- Scenario 1: *Existing Conditions.*** Existing traffic volumes at study intersections were based on traffic counts conducted in September 2020 and by escalating the most recent pre-pandemic traffic counts. A 1.94% (AM peak hour) and 1.47% (PM peak hour) compounded annual growth factor was used to escalate pre-pandemic traffic volumes to existing (Factored) conditions. These factors were derived by analyzing historical count data at intersections in Newark. Pre-pandemic traffic volumes were taken from the 2035 General Plan EIR, the Area 3 and 4 Specific Plan EIR, and the Newark Area 4 Specific Plan LOS Tune Up Update. The study intersections were evaluated with a level of service analysis using TRAFFIX software in accordance with the *2000 Highway Capacity Manual* methodology.
- Scenario 2: *Existing plus Project Conditions.*** Existing traffic volumes with the project were estimated by adding to existing traffic volumes the additional traffic generated by the project. Existing plus project conditions were evaluated relative to existing conditions in order to determine the effects the project would have on the existing roadway network.
- Scenario 3: *Cumulative Conditions.*** Cumulative traffic volumes represent traffic growth through the year 2035. Cumulative traffic volumes were obtained from the 2035 Newark General Plan. For intersections not included in the general plan, traffic volumes were estimated using nearby intersections. Cumulative plus project conditions were evaluated relative to cumulative conditions to determine project effects.

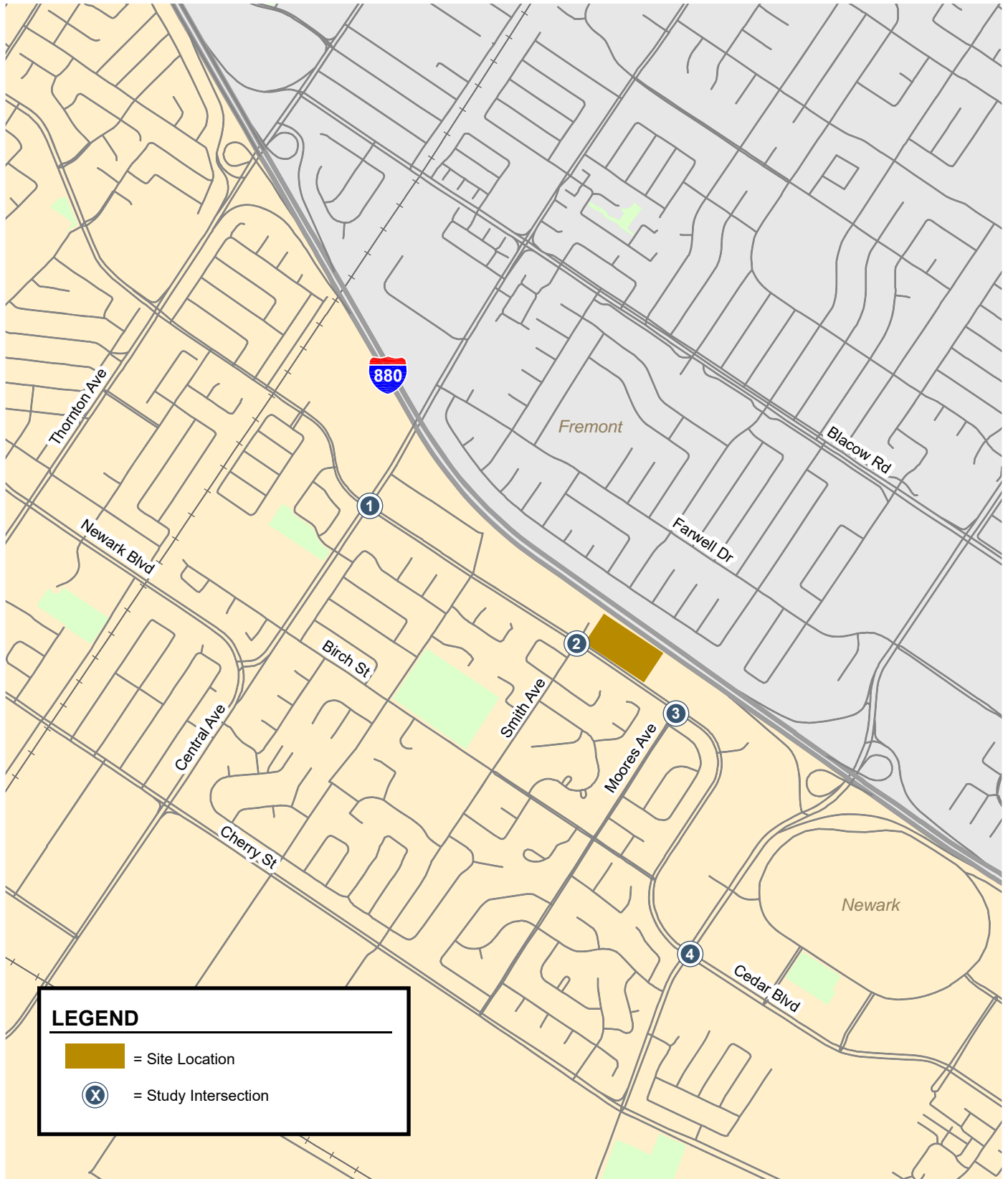


Figure 1
Site Location and Study Intersections

1-880
STATE OF CALIFORNIA



Figure 2
Site Plan

Methodology

This section presents the methods used to determine the traffic conditions for each scenario described above. It includes descriptions of the data requirements, the analysis methodologies, and the applicable level of service standards.

Data Requirements

The data required for the analysis were obtained from new traffic counts, driveway counts, local traffic studies and EIRs, and field observations. The following data were collected from these sources:

- existing peak-hour intersection turning-movement volumes
- existing driveway counts
- lane configurations
- intersection signal timing and phasing

Vehicle Miles Traveled Standard and Analysis Methodology

Senate Bill 743 (SB 743) was signed in 2013 and requires that, for land use projects, vehicle miles traveled (VMT) per capita, employee, or net VMT are to be used as metrics for transportation analysis. SB 743 requires lead agencies to implement its guidelines, requiring them to select a VMT methodology, choose significance thresholds, and determine feasible mitigation measures. VMT should be reduced to minimize the transportation impact a development has on a community. The goal of SB 743 is to encourage development that reduces VMT.

In accordance with SB 743, average daily VMT per resident for the proposed project zone versus the average daily VMT per resident for the City of Newark were determined based on Alameda Countywide Travel Model. The average daily VMT per resident of the proposed project's Transportation Analysis Zone (TAZ) will be reported from the tabulated VMT TAZ Tables found on the Alameda County Transportation Commission website.

Since the City of Newark has not established standards regarding VMT, the Office of Planning and Research (OPR) recommends that new developments should utilize a threshold that is 15% below baseline (existing) conditions.

Level of Service Standards and Analysis Methodologies

Traffic conditions at the study intersections were evaluated using level of service (LOS). *Level of Service* is a qualitative description of operating conditions ranging from LOS A, or free-flow conditions with little or no delay, to LOS F, or jammed conditions with excessive delays. The various analysis methods are described below.

Signalized Intersections

The City of Newark utilizes TRAFFIX software and the *Highway Capacity Manual* (HCM) methodology to evaluate intersection operations. The HCM method evaluates signalized intersection operations on the basis of average control delay time for all vehicles at the intersection. Control delay is the amount of delay that is attributed to the particular traffic control device at the intersection, and includes initial deceleration delay, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration delay. The correlation between average delay and level of service is shown in Table 1. In the city of Newark, the level of service standard for signalized intersections is LOS D.

**Table 1
Signalized Intersection Level of Service Definitions Based on Control Delay**

Level of Service	Description	Average Control Delay Per Vehicle (sec.)
A	Signal progression is extremely favorable. Most vehicles arrive during the green phase and do not stop at all. Short cycle lengths may also contribute to the very low vehicle delay.	10.0 or less
B	Operations characterized by good signal progression and/or short cycle lengths. More vehicles stop than with LOS A, causing higher levels of average vehicle delay.	10.1 to 20.0
C	Higher delays may result from fair signal progression and/or longer cycle lengths. Individual cycle failures may begin to appear at this level. The number of vehicles stopping is significant, though some vehicles may still pass through the intersection without stopping.	20.1 to 35.0
D	The influence of congestion becomes more noticeable. Longer delays may result from some combination of unfavorable signal progression, long cycle lengths, or high volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratios. Many vehicles stop and individual cycle failures are noticeable.	35.1 to 55.0
E	This is considered to be the limit of acceptable delay. These high delay values generally indicate poor signal progression, long cycle lengths, and high volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratios. Individual cycle failures occur frequently.	55.1 to 80.0
F	This level of delay is considered unacceptable by most drivers. This condition often occurs with oversaturation, that is, when arrival flow rates exceed the capacity of the intersection. Poor progression and long cycle lengths may also be major contributing causes of such delay levels.	greater than 80.0

Source: Transportation Research Board, *2000 Highway Capacity Manual* (Washington, D.C., 2000), p.10-16.

Unsignalized Intersections

Level of service analysis at unsignalized intersections is generally used to determine the need for modification in the type of intersection control (i.e., all-way stop or signalization). As part of the evaluation, traffic volumes, delays and traffic signal warrants are evaluated to determine if the existing intersection control is appropriate.

The City of Newark does not have formal significance criteria to apply to unsignalized intersections. Unlike signalized intersections, which typically represent constraint points for the roadway network, unsignalized intersections rarely limit the potential capacity of a roadway. In addition to the calculated movement and approach delays, the determination of appropriate improvements to unsignalized intersections typically includes traffic signal warrants, movement traffic volumes, availability of alternate routes, and intersection safety. For this reason, improvements to unsignalized intersections are frequently determined on the basis of professional engineering judgment.

Table 2 shows the level of service definitions for unsignalized intersections.

Table 2
Unsignalized Intersection Level of Service Definitions Based on Control Delay

Level of Service	Description	Average Delay Per Vehicle (Sec.)
A	Little or no traffic delay	10.0 or less
B	Short traffic delays	10.1 to 15.0
C	Average traffic delays	15.1 to 25.0
D	Long traffic delays	25.1 to 35.0
E	Very long traffic delays	35.1 to 50.0
F	Extreme traffic delays	greater than 50.0

Source: Transportation Research Board, *2000 Highway Capacity Manual* (Washington, D.C., 2000) p17-2.

Traffic Signal Warrant

The level of service calculations at the unsignalized intersection were supplemented with an assessment of the need for installation of a traffic signal, known as a signal warrant analysis. The need for signalization of unsignalized intersections in an urban or suburban context is typically assessed based on the Peak Hour Volume Warrant (Warrant 3) described in the *California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways* (CA MUTCD), Part 4, Highway Traffic Signals. This method makes no evaluation of intersection level of service, but simply provides an indication whether vehicular peak hour volumes are, or would be, sufficiently high to justify installation of a traffic signal.

Intersection Operations

The analysis of intersection operations was supplemented with a vehicle queuing analysis at intersections where the project would add a substantial number of trips to the left-turn movements or stop-controlled approaches. The queuing analysis is presented for informational purposes only, since the City of Newark has not defined a policy related to queuing. Vehicle queues were calculated using a Poisson probability distribution, which estimates the probability of “n” vehicles for a vehicle movement using the following formula:

$$P(x=n) = \frac{\lambda^n e^{-\lambda}}{n!}$$

Where:

P (x=n) = probability of “n” vehicles in queue per lane

n = number of vehicles in the queue per lane

λ = average # of vehicles in the queue per lane (vehicles per hr per lane/signal cycles per hr)

The basis of the analysis is as follows: (1) the Poisson probability distribution is used to estimate the 95th percentile maximum number of queued vehicles per signal cycle for a particular movement; (2) the estimated maximum number of vehicles in the queue is translated into a queue length, assuming 25 feet per vehicle; and (3) the estimated maximum queue length is compared to the existing or planned available storage capacity for the movement. This analysis thus provides a basis for estimating future turn pocket storage requirements at intersections.

For signalized intersections, the 95th percentile queue length value indicates that during the peak hour, a queue of this length or less would occur on 95 percent of the signal cycles, or a queue length longer than the 95th percentile queue would only occur on 5 percent of the signal cycles (about 1-2 cycles during the peak hour for a signal with a 120-second cycle length). Thus, turn pocket storage designs based on the 95th percentile queue length would ensure that storage space would be exceeded only 5 percent of the time for a signalized movement. Vehicle queuing at unsignalized intersections is evaluated based on the delay experienced by the specific study turn movement.

Significant Impact Criteria

Since the City of Newark has not established standards regarding VMT, the Office of Planning and Research (OPR) recommends that new developments should utilize a threshold that is 15% below baseline (existing) conditions. Therefore, for the purposes of this report, a significant impact related to VMT is assumed to occur if the proposed project's VMT is greater than 15% below the existing VMT within the City of Newark.

Adverse Operational Effects on Nearby Intersections

According to the City of Newark, adverse operational effects at signalized intersections occur when, for any peak hour:

1. The level of service at the intersection degrades from an acceptable LOS under no project conditions to an unacceptable LOS under project conditions; or
2. The level of service at the intersection is an unacceptable LOS under no project conditions and the addition of project trips causes the average delay at the intersection to increase by four (4) or more seconds.

An adverse operational effect can be addressed by the City of Newark standards if (1) measures are implemented that would restore an intersection's level of service to its level of service standard or (2) return the intersection average delay to no project conditions or better.

Report Organization

The remainder of this report is divided into five chapters. Chapter 2 describes the existing roadway network, transit services, and pedestrian facilities. Chapter 3 presents a discussion on Vehicle Miles Traveled. Chapter 4 describes project conditions, adding estimated traffic from the proposed development to existing traffic. Chapter 5 describes the cumulative conditions, utilizing estimated traffic conditions from the 2035 Newark General Plan and analyzed with project traffic. Chapter 6 includes the analysis of signal warrants for the unsignalized intersections and project effects on other transportation issues including transit, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, on-site circulation, and vehicle queuing.

2. Existing Conditions

This chapter describes the existing conditions for transportation facilities in the vicinity of the site, including the roadway network, transit service, and pedestrian and bicycle facilities.

Existing Roadway Network

Regional access to the project site is provided via I-880. Local access to the site is provided on Mowry Avenue, Central Avenue, Thornton Avenue, and Cedar Boulevard. These roadways are described below. Although all streets in the study area run at a diagonal compared to the ordinal directions, for the purposes of this study, I-880 and Cedar Boulevard are considered to run north-south, and cross streets are considered to run east-west.

I-880 is a north/south, eight-lane freeway in the vicinity of the site. I-880 extends northward towards Oakland and southward through San Jose. Access to and from the project study area is provided via full interchanges at Mowry Avenue and Thornton Avenue.

Mowry Avenue is an east/west arterial that extends from Mission Boulevard in the east to near the shore of the bay, where it terminates. Mowry Avenue provides access to I-880 and also connects Newark to the Central District of Fremont. Mowry Avenue varies in width from four- to six-lanes with left-turn pockets at the major intersections. The posted speed limit in the project area is 35 mph. Sidewalks are present on both sides, and parking is prohibited along Mowry Avenue in the project vicinity. Access to the project site from Mowry Avenue is provided via Cedar Boulevard.

Central Avenue is an east/west arterial that extends from Willow Street in the west to Fremont Boulevard in the east. In the project area, Central Avenue is four-lanes with left-turn pockets at the major intersections. The posted speed limit in the project area is 35 mph. Sidewalks are present on both sides of Central Avenue. Bike lanes are present, and parking is prohibited along Central Avenue in the project vicinity. Access to the project site from Central Avenue is provided via Cedar Boulevard.

Thornton Avenue is an east/west arterial that extends from the SR-84 interchange in the west to Paseo Padre Parkway in the east, where it terminates. Thornton Avenue provides access to SR-84 and I-880. Thornton Avenue varies in width from four- to five-lanes and provides left-turn pockets at the major intersections. The posted speed limit in the project area is 35 mph. Sidewalks are present on both sides, and parking is prohibited along Thornton Avenue in the project vicinity. Access to the project site from Thornton Avenue is provided via Cedar Boulevard.

Cedar Boulevard is a north/south arterial that extends from Haley Street in the west to Paseo Stevenson Boulevard in the east, where it terminates. Along the project frontage, Cedar Boulevard is two lanes in each direction with a two-way left-turn lane median. The posted speed limit in the project

area is 35 mph. Sidewalks are present on both sides of Cedar Boulevard. Bike lanes are present, and parking is prohibited along Cedar Boulevard in the project vicinity. The project proposes two driveways along Cedar Boulevard.

Existing Pedestrian and Bicycle Facilities

Existing Pedestrian Facilities

Pedestrian facilities consist of sidewalks, crosswalks, and pedestrian signals at signalized intersections. In the vicinity of the project site, sidewalks exist along both sides of Cedar Boulevard. Near the project site, crosswalks with pedestrian signal heads and push buttons are provided on the south and west approaches of the Cedar Boulevard/Moores Avenue intersection. Crosswalks are provided along the north and west approaches of the unsignalized intersection of Cedar Boulevard and Smith Avenue. Additionally, crosswalks with pedestrian signal heads and push buttons are provided along all approaches of the Cedar Boulevard/Mowry Avenue and Cedar Boulevard/Central Avenue intersections.

Existing Bicycle Facilities

Bicycle facilities in the vicinity of the project site include bike lanes. Bike lanes (Class II facilities) are lanes on roadways designated for use by bicycles with special lane markings, pavement legends, and signage. The existing bicycle facilities within the study area are described below and are shown on Figure 3.

North-South bicycle connections in the study area consist of a Class II bike lane along Cedar Boulevard. The bike lanes along Cedar Boulevard provide a connection to the project site from transit facilities and other points of interest in the area.

East-West bicycle connections in the study area consist of a Class II bike lane along Central Avenue, connecting the project site to central Newark and Fremont.

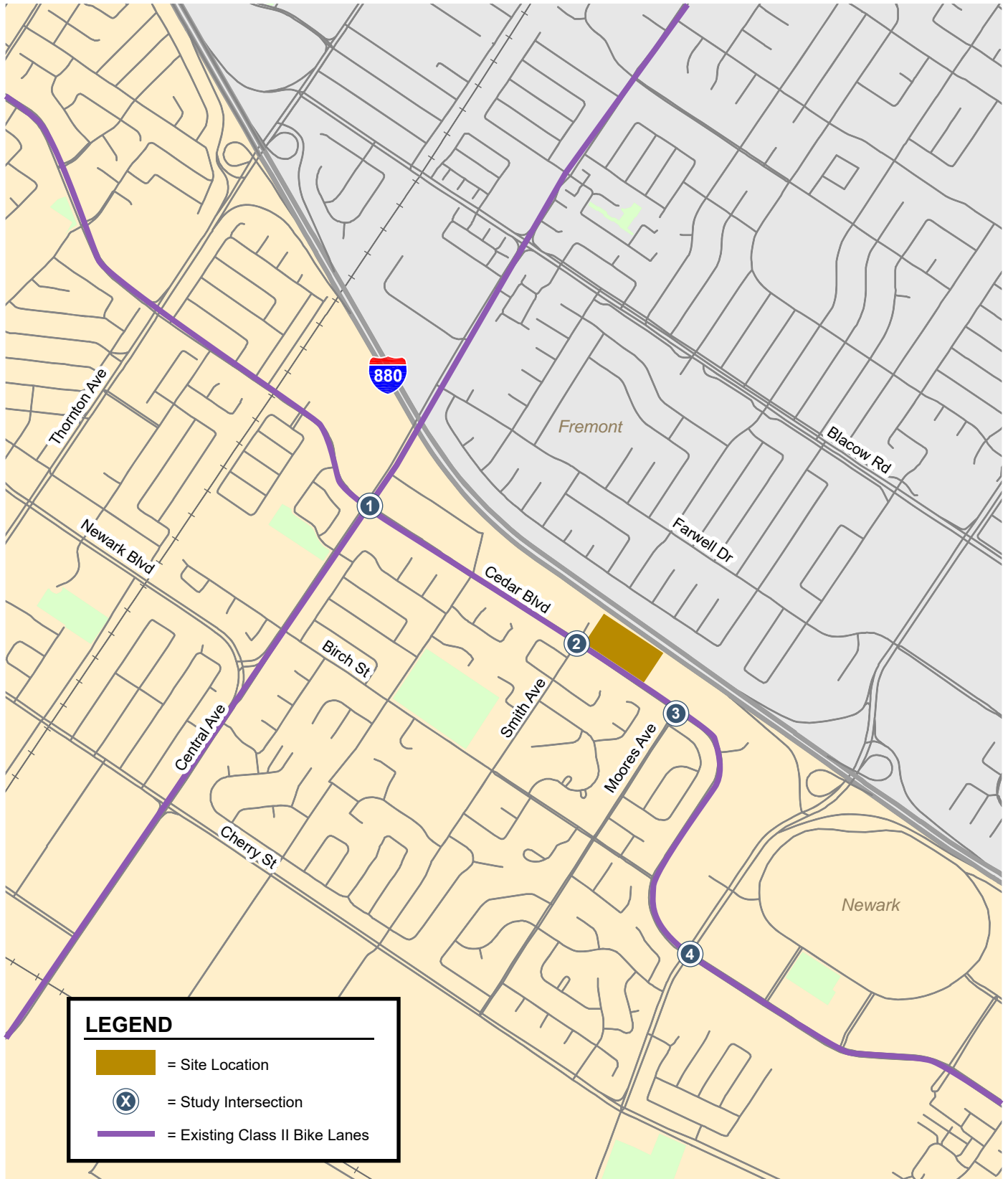


Figure 3
Existing Bicycle Facilities

Existing Transit Service

Existing AC Transit bus stops are present along the project frontage. The closest bus stop is located at the intersection of Cedar Boulevard and Smith Avenue, near the northwest corner of the project site. Additionally, there are bus stops just south of the intersection of Cedar Boulevard and Moores Avenue. Routes 200 and 232 run along Cedar Boulevard in the project vicinity and provide service to nearby points of interest and regional transit connections. Transit services in the region are shown on Figure 4.

Route 200 provides service between the Fremont BART Station and the Union City BART Station via Mowry Avenue, Cedar Boulevard, central Newark, and Decoto Road. Route 200 operates every weekday between 6:00 AM and 12:30 AM with 20-minute headways during the AM and PM peak commute hours.

Route 232 provides service between the Fremont BART Station and New Park Mall via Mission Boulevard, Union City BART, Paseo Padre Parkway, and Cedar Boulevard. Route 232 operates every weekday between 7:00 AM and 9:00 PM with one-hour headways during the AM and PM peak commute hours.

Existing Intersection Lane Configurations and Traffic Volumes

The existing lane configurations at the study intersections were determined by observations in the field and are shown on Figure 5. Existing traffic volumes were obtained from peak hour counts collected in September 2020. Existing (Factored) traffic volumes were obtained by escalating the most recent pre-pandemic traffic counts. A 1.94% (AM peak hour) and 1.47% (PM peak hour) compounded annual growth factor was used to escalate pre-pandemic traffic volumes to existing (Factored) conditions. The growth factor is obtained using the following formula:

$$f = 1 + (p)^y$$

where: f = growth factor
p = growth rate (1.94% or 1.47%)
y = years

Calculations for existing (Factored) conditions can be found in Appendix A. Pre-pandemic traffic volumes were taken from the 2035 General Plan EIR, the Area 3 and 4 Specific Plan EIR, and the Newark Area 4 Specific Plan LOS Tune Up Update. The existing peak-hour intersection volumes are shown on Figure 6. The existing (factored) peak-hour intersection volumes are shown on Figure 7. Intersection turning-movement counts conducted for this analysis are presented in Appendix B.

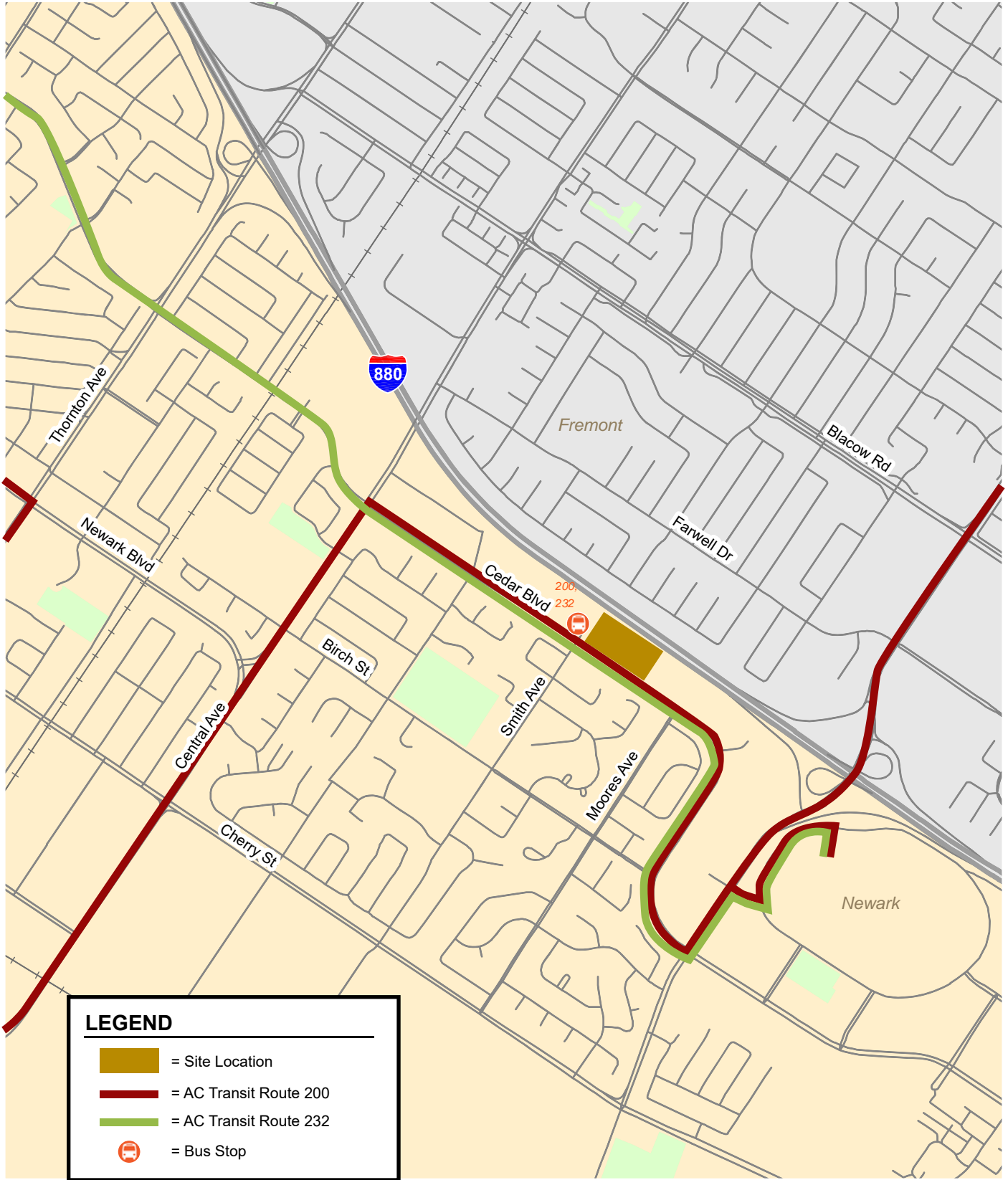
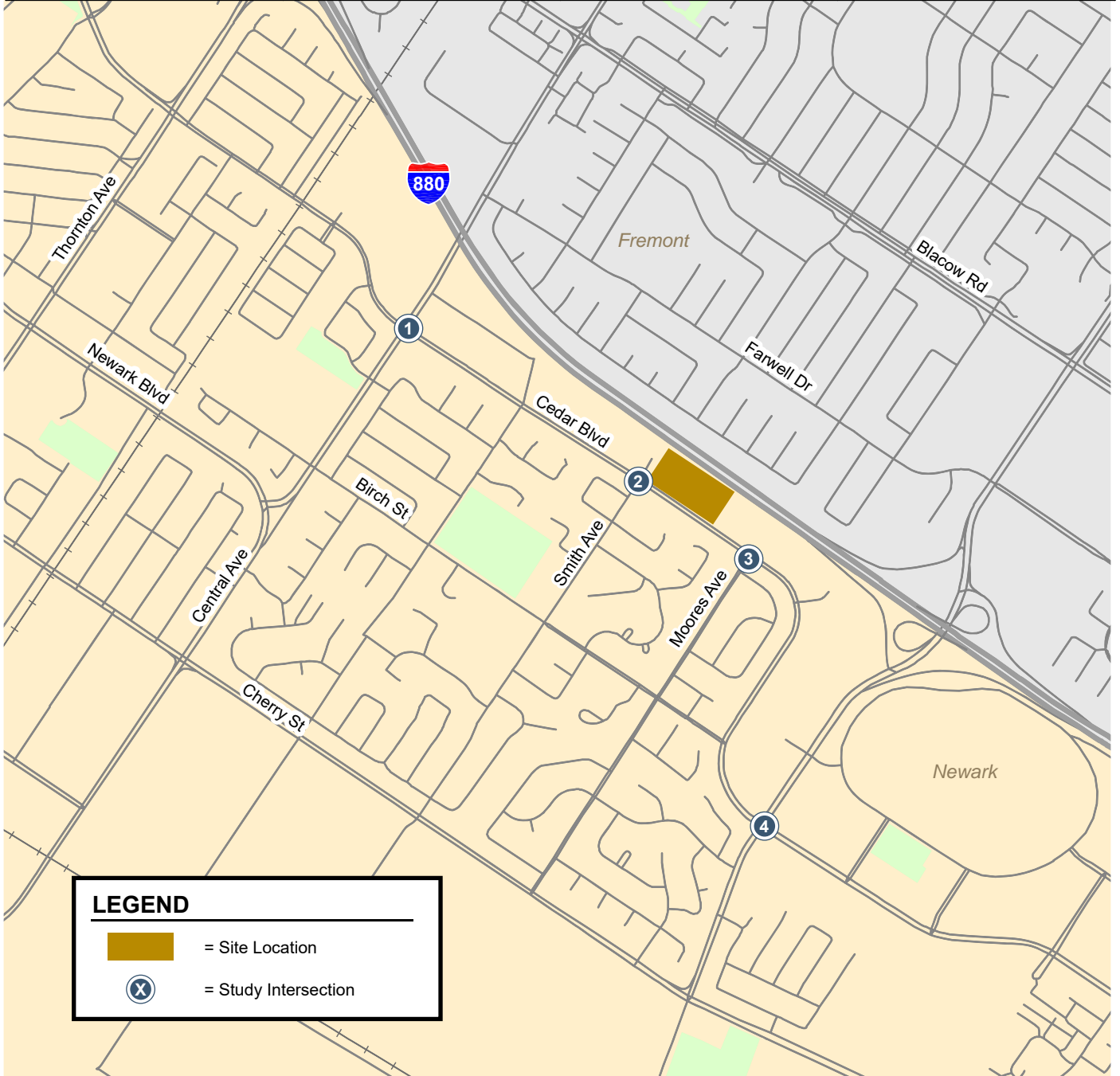


Figure 4
Existing Transit Services

38478 Cedar Blvd

<p>1</p> <p>Central Ave</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Smith Ave</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Moores Ave</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p>	<p>4</p> <p>Mowry Ave</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p>
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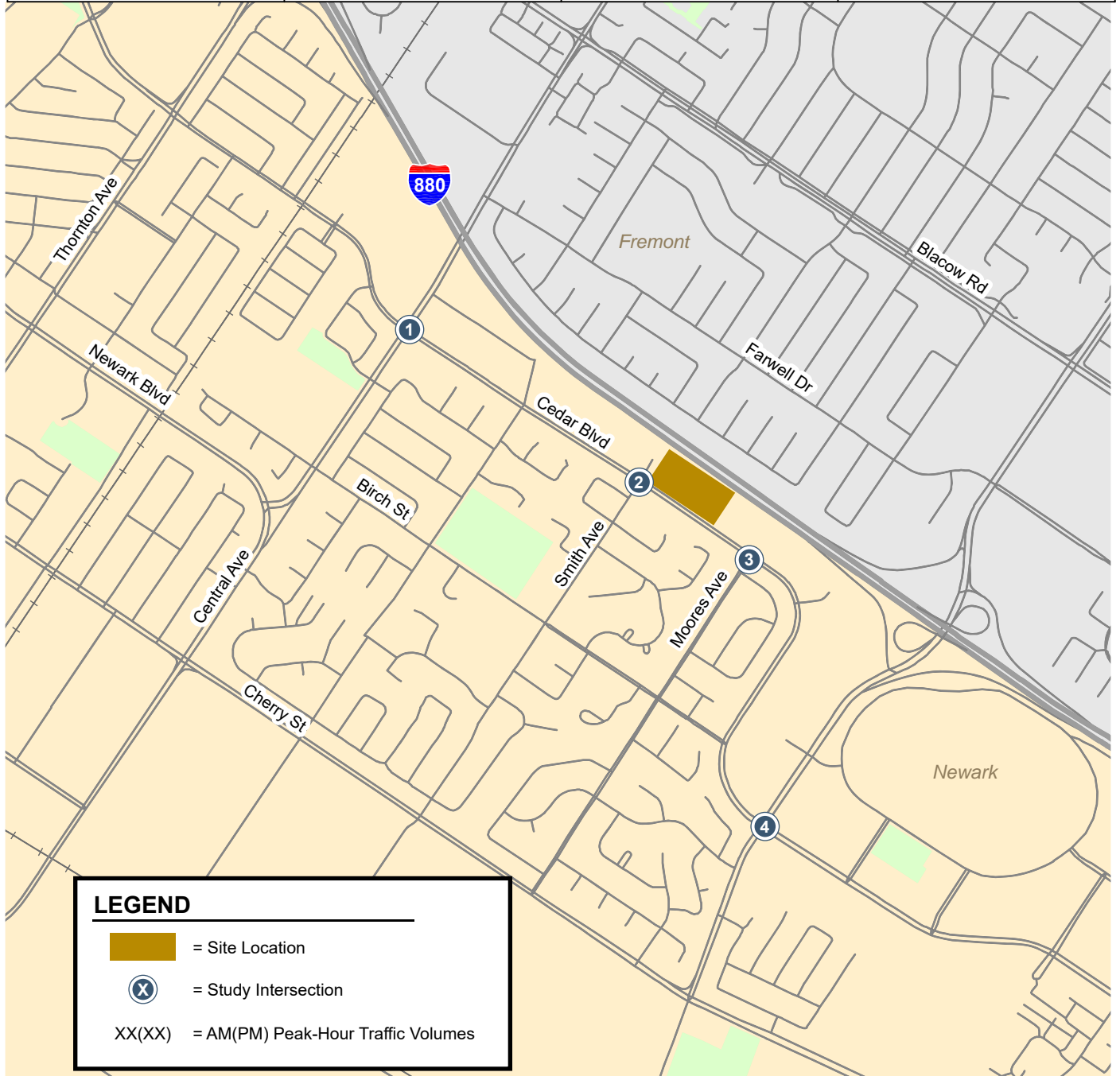
-  = Site Location
-  = Study Intersection

Figure 5
Existing Lane Configuration

38478 Cedar Blvd

<p>1</p> <p>Central Ave</p> <p>30(74) 154(251) 78(149)</p> <p>57(136) 130(219) 65(72)</p> <p>52(66) 199(316) 26(51)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>21(49) 111(274) 53(125)</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Smith Ave</p> <p>22(36) 251(339)</p> <p>18(32) 6(19)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>9(15) 151(436)</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Moores Ave</p> <p>8(30) 235(335) 5(0)</p> <p>5(3) 3(1)</p> <p>22(24) 5(5)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>3(8) 134(414) 2(1)</p>	<p>4</p> <p>Mowry Ave</p> <p>36(44) 136(210) 188(176)</p> <p>104(242) 565(387) 69(219)</p> <p>18(74) 407(592) 45(77)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>44(90) 52(251) 46(144)</p>
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-  = Site Location
-  = Study Intersection
- XX(XX) = AM(PM) Peak-Hour Traffic Volumes

Figure 6
Existing Traffic Volumes

38478 Cedar Blvd

<p>1</p> <p>Central Ave</p> <p>87(72) 578(373) 243(245)</p> <p>135(139) 272(252) 185(139)</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Smith Ave</p> <p>72(66) 883(519)</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Moore's Ave</p> <p>30(36) 904(580) 0(1)</p>	<p>4</p> <p>Mowry Ave</p> <p>112(47) 668(354) 391(219)</p> <p>135(327) 618(415) 127(309)</p>
<p>75(82) 288(497) 119(74)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>71(76) 345(426) 75(163)</p>	<p>79(54) 43(7)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>22(15) 421(622)</p>	<p>42(28) 8(4)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>3(2) 439(603)</p>	<p>28(116) 341(745) 243(166)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>177(178) 334(422) 109(195)</p>

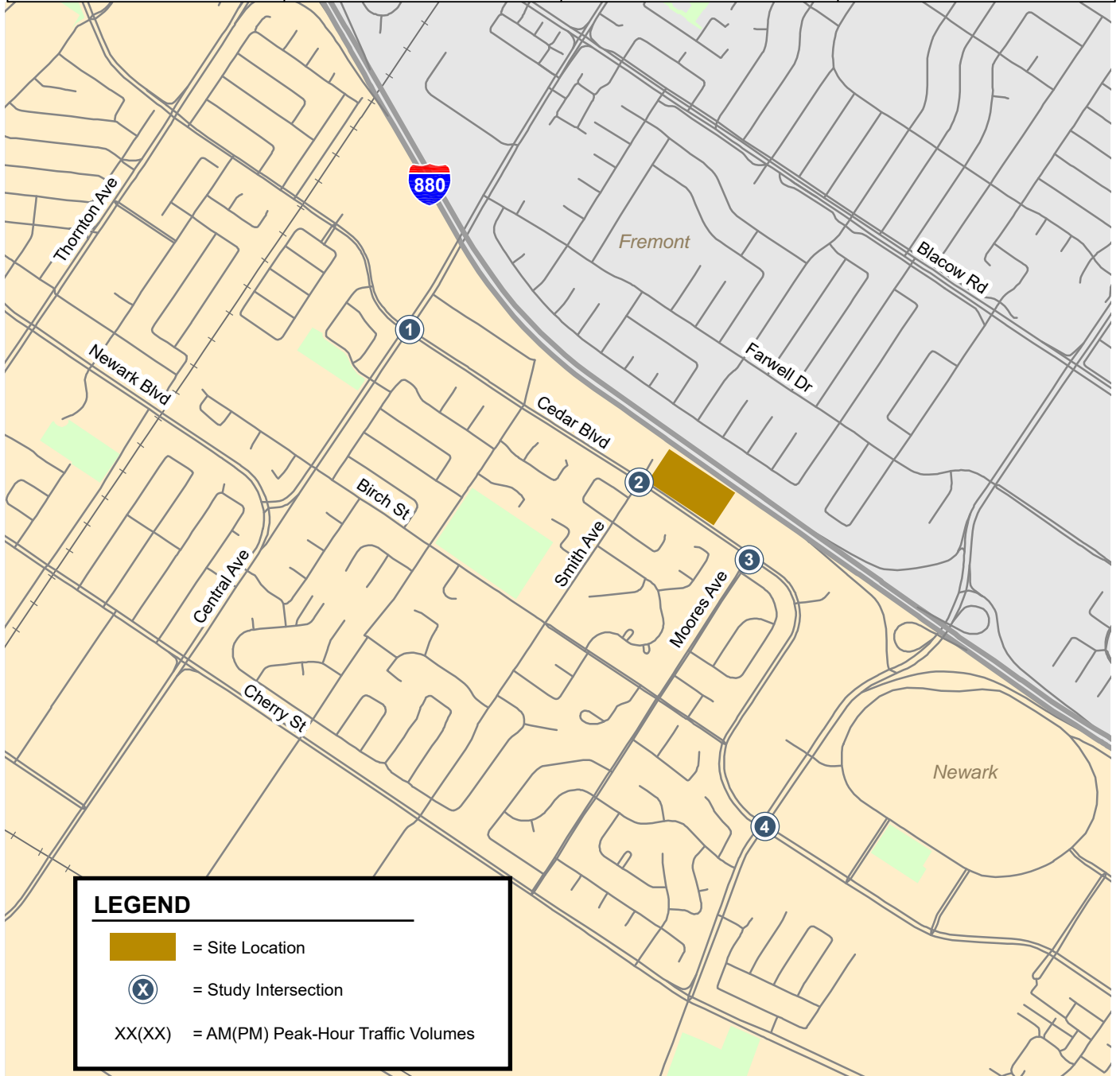


Figure 7
Existing (Factored) Traffic Volumes

Existing Intersection Levels of Service

The results of the analysis show that all of the study intersections operate at an acceptable level of service during both AM and PM peak hours (see Table 3). The intersection levels of service calculation sheets are included in Appendix C.

Table 3
Existing Intersection Level of Service

Study Number	Intersection	Existing Conditions				Existing Conditions (Factored)			
		Count Date	Peak Hour	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Count Date	Peak Hour	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS
1	Cedar Boulevard & Central Avenue	9/23/2020	AM	31.4	C	10/31/2012	AM	33.8	C
		9/23/2020	PM	28.3	C	10/31/2012	PM	30.1	C
2	Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue ^{1,2}	9/29/2020	AM	10.6	B	-	AM	34.7	D
		9/23/2020	PM	10.6	B	-	PM	19.9	C
3	Cedar Boulevard & Moores Avenue	9/23/2020	AM	10.0	A	5/22/2007	AM	3.2	A
		9/23/2020	PM	3.7	A	5/22/2007	PM	6.0	A
4	Cedar Boulevard & Mowry Avenue	9/23/2020	AM	22.8	C	4/10/2018	AM	27.2	C
		9/23/2020	PM	25.8	C	4/10/2018	PM	27.9	C

Note:

¹ Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue is a two-way stop-controlled intersection. Worst leg delay is reported.

² Existing Conditions (Factored) Count Date is taken from the General Plan Housing Element Update Traffic Impact Analysis Report, Prepared by Omni Means Engineers & Planners, April 2009.

3. Vehicle Miles Traveled

Senate Bill 743 (SB 743) was signed in 2013 and requires that, for land use projects, vehicle miles traveled (VMT) per capita, employee, or net VMT are to be used as metrics for transportation analysis. SB 743 requires lead agencies to implement its guidelines, requiring them to select a VMT methodology, choose significance thresholds, and determine feasible mitigation measures. VMT should be reduced to minimize the transportation impact a development has on a community. The goal of SB 743 is to encourage development that reduces VMT. SB 743 required VMT to be used as metrics for transportation analysis by July 2020. Additionally, level of service (LOS) would no longer be considered California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) impacts. To help guide lead agencies, the Office of Planning and Research (OPR) has published VMT-focused transportation impact guidelines in May 2020.

Since the City of Newark has not established standards regarding VMT, the Office of Planning and Research (OPR) recommends that new developments should utilize a threshold that is 15% below baseline (existing) conditions. For the purposes of analysis, it is assumed that the target threshold for new developments is 15% below baseline conditions within the City of Newark.

In accordance with SB 743, daily vehicle miles traveled (VMT) for the proposed project zone versus the average for the city of Newark were determined based on the Alameda Countywide Travel Model. The Alameda County Transportation Commission (ACTC) provides tabulated estimated calculations of VMT per resident in each Transportation Analysis Zone (TAZ) within the Alameda Countywide Travel Model. The ACTC provides an online mapping tool that allows users to locate the Transportation Analysis Zone (TAZ) in which a project is located.¹ The VMT calculations for the TAZ in which the project is located are considered to be representative of the project itself because the project (single family homes) is equivalent to the other residential development in the zone. Thus, there is no need to run the Alameda Countywide Travel Model for the project.

The project is located within TAZ 934 of the Alameda Countywide Travel Model. Table 4 shows a summary of Vehicle Miles Traveled per Capita, as reported from the VMT calculations using the Alameda Countywide Travel Model. The TAZ in which the project is located in is calculated to have an average daily VMT of 23.3 miles per resident for existing conditions (Year 2020) and 20.6 miles per resident for Year 2040.

¹ The online mapping tool and the tabulation of VMT per resident in each TAZ can be found on the ACTC website: <https://www.alamedactc.org/planning/sb743-vmt/>

Table 4
Vehicle Miles Traveled per Capita

	VMT/Capita	
	2020	2040
Project	23.3	20.6
Newark	22.6	20.4
Newark Target VMT (-15%)	19.2	17.3

The Alameda Countywide Travel Model reports the average daily VMT for the City of Newark to be 22.6 miles per resident for existing conditions and 20.4 miles per resident for Year 2040. Therefore, the target VMT for the proposed project should be 19.2 miles per resident, which is 15% below existing conditions. The Alameda County Transportation Commission (ACTC) has released a Mobility Management VMT Reduction Calculator Tool that calculates the change in VMT as a result of project design features and various Transportation Demand Management (TDM) strategies. The project’s TAZ and relevant project information were input to the appropriate tabs in the ACTC VMT Reduction Calculator. After inputting the project information into the ACTC VMT reduction calculator tool, the tool calculates that the project VMT would be 19.1 per resident, which is 18.1% lower than the baseline. The reason for the reduction is that the project would build homes at a higher density than typical in its area. A project that is designed with a higher density compared to average residential density results in shorter and fewer trips by single occupancy vehicles. The results of the ACTC VMT reduction calculator tool can be found in Appendix D. After applying an 18.1% reduction to existing VMT per resident, the project would be below the VMT target goal, and it can be concluded that the project would have a less than significant impact on VMT. Table 5 shows the summary of Vehicle Miles Traveled per Capita after applying the VMT reduction based on results from the ACTC VMT reduction calculator tool.

Table 5
Vehicle Miles Traveled

	VMT/Capita
	2020
Newark	22.6
Newark Target VMT (-15%)	19.2
Project (Based on Location)	23.3
Project (-18.1%)¹	19.1
<u>Notes:</u>	
¹ -18.1% reduction is based on results from the ACTC VMT Reduction Tool	

4. Existing Plus Project Conditions

This chapter describes traffic conditions with the project and includes: (1) the method by which project traffic is estimated and (2) a level of service summary. Existing plus project conditions are represented by existing traffic conditions with the addition of traffic generated by the project.

Roadway Network

It is assumed in this analysis that the transportation network under project conditions would be the same as the existing transportation network.

Project Trip Estimates

The magnitude of traffic produced by a new development and the locations where that traffic would appear were estimated using a three-step process: (1) trip generation, (2) trip distribution, and (3) trip assignment. In determining project trip generation, the magnitude of traffic traveling to and from the proposed mixed-use development was estimated for the AM and PM peak hours. As part of the project trip distribution, the directions to and from which the project trips would travel were estimated. In the project trip assignment, the project trips were assigned to specific streets and intersections. These procedures are described below.

Trip Generation

Through empirical research, data have been collected that indicate the amount of traffic that can be expected to be generated by many types of land uses. The standard trip generation rates can be applied to predict the future traffic increases that would result from a new development. The standard trip generation rates come from the publication titled Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Trip Generation, 10th Edition*.

Project trip generation was estimated by applying to the size and uses of the development by the appropriate trip generation rates obtained from the ITE *Trip Generation Manual, 10th Edition* (2017). The average trip generation rates for Single-Family Detached Housing (ITE Land Use 210) were applied to the project. Since the project consists of single-family homes and duplex townhomes, it is the most appropriate category.

Trips that are generated by the existing occupied buildings on the site were subtracted from the gross project trip generation estimates. Trip credits for the existing buildings were determined by driveway counts conducted on October 14, 2020. Some businesses were not open during the AM peak hour driveway counts. However, since it was observed that all of the business were open during the PM

peak hour, it can be concluded that the driveway counts are an accurate estimate of vehicle traffic to and from the project site. However, due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, these businesses operating at the existing site are likely to have reduced operations/customers. The existing driveway counts may be lower than that of pre-COVID conditions. However, the trip credits taken for the driveway counts conducted will serve as a conservative estimate of trips generated by the existing uses on-site.

Net Project Trips

Table 6 shows the trip generation estimates. After accounting for trip credits, the project is estimated to generate 819 new daily trips, with 72 net new trips (9 inbound and 63 outbound) during the AM peak hour and 88 net new trips (63 inbound and 25 outbound) during the PM peak hour.

**Table 6
Project Trip Generation Estimates**

Land Use	ITE Land Use Code	Size	Daily		AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour					
			Rate	Trip	Rate	In	Out	Total	Rate	In	Out	Total	
Proposed Uses													
Single Family and Duplex Homes ¹	210	127 Dwelling Units	9.44	1,199	0.74	24	70	94	0.99	79	47	126	
Existing Uses													
Various Uses ^{2,3}				(380)		(15)	(7)	(22)		(16)	(22)	(38)	
Total Project Trip				819		9	63	72		63	25	88	

Source: ITE Trip Generation Manual, 10th Edition 2017

Notes:

¹ Single-Family Detached Housing (ITE Land Use Code 210) was selected for the proposed use.

² Existing Trip Credits are based on driveway counts conducted on October 14, 2020.

³ Existing Daily Trips are estimated to be 10 times the PM Peak Hour trips.

Trip Distribution and Trip Assignment

The trip distribution pattern for the project was estimated based on existing travel patterns on the surrounding roadway system and the locations of complementary land uses. Since the local areas (non-freeway trips) north of the project site are more residential, and local areas to the south consist of more employment and retail uses, the trip distribution is skewed more towards the land uses south of the project area. The peak hour vehicle trips generated by the project were assigned to the roadway network in accordance with the trip distribution pattern. Given that the project site is located between two interchanges accessing I-880, it is assumed all traffic heading to/from southbound I-880 would utilize Mowry Avenue. It is assumed that 25% of traffic heading to/from northbound I-880 would utilize Mowry Avenue and 75% would utilize Thornton Avenue. Figure 8 shows the trip distribution pattern for the project site. Figure 9 shows the trip assignment.

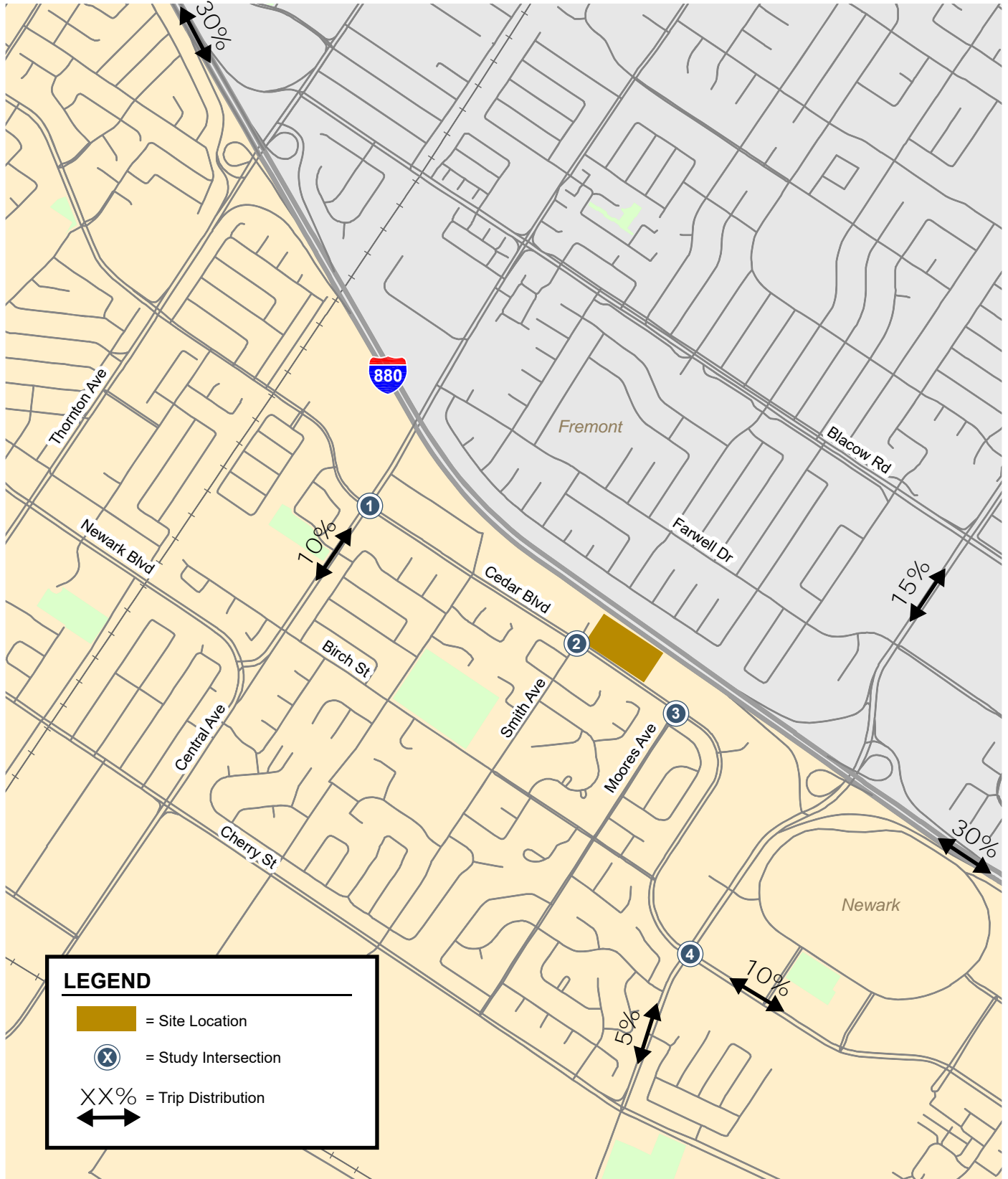
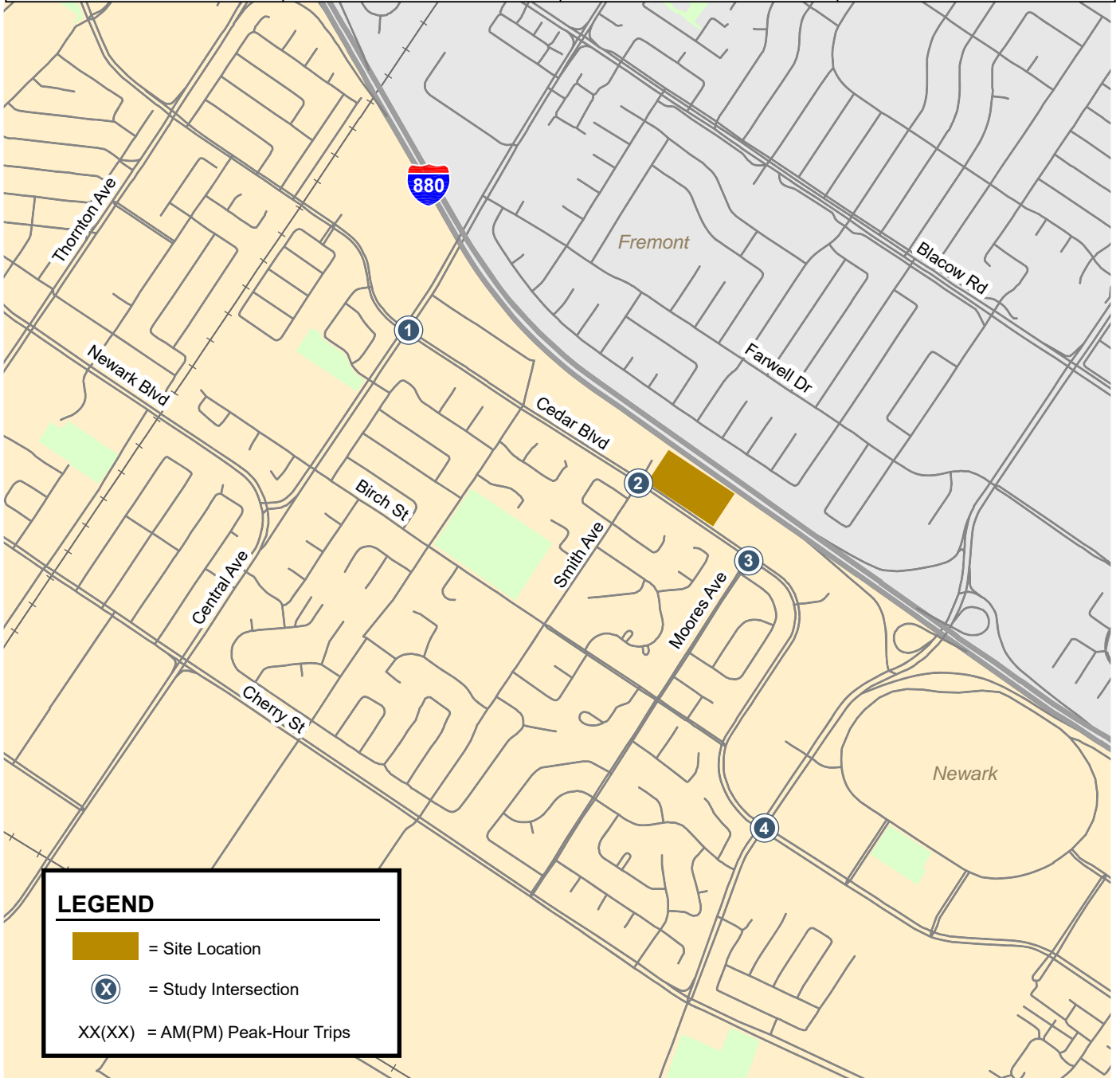


Figure 8
Trip Distribution

38478 Cedar Blvd

<p>1</p> <p>Central Ave</p> <p>2(14)</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Smith Ave</p> <p>3(20)</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Moore's Ave</p> <p>43(17)</p>	<p>4</p> <p>Mowry Ave</p> <p>3(1)</p> <p>6(3)</p> <p>33(13)</p> <p>5(33)</p>
<p>1(6)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>6(3)</p> <p>14(6)</p>	<p>20(8)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p>	<p>6(43)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p>	<p>0(3)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>1(6)</p>



LEGEND

- = Site Location
- X = Study Intersection
- XX(XX) = AM(PM) Peak-Hour Trips

Figure 9
Trip Assignment

Existing Plus Project Traffic Volumes

Project trips, as represented in the above project trip assignment, were added to existing traffic volumes to obtain existing plus project traffic volumes. The existing plus project traffic volumes are shown on Figure 10. The existing (factored) plus project traffic volumes are shown on Figure 11.

Existing Plus Project Intersection Analysis

Table 7 shows that all of the signalized study intersections would continue to operate at an acceptable level of service during both AM and PM peak hours. The intersection levels of service calculation sheets are included in Appendix B. Since the project would add trips to existing low-delay movements, there would be a decrease in overall average delay at some intersections. The worst leg delay at the unsignalized intersection of Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue would increase by 1 second during the AM peak hour and would degrade the level of service from LOS D to LOS E. The addition of project-generated trips would increase the average delay of the worst leg movement by 1 second. It should be noted that the City of Newark does not have a formal significance criterion for evaluating unsignalized intersections. Therefore, the level of service analysis for unsignalized intersections is presented for informational purposes only. Additional analyses (including a signal warrant analysis) for the unsignalized intersection are presented in Chapter 6.

Table 7
Existing Plus Project Intersection Level of Service

Study Number	Intersection	Peak Hour	Existing Conditions						Existing Conditions					
			No Project			With Project			No Project			With Project		
			Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Incr. in Critical Delay	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Incr. in Critical Delay	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Incr. in Critical Delay	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Incr. in Critical Delay
1	Cedar Boulevard & Central Avenue	AM	31.4	C	31.5	C	0.0	33.8	C	33.9	C	0.2		
		PM	28.3	C	28.3	C	0.2	30.1	C	30.1	C	0.0		
2	Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue ¹	AM	10.6	B	10.7	B	0.0	34.7	D	35.7	E	0.0		
		PM	10.6	B	12.9	B	0.0	19.9	C	20.5	C	0.0		
3	Cedar Boulevard & Moores Avenue	AM	10.0	A	9.0	A	-0.8	3.2	A	3.1	A	-0.1		
		PM	3.7	A	3.4	A	-0.2	6.0	A	5.7	A	-0.1		
4	Cedar Boulevard & Mowry Avenue	AM	22.8	C	23.5	C	1.0	27.2	C	27.3	C	0.4		
		PM	25.8	C	25.9	C	0.3	27.9	C	27.9	C	0.3		

Bold indicates a substandard level of service.

Note:

¹ Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue is a two-way stop-controlled intersection. The worst leg delay is reported.

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<p>1</p> <p>Central Ave</p> <p>30(74) 156(265) 78(149)</p> <p>57(136) 130(219) 65(72)</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Smith Ave</p> <p>22(36) 254(359)</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Moore's Ave</p> <p>8(30) 278(352) 5(0)</p> <p>5(3) 3(1)</p>	<p>4</p> <p>Mowry Ave</p> <p>39(45) 142(213) 221(189)</p> <p>109(275) 565(387) 69(219)</p>
<p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>52(66) 199(316) 27(57)</p> <p>27(52) 125(280) 53(125)</p>	<p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>18(32) 6(19)</p> <p>9(15) 171(444)</p>	<p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>22(24) 5(5)</p> <p>3(8) 140(457) 2(1)</p>	<p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>18(77) 407(592) 45(77)</p> <p>44(90) 53(257) 46(144)</p>

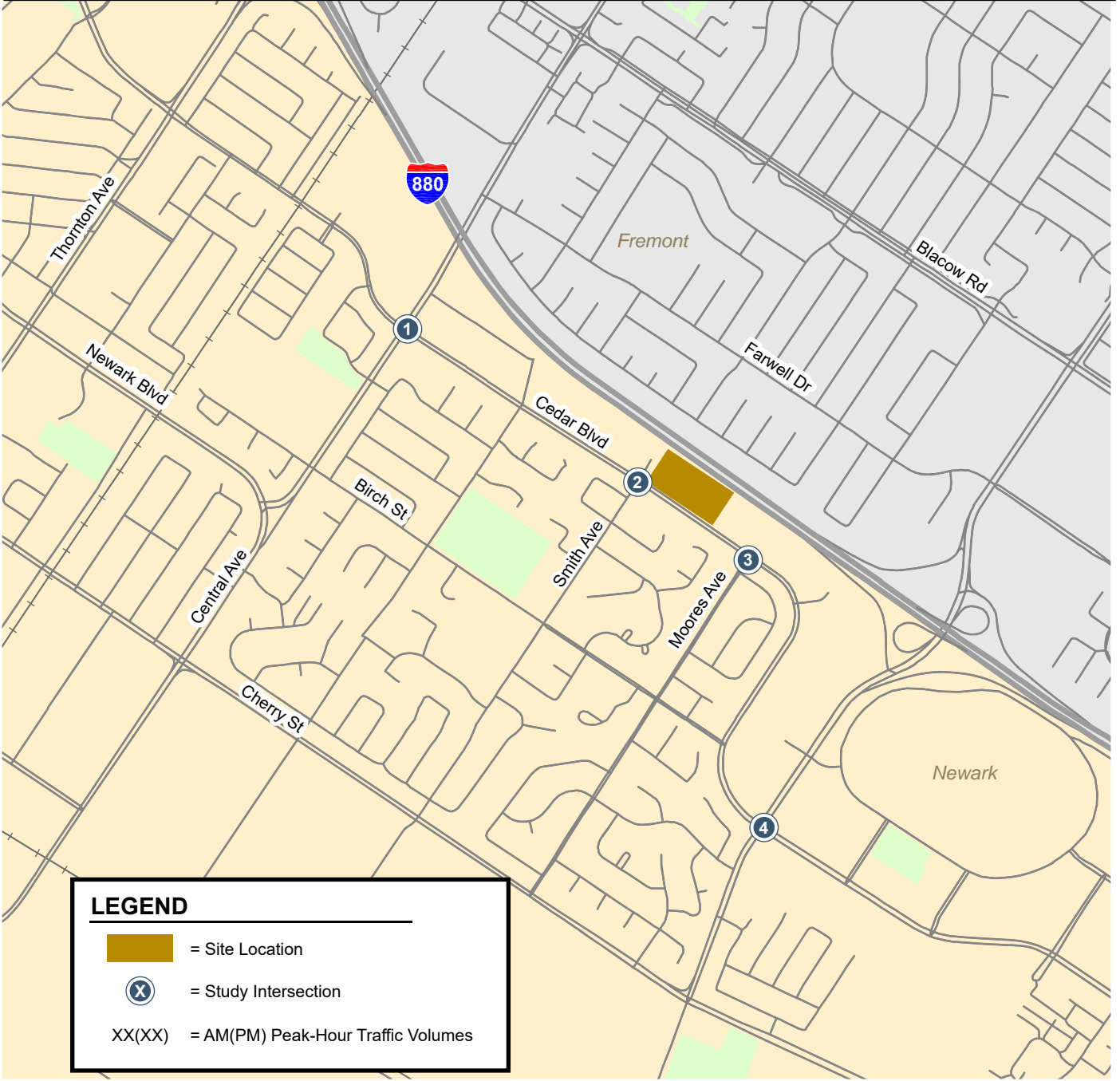


Figure 10
Existing Plus Project Traffic Volumes

38478 Cedar Blvd

<p>1</p> <p>Central Ave</p> <p>87(72) ↓ 580(387) ↓ 243(245) ↓</p> <p>135(139) ← 272(252) ← 185(139) ←</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Smith Ave</p> <p>72(66) ↓ 886(539) ↓</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Moore's Ave</p> <p>30(36) ↓ 947(597) ↓ 0(1) ↓</p>	<p>4</p> <p>Mowry Ave</p> <p>115(48) ↓ 674(357) ↓ 424(232) ↓</p> <p>140(360) ← 618(415) ← 127(309) ←</p>
<p>75(82) → 288(497) → 120(80) →</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>77(79) ← 359(432) ← 75(163) ←</p>	<p>79(54) →</p> <p>43(7) →</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>22(15) ← 441(630) ←</p>	<p>42(28) →</p> <p>8(4) →</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>3(2) ← 445(646) ←</p>	<p>28(119) → 341(745) → 243(166) →</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>177(178) ← 335(428) ← 109(195) ←</p>

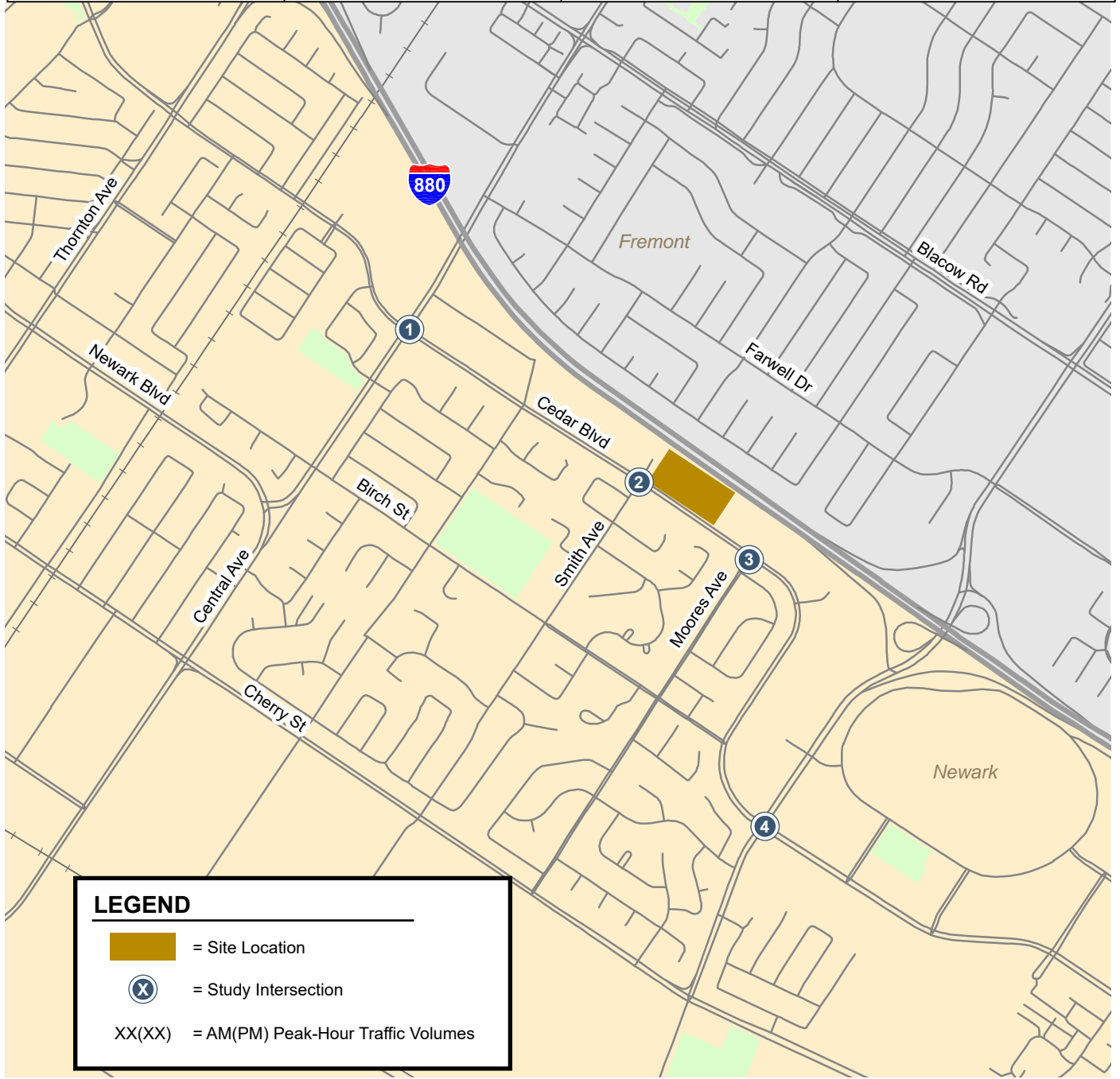


Figure 11
Existing (Factored) Plus Project Traffic Volumes

5. Cumulative Conditions

This chapter presents a summary of the traffic conditions that would occur under cumulative conditions with the proposed project. Cumulative conditions represent future traffic conditions with expected growth in the area. The expected future traffic volumes were obtained from the 2035 Newark General Plan traffic volumes.

Roadway Network and Traffic Volumes

The intersection lane configurations under cumulative conditions were assumed to be the same as described under existing conditions. Cumulative traffic volumes were taken from the 2035 General Plan traffic study. Traffic volume for the intersection of Cedar Boulevard & Moores Avenue is not included in the 2035 General Plan. Traffic volumes at this intersection were estimated by using the closest intersections. Based on the closest intersections, the intersection of Cedar Boulevard & Moores Avenue is calculated to have a growth factor of 1.36 and 1.54 for the AM and PM peak hours, respectively. The growth factors were calculated by comparing existing traffic volumes to cumulative scenario traffic volumes found in the 2035 General Plan. Calculations for estimating cumulative traffic volumes at the intersection of Cedar Boulevard & Moores Avenue can be found in Appendix A. Figure 12 shows the traffic volumes under cumulative conditions (no project). Figure 13 shows the traffic volumes under cumulative plus project conditions.

Intersection Levels of Service Analysis

The results of the level of service analysis under cumulative conditions show that most of the study intersections would operate at an acceptable level of service during both AM and PM peak hours (see Table 8). The intersection of Cedar Boulevard and Central Avenue would operate at LOS E during the PM peak hour. The addition of project trips would not adversely affect traffic operations at the intersection because these trips would not increase the average delay at the intersection by more than 5 seconds. The unsignalized intersection of Cedar Boulevard and Smith Avenue would operate at LOS F and LOS E, both with and without the project during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively. The City of Newark does not have operational standards for unsignalized intersections. The addition of project trips would not adversely affect traffic operations at the intersection because these trips would not increase average delay of the worst leg by more than 5 seconds. The proposed project would not add any trips to the stop-controlled leg of Smith Avenue and would add a small number of trips relative to projected traffic volumes along Cedar Boulevard. A signal warrant analysis is provided in Chapter 6 to determine whether the intersection should be evaluated for a change in traffic control. The intersection level of service calculation sheets are provided in Appendix B.

**Table 8
Cumulative Plus Project Intersection Level of Service**

Study Number	Intersection	Peak Hour	Cumulative Conditions					
			No Project		With Project			
			Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Critical Delay (sec)	Incr. In Crit. V/C
1	Cedar Boulevard & Central Avenue	AM	51.8	D	52.6	D	0.5	0.005
		PM	58.5	E	58.8	E	0.6	0.002
2	Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue ¹	AM	120+	F	120+	F	1.1	0.040
		PM	45.7	E	48.1	E	0.0	0.014
3	Cedar Boulevard & Moores Avenue	AM	3.5	A	3.4	A	-0.1	0.012
		PM	5.0	A	4.9	A	0.0	0.005
4	Cedar Boulevard & Mowry Avenue	AM	26.2	C	26.3	C	0.1	0.002
		PM	40.6	D	41.0	D	0.7	0.003

Bold indicates a substandard level of service.

Note:
¹ Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue is a two-way stop-controlled intersection. The worst leg delay is reported.

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<p>1</p> <p>Central Ave</p> <p>131(67) 864(458) 362(292)</p> <p>148(135) 632(511) 344(164)</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Smith Ave</p> <p>128(94) 1576(615)</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Moore's Ave</p> <p>41(56) 1231(896) 0(2)</p>	<p>4</p> <p>Mowry Ave</p> <p>366(64) 1064(366) 283(227)</p> <p>115(206) 840(292) 106(211)</p>
<p>64(187) 568(1134) 271(169)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>89(224) 328(546) 156(716)</p>	<p>119(48)</p> <p>86(6)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>20(22) 435(1420)</p>	<p>57(43)</p> <p>11(6)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>4(3) 598(931)</p>	<p>19(415) 392(788) 416(265)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>74(761) 86(1041) 73(151)</p>

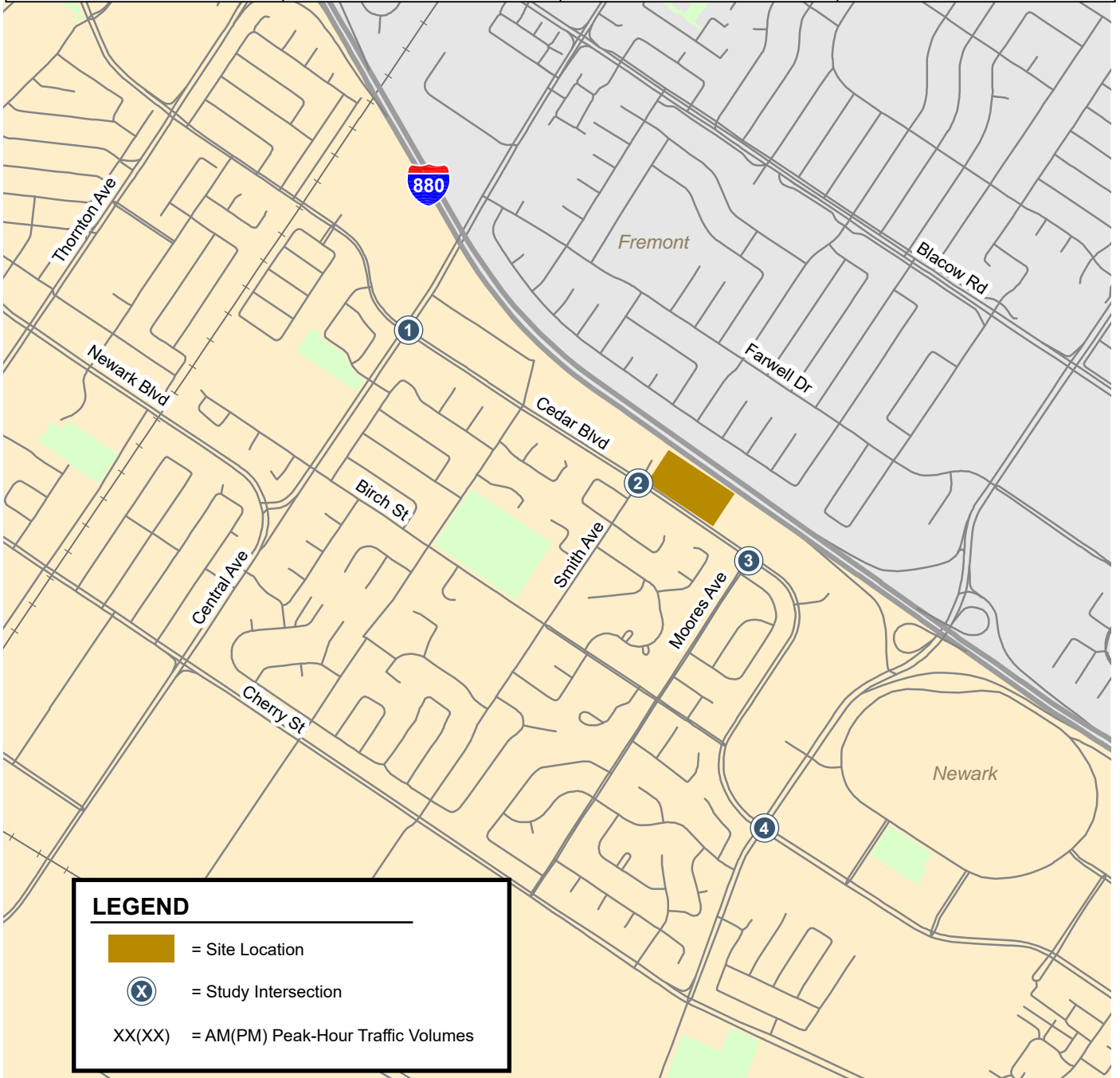


Figure 12
Cumulative Traffic Volumes

38478 Cedar Blvd

<p>1</p> <p>Central Ave</p> <p>131(67) 866(472) 362(292)</p> <p>148(135) 632(511) 344(164)</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Smith Ave</p> <p>128(94) 1579(635)</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Moore's Ave</p> <p>41(56) 1274(913) 0(2)</p>	<p>4</p> <p>Mowry Ave</p> <p>369(65) 1070(369) 316(240)</p> <p>120(239) 840(292) 106(211)</p>
<p>64(187) 568(1134) 272(175)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>95(227) 342(552) 156(716)</p>	<p>119(48)</p> <p>86(6)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>20(22) 455(1428)</p>	<p>57(43)</p> <p>11(6)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>4(3) 604(974)</p>	<p>19(418) 392(788) 416(265)</p> <p>Cedar Blvd</p> <p>74(761) 87(1047) 73(151)</p>

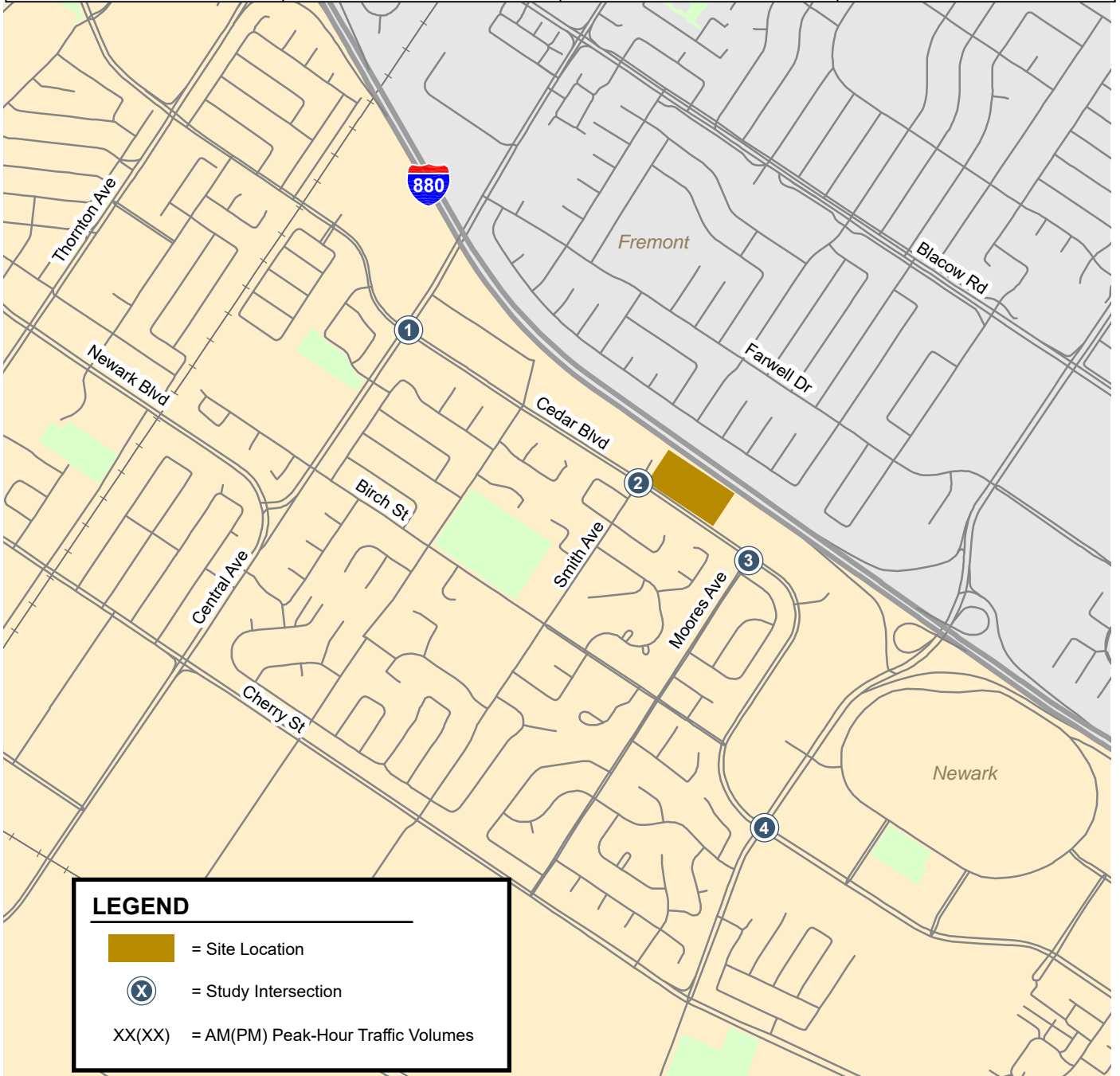


Figure 13
Cumulative Plus Project Traffic Volumes

6. Other Transportation Issues

This chapter presents other transportation issues associated with the project. These include an analysis of:

- Signal warrants
- Intersection queuing analysis
- Site access and circulation
- Truck access and circulation
- Parking analysis
- Potential impacts to pedestrian, bicycle, and transit facilities

The analyses in this chapter are based on professional judgement in accordance with the standards and methods employed by traffic engineering professionals. Although operational issues are not considered CEQA impacts, they do describe traffic conditions that are relevant to describing the effects of added project traffic.

Signal Warrant Analysis

A signal warrant check (*MUTCD 2014 edition, Section 4C, Warrant 3*) was conducted for the unsignalized study intersection of Cedar Boulevard and Smith Avenue based on the peak-hour traffic warrant. The minor street threshold is 100 vehicles for a single lane minor road.

For the signal warrant analysis, Cedar Boulevard was considered the major street, while Smith Avenue was considered the minor road. Additionally, the City has recently conducted a speed study along Cedar Boulevard that shows the average vehicle speed along Cedar Boulevard in the vicinity of the intersection is 44 mph. Therefore, 70% factor values were used for the evaluation of signal warrants. The analysis revealed that the signal warrant is met under the Existing AM (Factored) and Cumulative AM peak hour scenarios. The project would not add any trips to the minor road approach and would add a small number of trips relative to the existing and estimated future volume along Cedar Boulevard. The project would not change traffic operations at this intersection in any noticeable way. The peak-hour signal warrant calculation sheets can be found in Appendix E.

Since the peak-hour signal warrant was met under the existing (factored) scenario, a supplemental signal warrant analysis was conducted in September 2021 to provide city staff with information to determine whether a signal should be installed. The following signal warrants were analyzed using data collected in September 2021:

- Warrant 1 – Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 2 – Four-Hour Vehicular Volume

- Warrant 3 – Peak Hour
- Warrant 4 – Pedestrian Volume
- Warrant 5 – School Crossing
- Warrant 7 – Crash Experience

The supplemental signal warrant analysis memo to City of Newark staff can be found in Appendix F. The MUTCD notes that the satisfaction of a traffic signal warrant or warrants shall not itself require the installation of a traffic control signal. Therefore, the analysis presented in the signal warrant analyses is for informational purposes for City of Newark staff to determine whether a traffic signal should be installed at the intersection.

The results of the supplemental signal warrant analysis finds that the peak-hour warrant (Warrant 3) is met. Warrants 1, 2, 4, 5, and 7 are not met based on roadway volume data, peak-hour turning movement counts, and historical crash data. Since the peak-hour warrant is met, the installation of a traffic signal at the intersection should be considered.

Recommendation: The project should coordinate with city staff to determine whether a signal should be installed at the intersection of Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue.

Intersection Queueing Analysis

The operations analysis is based on vehicle queuing for turning movements where the project would add at least 10 new peak-hour trips (see Table 9). The following turn movements were examined as part of the queuing analysis for this project:

- Left turn from southbound Cedar Boulevard to eastbound Mowry Avenue (AM)
- Right turn from westbound Mowry Avenue to northbound Cedar Boulevard (PM)

Locations where the vehicular queues would be deficient are discussed below.

Cedar Boulevard and Mowry Avenue

Under all scenarios, the Cedar Boulevard and Mowry Avenue intersection was calculated to have insufficient storage for the southbound left turn movement during the AM peak hour. Since the southbound left turn movement exceeds the storage capacity during the heaviest cycles under existing conditions, the City of Newark should consider adding additional storage for the southbound left turn pocket at Cedar Boulevard and Mowry Avenue. A portion of the existing median could be removed to accommodate additional storage space.

Under existing and cumulative conditions, the project would add one vehicle to the southbound left turn maximum queue. The applicant should discuss with the City of Newark whether the left-turn pocket length should be extended.

Recommendation: Since the project would add trips to a left-turn pocket that already has insufficient storage capacity during the heaviest cycles, the project should discuss with the City of Newark whether the left turn pocket should be extended.

Table 9
Queuing Analysis

Measurement	Cedar Boulevard & Mowry Avenue	Cedar Boulevard & Mowry Avenue
	SBL	WBR
	AM	PM
Existing		
Cycle/Delay ¹ (sec)	90	90
Volume (vphpl)	188	242
95th % Queue (veh/ln.)	9	10
95th % Queue (ft./ln.) ²	225	250
Storage (ft./ ln.)	200	600
Adequate (Y/N)	N	Y
Existing Plus Project		
Cycle/Delay ¹ (sec)	90	90
Volume (vphpl)	221	275
95th % Queue (veh/ln.)	10	11
95th % Queue (ft./ln.) ²	250	275
Storage (ft./ ln.)	200	600
Adequate (Y/N)	N	Y
Existing (Factored)		
Cycle/Delay ¹ (sec)	90	90
Volume (vphpl)	391	327
95th % Queue (veh/ln.)	15	13
95th % Queue (ft./ln.) ²	375	325
Storage (ft./ ln.)	200	600
Adequate (Y/N)	N	Y
Existing (Factored) Plus Project		
Cycle/Delay ¹ (sec)	90	90
Volume (vphpl)	424	360
95th % Queue (veh/ln.)	16	14
95th % Queue (ft./ln.) ²	400	350
Storage (ft./ ln.)	200	600
Adequate (Y/N)	N	Y
Cumulative		
Cycle/Delay ¹ (sec)	90	90
Volume (vphpl)	283	206
95th % Queue (veh/ln.)	12	13
95th % Queue (ft./ln.) ²	300	325
Storage (ft./ ln.)	200	600
Adequate (Y/N)	N	Y
Cumulative Plus Project		
Cycle/Delay ¹ (sec)	90	90
Volume (vphpl)	316	239
95th % Queue (veh/ln.)	13	13
95th % Queue (ft./ln.) ²	325	325
Storage (ft./ ln.)	200	600
Adequate (Y/N)	N	Y

Notes:
SBL = southbound left movement, WBR = westbound right movement.
¹ Vehicle queue calculations based on cycle length for signalized intersections and control delay for unsignalized intersections.
² Assumes 25 Feet Per Vehicle Queued.

Site Access and Circulation

The site access and on-site circulation evaluation is based on the July 29, 2021 site plan prepared by Ruggeri Jensen Azar. Site access was evaluated to determine the adequacy of the site's driveways with regard to the following: traffic volume, delays, vehicle queues, geometric design, and sight distance. On-site vehicular circulation was reviewed in accordance with generally accepted traffic engineering standards and transportation planning principles.

Project Driveway Design

The proposed driveways measure approximately 28 to 29 feet in width, providing adequate width for a two-way driveway. The project plans do not show any entry control device. Therefore, it is unlikely there will be any queuing for inbound traffic. Some minor on-site vehicle queuing for exiting vehicles may occur due to the random occurrence of gaps in traffic along Cedar Boulevard.

Sight Distance

Sight distance was checked for the proposed driveways. Sight distance requirements vary depending on the roadway speeds. The posted speed limit along Cedar Boulevard is 35 mph. Therefore, the Caltrans stopping sight distance for both driveways is 300 feet (based on a design speed of 40 mph). The project plans do not show any landscaping or signage that would impede the vision of exiting drivers. Since drivers would have adequate sight distance and there are no obstructions, it can be concluded that exiting drivers would have adequate sight distance.

Project Driveway Operations

The project-generated gross trips that are estimated to occur at the project driveways are 24 inbound, 70 outbound during the AM peak hour and 79 inbound, 47 outbound during the PM peak hour. In a worse-case scenario where all vehicles utilize one driveway, the 70 outbound trips in the AM peak hour is equivalent to approximately one vehicle exiting every 50 seconds. Because of the fairly low project trips at the driveways and moderate volume on Cedar Boulevard, vehicles will easily be able to exit the project driveways. Vehicles turning right onto the project site from Cedar Boulevard may block the travel lane momentarily due to vehicles slowing down to turn into the driveway, but this is unlikely to have a significant effect on traffic operations. The project proposes a southbound left-turn pocket in a newly constructed median along Cedar Boulevard. The proposed left-turn pocket is expected to provide enough storage space for inbound vehicles. Some minor queuing may occur due to the unpredictability of oncoming vehicles, but since there is an upstream signal at Cedar Boulevard and Moores Avenue, vehicles would be able to find a gap in traffic.

A level of service analysis was conducted for project driveway operations using Synchro software. The driveway would create an unsignalized intersection with Cedar Boulevard. It is assumed that the project driveway leg is controlled with a stop sign. Table 10 summarizes the delay and corresponding level of service of the project driveway and the proposed left-turn pocket along Cedar Boulevard. The results show that under cumulative conditions, exiting vehicles would experience an average delay of 37.9 seconds and 85.9 seconds during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively. However, since the exiting volume is relatively low, the 95th percentile queue length would be less than 2 vehicles during both peak hours. Additionally, if left-turning vehicles experience long delays, they have the option to make a right-turn onto Cedar Boulevard and a U-turn at Smith Avenue. Alternatively, the proposed median along Cedar Boulevard could be modified to provide a merging lane for left-turning vehicles from the project driveway onto southbound Cedar Boulevard. By providing a merging lane, vehicles would be able to make a left turn once there is a gap in northbound traffic.

Table 10
Project Driveway Level of Service

Intersection	Peak Hour	Existing with Project		Existing (Factored) with Project		Cumulative with Project	
		Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS	Avg. Delay (sec)	LOS
Cedar Boulevard & Project Driveway	AM	10.6	B	20.1	C	37.9	E
	PM	14.4	B	19.5	C	85.9	F

Bold indicates a substandard level of service.

Note:
Cedar Boulevard & Project Driveway is a two-way stop-controlled intersection. The worst leg delay is reported.

Recommendation: The project should coordinate with city staff to determine whether a left turn median refuge along Cedar Boulevard from the project driveway should be installed.

Parking

The City of Newark Zoning Code (Chapter 17.23) requires single-unit dwellings and two-unit dwellings with two or more bedrooms to provide two parking spaces per unit. Since the project proposes a two-car garage on the ground level of each residence, the proposed parking is adequate. Additionally, the site plan shows 61 parking spaces for guests. The Zoning Code does not require guest parking for single-unit dwellings. The provided guest parking is compliant with the zoning code and would be beneficial for visitors and guests.

On-Site Circulation

On-site vehicular circulation was reviewed in accordance with the City of Newark Zoning Code and generally accepted traffic engineering standards. Generally, the proposed site plan would provide vehicle traffic with adequate connectivity through the parking areas. The preliminary site plan shows minimum 20-foot drive aisles throughout the project site. The site plan shows several dead-ends. However, the dead ends lead to residents’ garages only. Signage should be posted at the entrance to dead-end aisles.

The project would provide parking within ground level garages in each residence. The site plan shows a two-car garage on the ground level of each residence. The project proposes 20-foot minimum drive aisles throughout the project site. Each residence also shows a 3 to 4-foot driveway in front of each garage. Therefore, residents should have adequate space to back out of their garages.

The site plan provides adequate pedestrian circulation throughout the site, as well as between the site and the surrounding pedestrian facilities. The site plan shows some pedestrian walkways leading to access roads.

Recommendation: Signage stating “NO OUTLET”, or similar, should be provided at dead-end aisles.

Truck Access and Circulation

Trash is to be stored adjacent to each unit in a fenced area. The trash pick-up plan shows that residents will wheel trash bins to designated locations in-front-of or behind their residences on trash pick-up days. Trash vehicles would need to back out of dead-end drive aisles on trash pick-up days. The 20-foot access roads provide adequate circulation for trash and emergency vehicles.

The fire access plan provided by Ruggeri Jensen Azar shows that all buildings are within 150' of a fire hydrant or a wharf hydrant. Additionally, the plan shows adequate access and turn radii for City of Newark fire trucks.

Pedestrian, Bicycle, and Transit Analysis

Pedestrian Facilities

Pedestrian facilities in the study area consist of sidewalks, crosswalks, and pedestrian signals at signalized intersections (see Chapter 2 for details). The project proposes to construct a new 5-foot wide sidewalk along its frontage on Cedar Boulevard. Additionally, the project proposes to work with the City of Newark for a new cross-section along Cedar Boulevard. Since a design has not been finalized, it is unknown as to whether any new pedestrian facilities will be constructed. The existing sidewalks and crosswalks provide adequate access to transit and nearby points of interest.

Bicycle Facilities

There are some bicycle facilities in the immediate vicinity of the project site (see Chapter 2 for details). In the project vicinity, the City of Newark Pedestrian and Bicycle Master Plan proposes to construct Class III bicycle boulevards along Smith Avenue and Moores Avenue. The project would not remove any bicycle facilities, nor would it conflict with any adopted plans or policies for new bicycle facilities. Any off-site modifications to the bike lanes along Cedar Boulevard would be restriped in a new cross-section design.

Transit Services

The project site is served by two local bus routes (see Chapter 2 for details). A bus stop for the two local bus routes is located along the project frontage. Since the project would reconstruct the sidewalk along its frontage, the existing bus stop should be replaced at a similar location. Assuming a conservative estimate of up to 10% of the total trips are made by transit, that translates to approximately 7-9 new transit riders during the peak hours. Route 200 runs on a 20-minute headway, and Route 232 runs on a one-hour headway during peak commute hours. If it is assumed each bus has approximately 50 seats per bus, this equates to 200 seats per hour in each direction, totaling 400 seats per hour. The conservative estimate of 9 new transit riders during the peak hour represents approximately a 2% increase in ridership-to-capacity.

The AC Transit website also provides live transit arrival times for each stop and the ridership-to-capacity expectations for each route. The three ridership-to-capacity expectations consists of low, moderate, and busy. For the two routes that serve the project site (Routes 200 and 232), all times were observed to have shown "low" ridership at all times during peak hours on weekdays. Due to the relatively low ridership indication, the existing bus service is expected to have sufficient capacity to accommodate new riders as a result of the project. The project would not remove any transit facilities, nor would it conflict with any adopted plans or policies associated with new transit facilities.

38478 Cedar Boulevard
Technical Appendices

Appendix A

Volume Adjustment Calculations

Existing Volumes from previous counts - AM

Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	Count Year	Years to Today (y)	Compounded Growth Factor (f)
1	61	296	64	208	496	75	64	247	102	159	233	116	2012	8	1.1662
2	18	341	0	0	715	58	64	0	35	0	0	0	2009	11	1.2354
3	2	342	0	0	704	23	33	0	6	0	0	0	2007	13	1.2837
4	170	321	105	376	643	108	27	328	234	122	595	130	2018	2	1.0392

Existing (Factored) Volumes - AM

Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR
1	71	345	75	243	578	87	75	288	119	185	272	135
2	22	421	0	0	883	72	79	0	43	0	0	0
3	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
4	177	334	109	391	668	112	28	341	243	127	618	135

$$f = 1 + (p)^y$$

where: f = growth factor
 p = growth rate (1.94% or 1.47%)
 y = years

Existing Volumes from previous counts - PM

Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	Count Year	Years to Today (y)	Compounded Growth Factor (f)
1	68	379	145	218	332	64	73	442	66	124	224	124	2012	8	1.1662
2	13	530	0	0	442	56	46	0	6	0	0	0	2009	11	1.2354
3	2	499	0	1	480	30	23	0	3	0	0	0	2007	13	1.2837
4	173	410	189	213	344	46	113	724	161	300	403	318	2018	2	1.0392

Existing (Factored) Volumes - PM

Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR
1	79	442	169	254	387	75	85	515	77	145	261	145
2	16	655	0	0	546	69	57	0	7	0	0	0
3	3	641	0	1	616	39	30	0	4	0	0	0
4	180	426	196	221	357	48	117	752	167	312	419	330

$$f = 1 + (p)^y$$

where: f = growth factor
 p = growth rate (1.94% or 1.47%)
 y = years

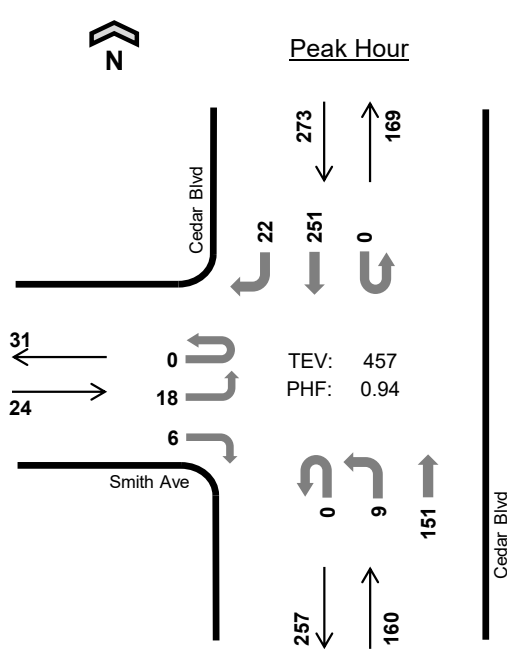
Cumulative Volumes General Plan - AM														Existing (Factored) Total	Compounded Growth Factor (f)
Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	Total		
2	20	435	0	0	1576	128	119	0	86	0	0	0	2364	1520	1.5553
4	74	86	73	283	1064	366	19	392	416	106	840	115	3834	3283	1.1678
														Average:	1.3615
Existing (Factored) Volumes - AM															
Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR			
3	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0			
Cumulative Volumes (Calculated) - AM															
Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR			
3	4	598	0	0	1231	41	57	0	11	0	0	0			

Cumulative Volumes General Plan - PM														Existing (Factored) Total	Compounded Growth Factor (f)
Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	Total		
2	22	1420	0	0	615	94	48	0	6	0	0	0	2205	1283	1.7186
4	761	1041	151	227	366	64	415	788	265	211	292	206	4787	3493	1.3705
														Average:	1.5445
Existing (Factored) Volumes - PM															
Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR			
3	2	603	0	1	580	36	28	0	4	0	0	0			
Cumulative Volumes (Calculated) - PM															
Int #	NBL	NBT	NBT	SBL	SBT	SBR	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR			
3	3	931	0	2	896	56	43	0	6	0	0	0			

Appendix B

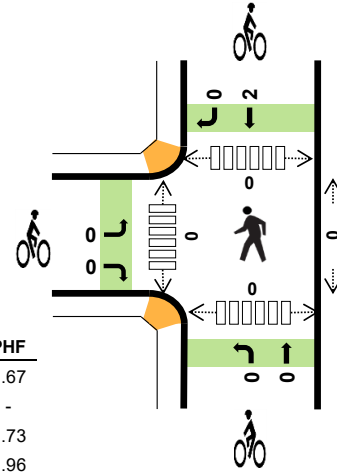
Traffic Counts

Cedar Blvd Smith Ave



Date: 09/29/2020
 Count Period: 7:00 AM to 9:00 AM
 Peak Hour: 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM

	HV %:	PHF
EB	8.3%	0.67
WB	-	-
NB	4.4%	0.73
SB	4.4%	0.96
TOTAL	4.6%	0.94



Two-Hour Count Summaries

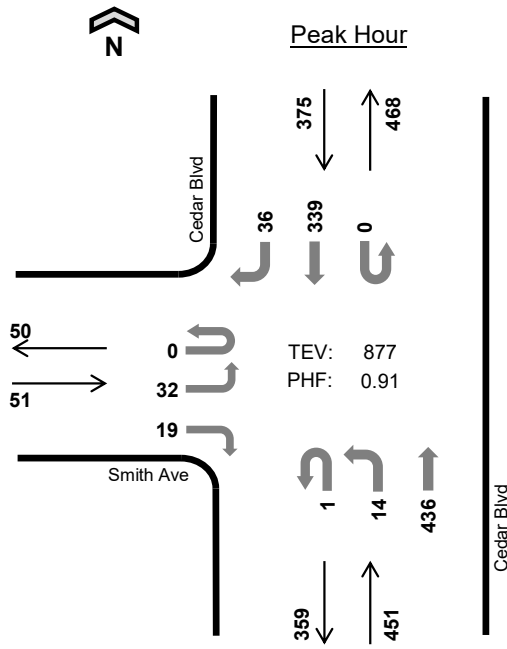
Interval Start	Smith Ave				n/a				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour	
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound						
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT			
7:00 AM	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	21	2	35	0	
7:15 AM	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	16	0	0	0	40	3	65	0	
7:30 AM	0	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	54	5	91	0	
7:45 AM	0	8	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	23	0	0	0	60	6	105	296	
8:00 AM	0	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	28	0	0	0	60	7	107	368	
8:15 AM	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	37	0	0	0	66	5	115	418	
8:30 AM	0	6	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	64	6	113	440	
8:45 AM	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	51	0	0	0	61	4	122	457	
Count Total	0	37	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	11	222	0	0	0	426	38	753	0	
Peak Hour	All	0	18	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	9	151	0	0	0	251	22	457	0
	HV	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	10	2	21	0
	HV%	-	11%	-	0%	-	-	-	-	-	0%	5%	-	-	-	4%	9%	5%	0

Note: Two-hour count summary volumes include heavy vehicles but exclude bicycles in overall count.

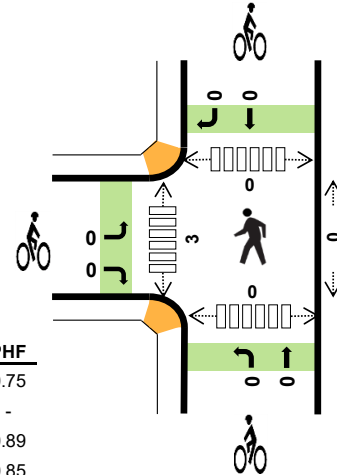
Interval Start	Heavy Vehicle Totals					Bicycles					Pedestrians (Crossing Leg)				
	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	East	West	North	South	Total
7:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
7:15 AM	0	0	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:30 AM	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
7:45 AM	0	0	2	2	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
8:00 AM	0	0	1	6	7	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
8:15 AM	0	0	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:30 AM	2	0	3	2	7	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
8:45 AM	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Count Total	2	0	12	18	32	1	0	2	3	6	0	0	0	0	0
Peak Hr	2	0	7	12	21	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0

Two-Hour Count Summaries - Heavy Vehicles																		
Interval Start	Smith Ave				n/a				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound					
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT		
7:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	4	0
7:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	0
7:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	4	11
8:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	7	18
8:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	4	18
8:30 AM	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	7	22
8:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	21
Count Total	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	16	2	32	0
Peak Hour	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	10	2	21	0
Two-Hour Count Summaries - Bikes																		
Interval Start	Smith Ave			n/a			Cedar Blvd			Cedar Blvd			15-min Total	Rolling One Hour				
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound								
	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT						
7:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
7:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0
7:45 AM	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
8:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	4
8:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
8:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3
8:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Count Total	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	6	0
Peak Hour	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
<i>Note: U-Turn volumes for bikes are included in Left-Turn, if any.</i>																		

Cedar Blvd Smith Ave



Date: 09/23/2020
Count Period: 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM
Peak Hour: 5:00 PM to 6:00 PM



	HV %:	PHF
EB	2.0%	0.75
WB	-	-
NB	1.3%	0.89
SB	2.1%	0.85
TOTAL	1.7%	0.91

Two-Hour Count Summaries

Interval Start	Smith Ave				n/a				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour	
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound						
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT			
4:00 PM	0	9	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	96	0	0	0	69	11	190	0	
4:15 PM	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	89	0	0	0	63	10	176	0	
4:30 PM	0	9	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	88	0	0	0	87	10	199	0	
4:45 PM	0	9	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	5	85	0	0	0	75	9	193	758	
5:00 PM	0	9	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	3	123	0	0	0	86	12	241	809	
5:15 PM	0	10	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	2	107	0	0	0	63	9	195	828	
5:30 PM	0	8	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	3	97	0	0	0	100	10	224	853	
5:45 PM	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	109	0	0	0	90	5	217	877	
Count Total	0	67	0	35	0	0	0	0	1	29	794	0	0	0	633	76	1,635	0	
Peak Hour	All	0	32	0	19	0	0	0	0	1	14	436	0	0	0	339	36	877	0
	HV	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	8	0	15	0
	HV%	-	3%	-	0%	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	1%	-	-	-	2%	0%	2%	0

Note: Two-hour count summary volumes include heavy vehicles but exclude bicycles in overall count.

Interval Start	Heavy Vehicle Totals					Bicycles					Pedestrians (Crossing Leg)				
	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	East	West	North	South	Total
4:00 PM	0	0	2	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
4:15 PM	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:30 PM	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:45 PM	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
5:00 PM	0	0	1	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
5:15 PM	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
5:30 PM	1	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5:45 PM	0	0	3	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Count Total	1	0	13	13	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	7
Peak Hr	1	0	6	8	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3

Two-Hour Count Summaries - Heavy Vehicles																		
Interval Start	Smith Ave				n/a				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound					
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT		
4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	5	0
4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	0
4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	12
5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	4	11
5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	9
5:30 PM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	9
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	0	7	15
Count Total	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	13	0	27	0
Peak Hour	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	8	0	15	0

Two-Hour Count Summaries - Bikes																	
Interval Start	Smith Ave			n/a			Cedar Blvd			Cedar Blvd			15-min Total	Rolling One Hour			
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound							
	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT					
4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Count Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Peak Hour	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note: U-Turn volumes for bikes are included in Left-Turn, if any.

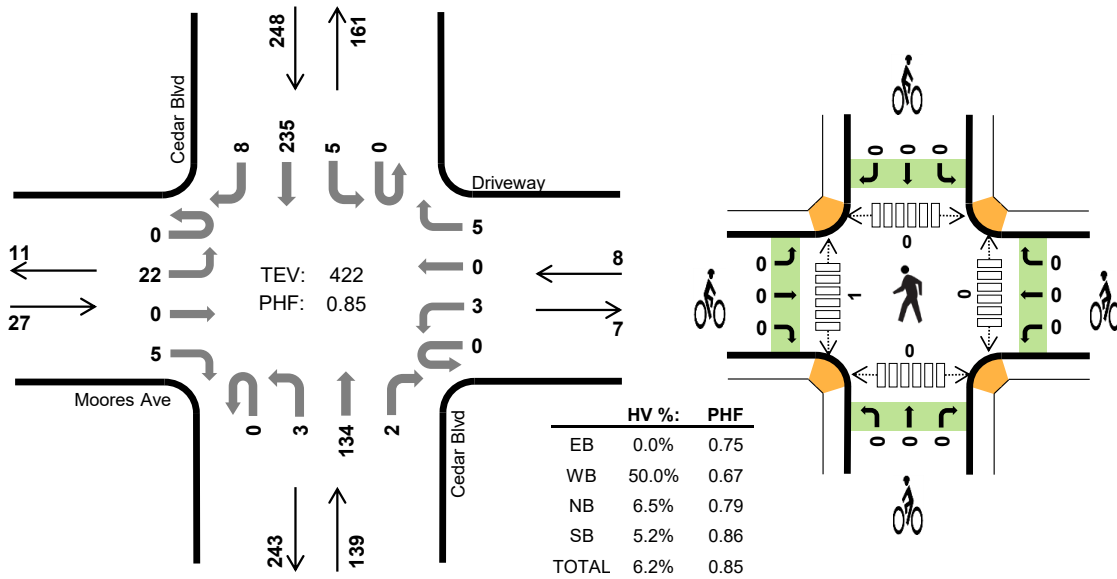
Cedar Blvd Moores Ave



Date: 09/23/2020

Count Period: 7:00 AM to 9:00 AM

Peak Hour: 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM



Two-Hour Count Summaries

Interval Start	Moores Ave				Driveway				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour	
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound						
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT			
7:00 AM	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	1	30	0	47	0	
7:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	44	1	63	0	
7:30 AM	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	2	0	1	47	1	69	0	
7:45 AM	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	19	4	0	1	61	1	91	270	
8:00 AM	0	6	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	33	1	0	2	48	0	92	315	
8:15 AM	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	28	1	0	1	53	3	95	347	
8:30 AM	0	6	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	2	42	0	0	1	65	3	124	402	
8:45 AM	0	5	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	31	0	0	1	69	2	111	422	
Count Total	0	35	0	5	0	3	0	5	0	4	196	8	0	8	417	11	692	0	
Peak Hour	All	0	22	0	5	0	3	0	5	0	3	134	2	0	5	235	8	422	0
	HV	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	8	1	0	1	12	0	26	0
	HV%	-	0%	-	0%	-	33%	-	60%	-	0%	6%	50%	-	20%	5%	0%	6%	0

Note: Two-hour count summary volumes include heavy vehicles but exclude bicycles in overall count.

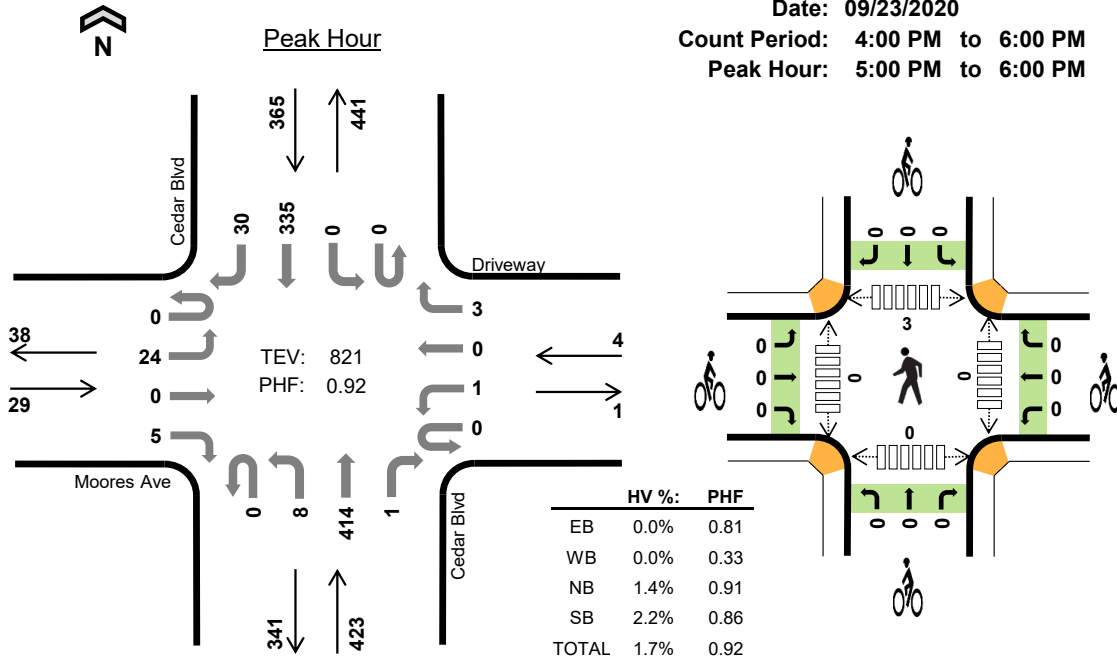
Interval Start	Heavy Vehicle Totals					Bicycles					Pedestrians (Crossing Leg)				
	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	East	West	North	South	Total
7:00 AM	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:15 AM	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:30 AM	1	0	1	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:45 AM	0	0	3	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
8:00 AM	0	1	5	3	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:15 AM	0	2	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:30 AM	0	1	2	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:45 AM	0	0	1	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Count Total	1	4	13	24	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
Peak Hour	0	4	9	13	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1

Two-Hour Count Summaries - Heavy Vehicles																			
Interval Start	Moores Ave				Driveway				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour	
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound						
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT			
7:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0
7:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	0
7:30 AM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	4	0
7:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	5	16
8:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	3	0	9	22
8:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4	22
8:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	0	6	24
8:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	7	26
Count Total	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	9	4	0	1	23	0	42	0	0
Peak Hour	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	8	1	0	1	12	0	26	0	0
Two-Hour Count Summaries - Bikes																			
Interval Start	Moores Ave			Driveway			Cedar Blvd			Cedar Blvd			15-min Total	Rolling One Hour					
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound									
	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT							
7:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Count Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Peak Hour	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Note: U-Turn volumes for bikes are included in Left-Turn, if any.</i>																			

Cedar Blvd Moores Ave



Date: 09/23/2020
 Count Period: 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM
 Peak Hour: 5:00 PM to 6:00 PM



Two-Hour Count Summaries

Interval Start	Moores Ave				Driveway				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour	
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound						
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT			
4:00 PM	0	2	1	2	0	1	0	3	0	1	88	0	0	1	61	6	166	0	
4:15 PM	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	84	1	0	0	68	3	166	0	
4:30 PM	0	5	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	86	1	0	0	77	6	179	0	
4:45 PM	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	1	81	0	0	0	80	7	177	688	
5:00 PM	0	7	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	2	113	1	0	0	87	10	224	746	
5:15 PM	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	104	0	0	0	63	7	182	762	
5:30 PM	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	98	0	0	0	97	9	213	796	
5:45 PM	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	99	0	0	0	88	4	202	821	
Count Total	0	43	1	9	0	4	0	10	0	12	753	3	0	1	621	52	1,509	0	
Peak Hour	All	0	24	0	5	0	1	0	3	0	8	414	1	0	0	335	30	821	0
	HV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	8	0	14	0
	HV%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	1%	0%	-	-	2%	0%	2%	0

Note: Two-hour count summary volumes include heavy vehicles but exclude bicycles in overall count.

Interval Start	Heavy Vehicle Totals					Bicycles					Pedestrians (Crossing Leg)				
	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	East	West	North	South	Total
4:00 PM	0	1	2	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
4:15 PM	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:30 PM	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	4
5:00 PM	0	0	1	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
5:15 PM	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5:30 PM	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
5:45 PM	0	0	3	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Count Total	1	2	11	13	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	0	8
Peak Hour	0	0	6	8	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3

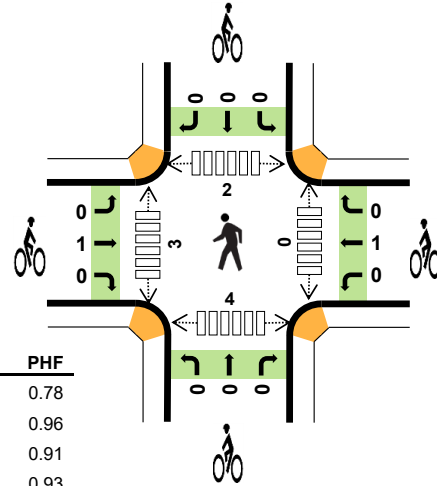
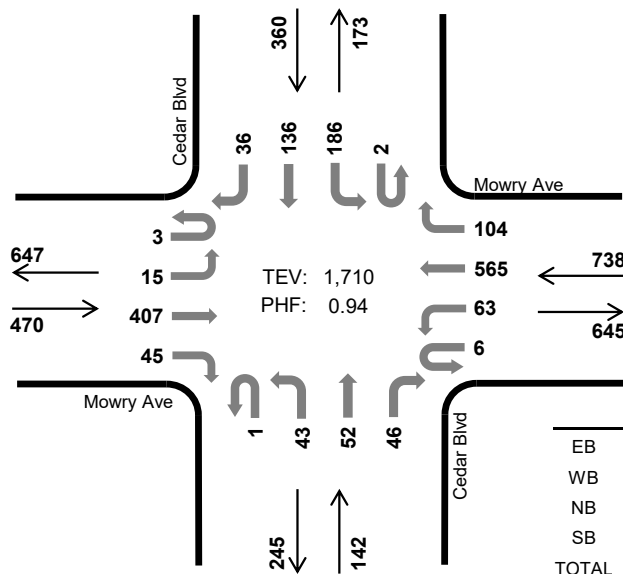
Two-Hour Count Summaries - Heavy Vehicles																		
Interval Start	Moores Ave				Driveway				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound					
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT		
4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	0	7	0
4:15 PM	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	0
4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	5	11
5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	11
5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	10
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	4	14
Count Total	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	11	0	0	1	12	0	27	0
Peak Hour	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	8	0	14	0
Two-Hour Count Summaries - Bikes																		
Interval Start	Moores Ave			Driveway			Cedar Blvd			Cedar Blvd			15-min Total	Rolling One Hour				
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound								
	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT						
4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Count Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Peak Hour	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<i>Note: U-Turn volumes for bikes are included in Left-Turn, if any.</i>																		

Cedar Blvd Mowry Ave



Peak Hour

Date: 09/23/2020
Count Period: 7:00 AM to 9:00 AM
Peak Hour: 7:45 AM to 8:45 AM



	HV %:	PHF
EB	11.1%	0.78
WB	6.8%	0.96
NB	4.9%	0.91
SB	3.3%	0.93
TOTAL	7.1%	0.94

Two-Hour Count Summaries

Interval Start	Mowry Ave Eastbound				Mowry Ave Westbound				Cedar Blvd Northbound				Cedar Blvd Southbound				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour	
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT			
7:00 AM	0	3	45	8	1	10	95	6	0	7	5	11	2	25	17	4	239	0	
7:15 AM	0	1	59	8	0	7	137	10	0	6	10	13	0	42	24	9	326	0	
7:30 AM	0	4	69	13	1	12	130	15	0	6	2	4	1	32	23	7	319	0	
7:45 AM	1	2	86	18	0	12	156	18	0	12	16	6	0	43	37	13	420	1,304	
8:00 AM	0	4	108	11	2	11	159	20	1	13	14	11	1	42	32	9	438	1,503	
8:15 AM	1	8	129	12	1	19	139	29	0	6	8	17	1	46	32	7	455	1,632	
8:30 AM	1	1	84	4	3	21	111	37	0	12	14	12	0	55	35	7	397	1,710	
8:45 AM	0	0	66	14	3	17	100	30	0	5	15	12	0	52	42	7	363	1,653	
Count Total	3	23	646	88	11	109	1,027	165	1	67	84	86	5	337	242	63	2,957	0	
Peak Hour	All	3	15	407	45	6	63	565	104	1	43	52	46	2	186	136	36	1,710	0
	HV	0	2	49	1	0	2	42	6	0	1	3	3	0	9	2	1	121	0
	HV%	0%	13%	12%	2%	0%	3%	7%	6%	0%	2%	6%	7%	0%	5%	1%	3%	7%	0

Note: Two-hour count summary volumes include heavy vehicles but exclude bicycles in overall count.

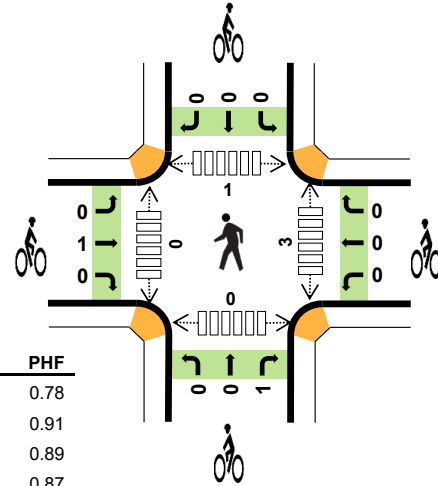
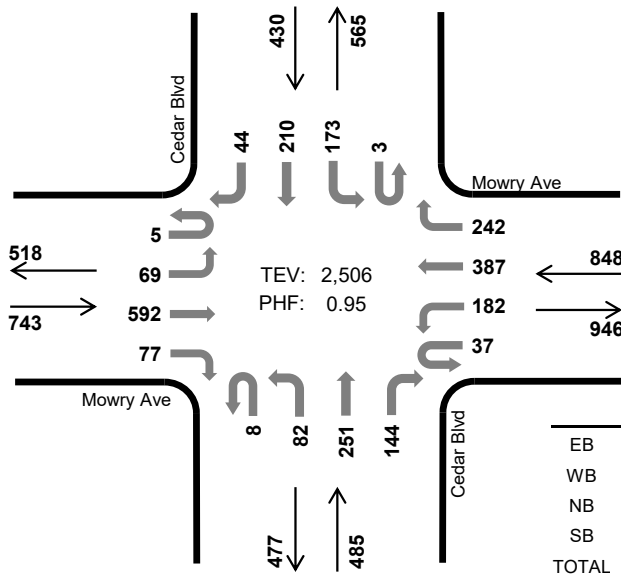
Interval Start	Heavy Vehicle Totals					Bicycles					Pedestrians (Crossing Leg)				
	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	East	West	North	South	Total
7:00 AM	15	14	2	3	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:15 AM	12	15	0	5	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:30 AM	17	17	3	3	40	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
7:45 AM	10	11	1	2	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8:00 AM	14	17	1	3	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	5
8:15 AM	13	13	1	1	28	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	4
8:30 AM	15	9	4	6	34	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
8:45 AM	16	19	0	6	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Count Total	112	115	12	29	268	1	2	0	0	3	0	4	2	4	10
Peak Hour	52	50	7	12	121	1	1	0	0	2	0	3	2	4	9

Two-Hour Count Summaries - Heavy Vehicles																		
Interval Start	Mowry Ave				Mowry Ave				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound					
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT		
7:00 AM	0	0	14	1	0	2	12	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	34	0
7:15 AM	0	0	12	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	32	0
7:30 AM	0	1	16	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	1	40	0
7:45 AM	0	1	8	1	0	0	10	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	24	130
8:00 AM	0	1	13	0	0	1	14	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	35	131
8:15 AM	0	0	13	0	0	0	12	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	28	127
8:30 AM	0	0	15	0	0	1	6	2	0	1	1	2	0	4	1	1	34	121
8:45 AM	0	0	16	0	0	0	17	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	41	138
Count Total	0	3	107	2	0	4	103	8	0	1	4	7	0	17	8	4	268	0
Peak Hour	0	2	49	1	0	2	42	6	0	1	3	3	0	9	2	1	121	0
Two-Hour Count Summaries - Bikes																		
Interval Start	Mowry Ave			Mowry Ave			Cedar Blvd			Cedar Blvd			15-min Total	Rolling One Hour				
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound								
	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT						
7:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7:30 AM	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
7:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
8:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
8:15 AM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
8:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
8:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Count Total	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Peak Hour	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
<i>Note: U-Turn volumes for bikes are included in Left-Turn, if any.</i>																		

Cedar Blvd Mowry Ave



Date: 09/23/2020
Count Period: 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM
Peak Hour: 5:00 PM to 6:00 PM



	HV %:	PHF
EB	3.0%	0.78
WB	4.1%	0.91
NB	1.0%	0.89
SB	2.3%	0.87
TOTAL	2.9%	0.95

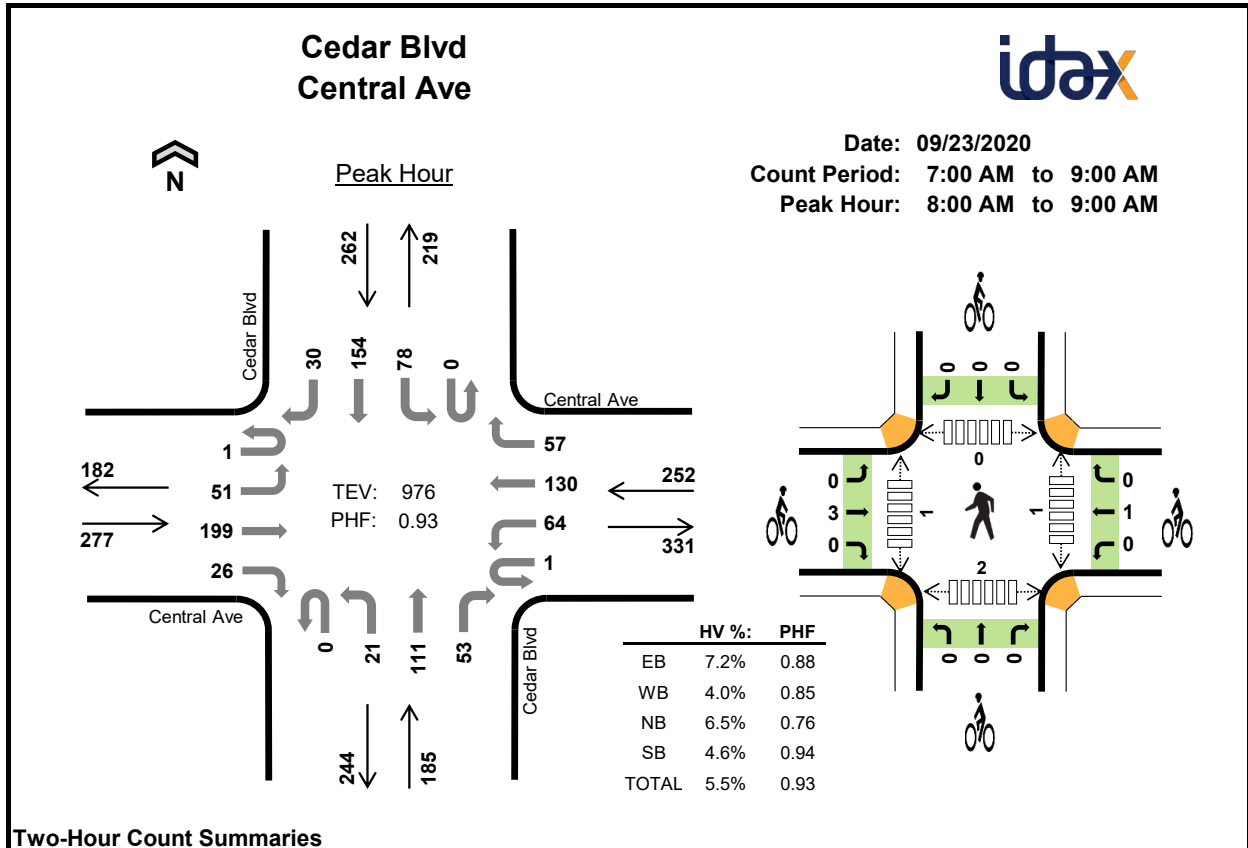
Two-Hour Count Summaries

Interval Start	Mowry Ave Eastbound				Mowry Ave Westbound				Cedar Blvd Northbound				Cedar Blvd Southbound				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour	
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT			
4:00 PM	0	29	154	17	6	42	83	52	5	18	50	29	1	41	35	7	569	0	
4:15 PM	1	19	123	14	9	33	81	57	3	30	43	27	1	47	38	8	534	0	
4:30 PM	0	8	177	19	7	35	91	53	4	25	63	16	0	43	43	8	592	0	
4:45 PM	0	11	172	18	7	46	97	36	2	21	64	29	1	42	46	8	600	2,295	
5:00 PM	2	27	180	29	10	34	89	46	2	25	70	39	0	35	59	12	659	2,385	
5:15 PM	2	18	137	18	15	58	89	71	2	17	67	37	1	40	42	7	621	2,472	
5:30 PM	0	10	164	11	6	40	106	56	2	15	62	31	2	50	44	15	614	2,494	
5:45 PM	1	14	111	19	6	50	103	69	2	25	52	37	0	48	65	10	612	2,506	
Count Total	6	136	1,218	145	66	338	739	440	22	176	471	245	6	346	372	75	4,801	0	
Peak Hour	All	5	69	592	77	37	182	387	242	8	82	251	144	3	173	210	44	2,506	0
	HV	0	2	20	0	0	3	26	6	0	2	1	2	0	7	2	1	72	0
	HV%	0%	3%	3%	0%	0%	2%	7%	2%	0%	2%	0%	1%	0%	4%	1%	2%	3%	0

Note: Two-hour count summary volumes include heavy vehicles but exclude bicycles in overall count.

Interval Start	Heavy Vehicle Totals					Bicycles					Pedestrians (Crossing Leg)					
	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	East	West	North	South	Total	
4:00 PM	11	14	1	3	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
4:15 PM	3	11	1	1	16	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1
4:30 PM	11	19	2	1	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
4:45 PM	6	11	1	2	20	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	2	0	7
5:00 PM	9	11	1	3	24	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	2
5:15 PM	2	12	1	4	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5:30 PM	8	6	1	1	16	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	2
5:45 PM	3	6	2	2	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Count Total	53	90	10	17	170	2	1	1	0	4	5	5	2	2	0	14
Peak Hour	22	35	5	10	72	1	0	1	0	2	3	0	1	0	0	4

Two-Hour Count Summaries - Heavy Vehicles																		
Interval Start	Mowry Ave				Mowry Ave				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound					
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT		
4:00 PM	0	0	11	0	0	1	11	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	29	0
4:15 PM	0	0	3	0	0	0	10	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	16	0
4:30 PM	0	0	11	0	0	0	17	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	33	0
4:45 PM	0	1	5	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	20	98
5:00 PM	0	1	8	0	0	1	9	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	24	93
5:15 PM	0	0	2	0	0	1	9	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	19	96
5:30 PM	0	1	7	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	16	79
5:45 PM	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	3	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	13	72
Count Total	0	3	50	0	0	4	75	11	0	3	3	4	0	13	2	2	170	0
Peak Hour	0	2	20	0	0	3	26	6	0	2	1	2	0	7	2	1	72	0
Two-Hour Count Summaries - Bikes																		
Interval Start	Mowry Ave			Mowry Ave			Cedar Blvd			Cedar Blvd			15-min Total	Rolling One Hour				
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound								
	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT						
4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:15 PM	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
4:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
5:00 PM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
5:30 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Count Total	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	0
Peak Hour	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
<i>Note: U-Turn volumes for bikes are included in Left-Turn, if any.</i>																		



Two-Hour Count Summaries

Interval Start	Central Ave Eastbound				Central Ave Westbound				Cedar Blvd Northbound				Cedar Blvd Southbound				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour	
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT			
7:00 AM	0	10	33	3	0	7	13	9	0	0	20	5	1	17	17	5	140	0	
7:15 AM	0	12	24	7	0	16	24	13	0	2	16	4	0	12	25	10	165	0	
7:30 AM	0	10	45	10	0	13	32	14	0	2	17	6	0	30	24	4	207	0	
7:45 AM	0	13	44	8	0	9	36	3	0	1	23	11	0	17	31	1	197	709	
8:00 AM	0	9	48	7	0	16	29	17	0	6	22	14	0	22	35	7	232	801	
8:15 AM	0	12	51	6	1	8	31	11	0	4	29	13	0	16	37	6	225	861	
8:30 AM	0	15	45	5	0	24	29	12	0	5	36	20	0	20	40	10	261	915	
8:45 AM	1	15	55	8	0	16	41	17	0	6	24	6	0	20	42	7	258	976	
Count Total	1	96	345	54	1	109	235	96	0	26	187	79	1	154	251	50	1,685	0	
Peak Hour	All	1	51	199	26	1	64	130	57	0	21	111	53	0	78	154	30	976	0
	HV	0	8	4	8	0	1	6	3	0	3	5	4	0	2	8	2	54	0
	HV%	0%	16%	2%	31%	0%	2%	5%	5%	-	14%	5%	8%	-	3%	5%	7%	6%	0

Note: Two-hour count summary volumes include heavy vehicles but exclude bicycles in overall count.

Interval Start	Heavy Vehicle Totals					Bicycles					Pedestrians (Crossing Leg)				
	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	East	West	North	South	Total
7:00 AM	7	3	1	3	14	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
7:15 AM	6	4	1	4	15	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
7:30 AM	4	3	5	2	14	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
7:45 AM	5	0	1	2	8	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
8:00 AM	6	2	4	3	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
8:15 AM	5	1	4	0	10	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
8:30 AM	4	3	4	6	17	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
8:45 AM	5	4	0	3	12	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1
Count Total	42	20	20	23	105	6	3	0	2	11	1	1	0	2	4
Peak Hour	20	10	12	12	54	3	1	0	0	4	1	1	0	2	4

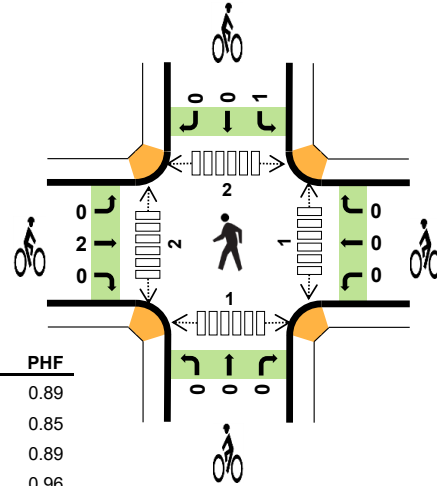
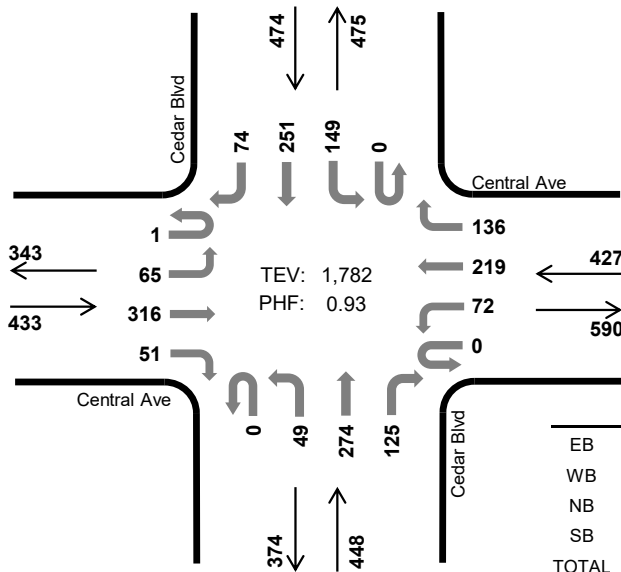
Two-Hour Count Summaries - Heavy Vehicles																		
Interval Start	Central Ave				Central Ave				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound					
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT		
7:00 AM	0	4	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	14	0
7:15 AM	0	4	1	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	15	0
7:30 AM	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	4	0	0	2	0	0	14	0
7:45 AM	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	8	51
8:00 AM	0	2	1	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	2	15	52
8:15 AM	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	10	47
8:30 AM	0	2	1	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	4	0	17	50
8:45 AM	0	2	1	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	12	54
Count Total	0	21	11	10	0	6	7	7	0	5	11	4	0	6	12	5	105	0
Peak Hour	0	8	4	8	0	1	6	3	0	3	5	4	0	2	8	2	54	0
Two-Hour Count Summaries - Bikes																		
Interval Start	Central Ave			Central Ave			Cedar Blvd			Cedar Blvd			15-min Total	Rolling One Hour				
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound								
	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT						
7:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0				
7:15 AM	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0				
7:30 AM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0				
7:45 AM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	0				
8:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5				
8:15 AM	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4				
8:30 AM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3				
8:45 AM	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4				
Count Total	0	6	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	11	0	0				
Peak Hour	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0				
<i>Note: U-Turn volumes for bikes are included in Left-Turn, if any.</i>																		

Cedar Blvd Central Ave



Peak Hour

Date: 09/23/2020
Count Period: 4:00 PM to 6:00 PM
Peak Hour: 5:00 PM to 6:00 PM



	HV %:	PHF
EB	1.6%	0.89
WB	0.5%	0.85
NB	1.6%	0.89
SB	3.0%	0.96
TOTAL	1.7%	0.93

Two-Hour Count Summaries

Interval Start	Central Ave Eastbound				Central Ave Westbound				Cedar Blvd Northbound				Cedar Blvd Southbound				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour	
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT			
4:00 PM	0	28	66	5	0	13	46	32	0	12	67	27	0	47	64	9	416	0	
4:15 PM	0	23	75	8	0	14	37	30	0	6	67	27	0	36	49	14	386	0	
4:30 PM	0	23	83	13	1	18	53	27	0	11	77	18	0	40	59	9	432	0	
4:45 PM	0	17	74	15	0	21	38	36	0	9	57	22	0	23	52	16	380	1,614	
5:00 PM	0	18	86	18	0	16	64	32	0	12	77	32	0	34	59	30	478	1,676	
5:15 PM	1	10	92	8	0	21	52	28	0	14	73	39	0	48	51	18	455	1,745	
5:30 PM	0	20	76	14	0	24	58	43	0	10	60	28	0	36	72	15	456	1,769	
5:45 PM	0	17	62	11	0	11	45	33	0	13	64	26	0	31	69	11	393	1,782	
Count Total	1	156	614	92	1	138	393	261	0	87	542	219	0	295	475	122	3,396	0	
Peak Hour	All	1	65	316	51	0	72	219	136	0	49	274	125	0	149	251	74	1,782	0
	HV	0	3	1	3	0	1	0	1	0	4	1	2	0	7	4	3	30	0
	HV%	0%	5%	0%	6%	-	1%	0%	1%	-	8%	0%	2%	-	5%	2%	4%	2%	0

Note: Two-hour count summary volumes include heavy vehicles but exclude bicycles in overall count.

Interval Start	Heavy Vehicle Totals					Bicycles					Pedestrians (Crossing Leg)					
	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	EB	WB	NB	SB	Total	East	West	North	South	Total	
4:00 PM	2	2	3	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
4:15 PM	2	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:30 PM	2	0	2	2	6	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:45 PM	1	0	0	3	4	2	0	0	0	2	0	4	1	0	5	
5:00 PM	4	2	4	4	14	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	2	
5:15 PM	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
5:30 PM	2	0	1	8	11	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
5:45 PM	0	0	2	1	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	3	
Count Total	14	4	14	20	52	5	0	0	1	6	1	7	3	1	12	
Peak Hour	7	2	7	14	30	2	0	0	1	3	1	2	2	1	6	

Two-Hour Count Summaries - Heavy Vehicles																		
Interval Start	Central Ave				Central Ave				Cedar Blvd				Cedar Blvd				15-min Total	Rolling One Hour
	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound					
	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT	UT	LT	TH	RT		
4:00 PM	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	8	0
4:15 PM	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
4:30 PM	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	0
4:45 PM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	22
5:00 PM	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	2	2	14	28
5:15 PM	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	26
5:30 PM	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	1	1	11	31
5:45 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	30
Count Total	0	7	2	5	0	1	2	1	0	7	3	4	0	8	7	5	52	0
Peak Hour	0	3	1	3	0	1	0	1	0	4	1	2	0	7	4	3	30	0
Two-Hour Count Summaries - Bikes																		
Interval Start	Central Ave			Central Ave			Cedar Blvd			Cedar Blvd			15-min Total	Rolling One Hour				
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound								
	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT	LT	TH	RT						
4:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4:30 PM	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
4:45 PM	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	3
5:00 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	4	4
5:15 PM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
5:30 PM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4
5:45 PM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	3
Count Total	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	0	0
Peak Hour	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0
<i>Note: U-Turn volumes for bikes are included in Left-Turn, if any.</i>																		

Appendix C

Level of Service Calculations

Scenario Report

Scenario: Existing AM
Command: Default Command
Volume: Existing AM
Geometry: Existing AM
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: No Project
Trip Distribution: Distribution
Paths: Default Path
Routes: Default Route
Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.229
Loss Time (sec): 17 Average Delay (sec/veh): 31.4
Optimal Cycle: 51 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different volume and adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns for Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns for Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 0.7 Worst Case Level Of Service: B[10.6]

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Approach, Movement, Control, Rights, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns for volume adjustments. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, and FinalVolume.

Critical Gap Module: Table with 13 columns for gap and follow-up times. Rows include Critical Gp and FollowUpTim.

Capacity Module: Table with 13 columns for capacity and volume/capacity. Rows include Cnflct Vol, Potent Cap., Move Cap., and Volume/Cap.

Level Of Service Module: Table with 13 columns for LOS metrics. Rows include 2Way95thQ, Control Del, LOS by Move, Movement, Shared Cap., SharedQueue, Shrd ConDel, Shared LOS, ApproachDel, and ApproachLOS.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.086
 Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 10.0
 Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Permitted			Permitted		
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1

Volume Module:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Base Vol:	3	134	2	5	235	8	22	0	5	3	0	5
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	3	134	2	5	235	8	22	0	5	3	0	5
Added Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	3	134	2	5	235	8	22	0	5	3	0	5
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	3	134	2	5	235	8	22	0	5	3	0	5
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	3	134	2	5	235	8	22	0	5	3	0	5
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Final Volume:	3	134	2	5	235	8	22	0	5	3	0	5

Saturation Flow Module:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.83	1.00	0.83	0.87	1.00	0.87
Lanes:	1.00	1.97	0.03	1.00	1.93	0.07	0.81	0.00	0.19	0.38	0.00	0.62
Final Sat.:	1805	3550	53	1805	3474	118	1289	0	293	621	0	1034

Capacity Analysis Module:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Vol/Sat:	0.00	0.04	0.04	0.00	0.07	0.07	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.07	0.48	0.48	0.33	0.74	0.74	0.19	0.00	0.19	0.19	0.00	0.19
Volume/Cap:	0.02	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.09	0.03	0.00	0.03
Uniform Del:	43.3	14.2	14.2	22.2	3.6	3.6	33.6	0.0	33.6	33.2	0.0	33.2
IncrcmntDel:	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00
Delay/Veh:	43.4	14.2	14.2	22.2	3.6	3.6	33.7	0.0	33.7	33.2	0.0	33.2
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	43.4	14.2	14.2	22.2	3.6	3.6	33.7	0.0	33.7	33.2	0.0	33.2
LOS by Move:	D	B	B	C	A	A	C	A	C	C	A	C
HCM2kAvgQ:	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.322
Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 22.8
Optimal Cycle: 46 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement, Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

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Volume Module: Table with 12 columns for traffic movements. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

-----|-----|-----|-----|

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns for traffic movements. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

-----|-----|-----|-----|

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns for traffic movements. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report

Scenario: Existing PM
Command: Default Command
Volume: Existing PM
Geometry: Existing PM
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: No Project
Trip Distribution: Distribution
Paths: Default Path
Routes: Default Route
Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.339
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 28.3
Optimal Cycle: 35 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns for volume metrics. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns for saturation flow metrics. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns for capacity analysis metrics. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 0.9 Worst Case Level Of Service: B[12.6]

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement, Control, Rights, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns for various volume and adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Critical Gap Module: Table with 13 columns for critical gap and follow-up time values.

Capacity Module: Table with 13 columns for conflict volume, potential capacity, and volume/capacity ratios.

Level Of Service Module: Table with 13 columns for LOS metrics like 2Way95thQ, Control Del, Shared Cap, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.125
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 3.7
Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns representing different traffic movements. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 13 columns. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 13 columns. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.445
Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 25.8
Optimal Cycle: 46 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control (Protected), Rights (Ovl), Min. Green (7-10-10), Y+R (4.0-4.0-4.0), and Lanes (1-0-2-0-1).

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Sat/Lane (1900), Adjustment (1.00), Lanes (1.00), and Final Sat. (1900).

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Vol/Sat (0.05), Crit Moves (****), Green/Cycle (0.15), Volume/Cap (0.32), Uniform Del (34.1), IncremntDel (0.6), InitQueueDel (0.0), Delay Adj (1.00), Delay/Veh (34.8), User DelAdj (1.00), AdjDel/Veh (34.8), LOS by Move (C), and HCM2kAvgQ (2).

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report

Scenario: Existing +P AM

Command: Default Command

Volume: Existing AM

Geometry: Existing AM

Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee

Trip Generation: Project AM

Trip Distribution: Distribution

Paths: Default Path

Routes: Default Route

Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.234
Loss Time (sec): 17 Average Delay (sec/veh): 31.5
Optimal Cycle: 51 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement, Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different traffic movements and 12 rows of volume-related metrics like Base Vol, Growth Adj, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns and 4 rows showing saturation flow rates and adjustment factors.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns and 14 rows showing capacity analysis metrics like Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 0.7 Worst Case Level Of Service: B[10.7]

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Approach, Movement, Control, Rights, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns for volume adjustments. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, and FinalVolume.

Critical Gap Module: Table with 13 columns for gap and follow-up times. Rows include Critical Gp and FollowUpTim.

Capacity Module: Table with 13 columns for capacity and volume/capacity. Rows include Cnflct Vol, Potent Cap., Move Cap., and Volume/Cap.

Level Of Service Module: Table with 13 columns for LOS metrics. Rows include 2Way95thQ, Control Del, LOS by Move, Movement, Shared Cap., SharedQueue, Shrd ConDel, Shared LOS, ApproachDel, and ApproachLOS.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.098
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 9.0
Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different volume categories and 12 rows of adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns for saturation flow and 4 rows for Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns for capacity analysis metrics and 14 rows including Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.343
Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 23.4
Optimal Cycle: 46 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different traffic movements. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report

Scenario: Existing +P PM

Command: Default Command

Volume: Existing PM

Geometry: Existing PM

Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee

Trip Generation: Project PM

Trip Distribution: Distribution

Paths: Default Path

Routes: Default Route

Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.346
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 28.3
Optimal Cycle: 35 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different volume components like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns representing saturation flow values and adjustments.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns representing capacity analysis metrics like Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 0.9 Worst Case Level Of Service: B[12.9]

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Approach, Movement, Control, Rights, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns for various volume and adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Critical Gap Module: Table with 13 columns for critical gap and follow-up time values.

Capacity Module: Table with 13 columns for conflict volume, potential capacity, and volume/capacity ratios.

Level Of Service Module: Table with 13 columns for LOS-related metrics like 2Way95thQ, Control Del, and Shared Queue.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.130
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 3.5
Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns representing different traffic movements and 13 rows of volume-related metrics like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 13 columns and 5 rows showing Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 13 columns and 15 rows showing Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.455
 Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 25.9
 Optimal Cycle: 46 Level Of Service: C

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Protected			Protected		
Rights:	Ovl			Ovl			Ovl			Ovl		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	2	0	1		1	0	2	0	1	

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	90	251	144	176	210	44	74	592	77	219	387	242
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	90	251	144	176	210	44	74	592	77	219	387	242
Added Vol:	0	6	0	13	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	33
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	90	257	144	189	213	45	77	592	77	219	387	275
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	90	257	144	189	213	45	77	592	77	219	387	275
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	90	257	144	189	213	45	77	592	77	219	387	275
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	90	257	144	189	213	45	77	592	77	219	387	275

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.97	0.95	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Final Sat.:	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	3686	3610	1900

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.10	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.16	0.04	0.06	0.11	0.14
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.15	0.16	0.29	0.22	0.22	0.42	0.20	0.36	0.52	0.13	0.29	0.51
Volume/Cap:	0.31	0.45	0.26	0.45	0.27	0.06	0.20	0.45	0.08	0.45	0.37	0.29
Uniform Del:	33.8	34.5	24.7	30.5	29.0	15.3	29.8	22.0	11.0	36.2	25.5	12.7
IncramntDel:	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.7	0.2	0.2
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Delay/Veh:	34.4	35.0	25.0	31.3	29.2	15.4	30.1	22.3	11.1	36.8	25.7	12.9
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	34.4	35.0	25.0	31.3	29.2	15.4	30.1	22.3	11.1	36.8	25.7	12.9
LOS by Move:	C	D	C	C	C	B	C	C	B	D	C	B
HCM2kAvgQ:	2	4	3	4	2	1	2	7	1	3	5	4

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report

Scenario: Cumulative AM

Command: Default Command

Volume: Cumulative AM

Geometry: Existing AM

Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee

Trip Generation: No Project

Trip Distribution: Distribution

Paths: Default Path

Routes: Default Route

Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.922
Loss Time (sec): 17 Average Delay (sec/veh): 51.8
Optimal Cycle: 127 Level Of Service: D

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement, Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different volume categories and 12 rows of data including Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns and 4 rows of data including Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns and 14 rows of data including Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 58.8 Worst Case Level Of Service: F[676.7]

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Approach, Movement, Control, Rights, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns for various volume and adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Critical Gap Module: Table with 13 columns for Critical Gap and FollowUpTim values.

Capacity Module: Table with 13 columns for Capacity-related metrics like Cnflct Vol, Potent Cap., Move Cap., etc.

Level Of Service Module: Table with 13 columns for LOS-related metrics like 2Way95thQ, Control Del, Shared Cap., etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.402
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 3.5
Optimal Cycle: 31 Level Of Service: A

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different traffic movements. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.665
 Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 26.2
 Optimal Cycle: 54 Level Of Service: C

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Protected			Protected		
Rights:	Ovl			Ovl			Ovl			Ovl		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	2	0	1		1	0	2	0	1	

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	74	86	73	283	1064	366	19	392	416	106	840	115
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	74	86	73	283	1064	366	19	392	416	106	840	115
Added Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	74	86	73	283	1064	366	19	392	416	106	840	115
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	74	86	73	283	1064	366	19	392	416	106	840	115
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	74	86	73	283	1064	366	19	392	416	106	840	115
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	74	86	73	283	1064	366	19	392	416	106	840	115

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.97	0.95	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Final Sat.:	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	3686	3610	1900

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.15	0.29	0.19	0.01	0.11	0.22	0.03	0.23	0.06
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.08	0.20	0.32	0.27	0.40	0.48	0.08	0.27	0.35	0.12	0.31	0.59
Volume/Cap:	0.50	0.12	0.12	0.55	0.74	0.41	0.13	0.40	0.62	0.24	0.74	0.10
Uniform Del:	39.8	29.3	21.6	28.0	23.2	15.4	38.7	26.7	24.3	36.0	27.6	8.2
IncramntDel:	2.7	0.1	0.1	1.2	2.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	1.8	0.3	2.7	0.0
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Delay/Veh:	42.5	29.4	21.7	29.2	25.3	15.7	39.1	26.9	26.1	36.3	30.3	8.3
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	42.5	29.4	21.7	29.2	25.3	15.7	39.1	26.9	26.1	36.3	30.3	8.3
LOS by Move:	D	C	C	C	C	B	D	C	C	D	C	A
HCM2kAvgQ:	3	1	1	7	13	6	1	5	10	2	12	1

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report

Scenario: Cumulative PM

Command: Default Command
Volume: Cumulative PM
Geometry: Existing PM
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: No Project
Trip Distribution: Distribution
Paths: Default Path
Routes: Default Route
Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 1.054
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 58.5
Optimal Cycle: 180 Level Of Service: E

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different volume and adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns for Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns for Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 1.2 Worst Case Level Of Service: E[45.7]

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Approach, Movement, Control, Rights, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different volume categories and 12 rows for various adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, etc.

Critical Gap Module: Table with 12 columns for gap and follow-up times across different movements.

Capacity Module: Table with 12 columns for capacity-related metrics and 4 rows for Conflict Vol, Potent Cap., Move Cap., and Volume/Cap.

Level Of Service Module: Table with 12 columns for LOS metrics and 8 rows for 2Way95thQ, Control Del, LOS by Move, Movement, Shared Cap., Shared Queue, Shrd ConDel, Shared LOS, ApproachDel, and ApproachLOS.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.300
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 5.0
Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different traffic movements. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.924
 Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 40.6
 Optimal Cycle: 115 Level Of Service: D

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Protected			Protected		
Rights:	Ovl			Ovl			Ovl			Ovl		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	2	0	1		1	0	2	0	1	

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	761	1041	151	227	366	64	415	788	265	211	292	206
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	761	1041	151	227	366	64	415	788	265	211	292	206
Added Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	761	1041	151	227	366	64	415	788	265	211	292	206
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	761	1041	151	227	366	64	415	788	265	211	292	206
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	761	1041	151	227	366	64	415	788	265	211	292	206
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	761	1041	151	227	366	64	415	788	265	211	292	206

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.97	0.95	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Final Sat.:	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	3686	3610	1900

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.40	0.29	0.08	0.12	0.10	0.03	0.22	0.22	0.14	0.06	0.08	0.11
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.42	0.37	0.46	0.15	0.11	0.34	0.23	0.25	0.67	0.09	0.11	0.27
Volume/Cap:	0.96	0.77	0.17	0.77	0.91	0.10	0.96	0.87	0.21	0.64	0.73	0.41
Uniform Del:	25.5	24.8	14.1	36.5	39.6	20.4	34.4	32.4	5.8	39.6	38.7	27.2
IncrcmntDel:	22.7	2.8	0.1	11.9	24.7	0.1	33.1	9.5	0.1	4.3	6.6	0.5
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Delay/Veh:	48.2	27.7	14.2	48.4	64.3	20.4	67.5	41.9	5.9	44.0	45.3	27.7
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	48.2	27.7	14.2	48.4	64.3	20.4	67.5	41.9	5.9	44.0	45.3	27.7
LOS by Move:	D	C	B	D	E	C	E	D	A	D	D	C
HCM2kAvgQ:	26	15	2	6	6	1	16	14	3	4	6	5

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report
Scenario: Cumulative +P AM

Command: Default Command
Volume: Cumulative AM
Geometry: Existing AM
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: Project AM
Trip Distribution: Distribution
Paths: Default Path
Routes: Default Route
Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.927
 Loss Time (sec): 17 Average Delay (sec/veh): 52.6
 Optimal Cycle: 129 Level Of Service: D

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Protected			Protected		
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	89	328	156	362	864	131	64	568	271	344	632	148
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	89	328	156	362	864	131	64	568	271	344	632	148
Added Vol:	6	14	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	95	342	156	362	866	131	64	568	272	344	632	148
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	95	342	156	362	866	131	64	568	272	344	632	148
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	95	342	156	362	866	131	64	568	272	344	632	148
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	95	342	156	362	866	131	64	568	272	344	632	148

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	0.95	0.91	0.91	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.95	0.90	0.90	0.95	0.92	0.92
Lanes:	1.00	1.37	0.63	1.00	1.74	0.26	1.00	1.35	0.65	1.00	1.62	0.38
Final Sat.:	1805	2363	1078	1805	3073	465	1805	2321	1112	1805	2843	666

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.05	0.14	0.14	0.20	0.28	0.28	0.04	0.24	0.24	0.19	0.22	0.22
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.07	0.15	0.15	0.21	0.30	0.30	0.11	0.26	0.26	0.20	0.35	0.35
Volume/Cap:	0.75	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.32	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.63	0.63
Uniform Del:	45.6	41.8	41.8	38.6	34.2	34.2	41.0	36.3	36.3	39.3	27.1	27.1
IncrcmntDel:	22.1	24.3	24.3	30.1	15.9	15.9	0.9	18.0	18.0	32.8	1.1	1.1
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Delay/Veh:	67.7	66.1	66.1	68.7	50.2	50.2	42.0	54.3	54.3	72.1	28.2	28.2
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	67.7	66.1	66.1	68.7	50.2	50.2	42.0	54.3	54.3	72.1	28.2	28.2
LOS by Move:	E	E	E	E	D	D	D	D	D	E	C	C
HCM2kAvgQ:	5	12	12	15	21	21	2	18	18	15	11	11

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 59.9 Worst Case Level Of Service: F[696.4]

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Approach, Movement, Control, Rights, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns for various volume and adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Critical Gap Module: Table with 13 columns for critical gap and follow-up time values.

Capacity Module: Table with 13 columns for capacity-related metrics like Conflict Vol, Potent Cap., Move Cap., etc.

Level Of Service Module: Table with 13 columns for LOS-related metrics like 2Way95thQ, Control Del, LOS by Move, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.414
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 3.4
Optimal Cycle: 32 Level Of Service: A

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different traffic movements. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.667
Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 26.3
Optimal Cycle: 54 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement, Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different traffic movements and 12 rows of volume-related metrics like Base Vol, Growth Adj, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns and 4 rows showing saturation flow rates and adjustments.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns and 14 rows showing capacity analysis metrics like Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report

Scenario: Cumulative +P PM

Command: Default Command
Volume: Cumulative PM
Geometry: Existing PM
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: Project PM
Trip Distribution: Distribution
Paths: Default Path
Routes: Default Route
Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 1.056
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 58.8
Optimal Cycle: 180 Level Of Service: E

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement, Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns representing different traffic movements and 12 rows of volume-related metrics like Base Vol, Growth Adj, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns and 4 rows showing saturation flow rates and adjustment factors.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns and 14 rows showing capacity analysis metrics like Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 1.3 Worst Case Level Of Service: E[48.1]

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound										
Movement:	L	-	T	-	R	L	-	T	-	R	L	-	T	-	R	L	-	T	-	R
Control:	Uncontrolled			Uncontrolled			Stop Sign			Stop Sign										
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include										
Lanes:	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	22	1420	0	0	615	94	48	0	6	0	0	0
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	22	1420	0	0	615	94	48	0	6	0	0	0
Added Vol:	0	8	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	22	1428	0	0	635	94	48	0	6	0	0	0
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	22	1428	0	0	635	94	48	0	6	0	0	0
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FinalVolume:	22	1428	0	0	635	94	48	0	6	0	0	0

Critical Gap Module:

Critical Gp:	4.1	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	6.8	6.5	6.9	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx
FollowUpTim:	2.2	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	3.5	4.0	3.3	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx

Capacity Module:

Cnflct Vol:	729	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	1440	2154	365	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx
Potent Cap.:	884	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	126	49	638	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx
Move Cap.:	884	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	124	47	638	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx
Volume/Cap:	0.02	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	0.39	0.00	0.01	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx

Level Of Service Module:

2Way95thQ:	0.1	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx								
Control Del:	9.2	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx								
LOS by Move:	A	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*								
Movement:	LT	-	LTR	-	RT	LT	-	LTR	-	RT	LT	-	LTR	-	RT	LT	-	LTR	-	RT
Shared Cap.:	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	136	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx								
SharedQueue:	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	1.7	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx								
Shrd ConDel:	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	48.1	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxx	xxxxxx								
Shared LOS:	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	E	*	*	*	*								
ApproachDel:	xxxxxx						48.1			xxxxxx										
ApproachLOS:		*			*		E			*										

 Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.305
 Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 4.9
 Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Permitted			Permitted		
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	3	931	0	2	896	56	43	0	6	0	0	0
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	3	931	0	2	896	56	43	0	6	0	0	0
Added Vol:	0	43	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	3	974	0	2	913	56	43	0	6	0	0	0
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	3	974	0	2	913	56	43	0	6	0	0	0
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	3	974	0	2	913	56	43	0	6	0	0	0
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	3	974	0	2	913	56	43	0	6	0	0	0

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.94	0.94	0.79	1.00	0.79	1.00	1.00	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	0.00	1.00	1.88	0.12	0.88	0.00	0.12	0.00	1.00	0.00
Final Sat.:	1805	3610	0	1805	3371	207	1313	0	183	0	1900	0

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.00	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.27	0.03	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crit Moves:	****			****			****					
Green/Cycle:	0.07	0.71	0.00	0.19	0.83	0.83	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
Volume/Cap:	0.02	0.38	0.00	0.01	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
Uniform Del:	43.3	5.6	0.0	33.2	2.0	2.0	41.8	0.0	41.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
IncrcmntDel:	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Delay/Veh:	43.4	5.7	0.0	33.2	2.1	2.1	43.1	0.0	43.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	43.4	5.7	0.0	33.2	2.1	2.1	43.1	0.0	43.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOS by Move:	D	A	A	C	A	A	D	A	D	A	A	A
HCM2kAvgQ:	0	6	0	0	4	4	2	0	2	0	0	0

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.927
Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 41.0
Optimal Cycle: 116 Level Of Service: D

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement, Control, Rights, Min. Green, Y+R, and Lanes.

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Volume Module: Table with 12 columns for volume metrics across four directions. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

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Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns for saturation flow metrics across four directions. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

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Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns for capacity analysis metrics across four directions. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report
Scenario: Existing (Factored) AM
Command: Default Command
Volume: Existing (Factored) AM
Geometry: Existing AM
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: No Project
Trip Distribution: Distribution
Paths: Default Path
Routes: Default Route
Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.539
Loss Time (sec): 17 Average Delay (sec/veh): 33.8
Optimal Cycle: 54 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control (Protected), Rights (Include), Min. Green (7-10-10), Y+R (4.0-4.0-4.0), and Lanes (1-0-1-1-0).

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns for traffic volumes and 12 rows for various adjustment factors like Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, etc.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns for saturation flow and 4 rows for Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns for capacity metrics and 14 rows for Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 2.9 Worst Case Level Of Service: D[34.7]

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Approach, Movement, Control, Rights, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns for various volume and adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Critical Gap Module: Table with 13 columns for Critical Gap, FollowUpTim, and other timing parameters.

Capacity Module: Table with 13 columns for Capacity-related metrics like Cnflct Vol, Potent Cap., Move Cap., etc.

Level Of Service Module: Table with 13 columns for LOS-related metrics like 2Way95thQ, Control Del, Shared Cap., etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.295

Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 3.2

Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Permitted			Permitted		
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
Added Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.79	1.00	0.79	1.00	1.00	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	0.00	1.00	1.94	0.06	0.84	0.00	0.16	0.00	1.00	0.00
Final Sat.:	1805	3610	0	1900	3477	115	1263	0	241	0	1900	0

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.26	0.03	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crit Moves:	****			****					****			
Green/Cycle:	0.07	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.82	0.82	0.11	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
Volume/Cap:	0.02	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
Uniform Del:	43.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	41.4	0.0	41.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
IncramntDel:	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.1	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Delay/Veh:	43.4	0.7	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	42.5	0.0	42.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	43.4	0.7	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	42.5	0.0	42.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOS by Move:	D	A	A	A	A	A	D	A	D	A	A	A
HCM2kAvgQ:	0	1	0	0	4	4	2	0	2	0	0	0

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.559
 Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 27.2
 Optimal Cycle: 46 Level Of Service: C

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Protected			Protected		
Rights:	Ovl			Ovl			Ovl			Ovl		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	2	0	1		1	0	2	0	1	

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	177	334	109	391	668	112	28	341	243	127	618	135
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	177	334	109	391	668	112	28	341	243	127	618	135
Added Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	177	334	109	391	668	112	28	341	243	127	618	135
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	177	334	109	391	668	112	28	341	243	127	618	135
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	177	334	109	391	668	112	28	341	243	127	618	135
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	177	334	109	391	668	112	28	341	243	127	618	135

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.97	0.95	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Final Sat.:	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	3686	3610	1900

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.21	0.19	0.06	0.01	0.09	0.13	0.03	0.17	0.07
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.17	0.16	0.31	0.35	0.33	0.41	0.08	0.21	0.38	0.15	0.29	0.63
Volume/Cap:	0.56	0.60	0.19	0.60	0.56	0.14	0.19	0.44	0.33	0.23	0.60	0.11
Uniform Del:	34.4	35.4	23.0	24.3	24.5	16.6	38.8	30.6	19.7	33.6	27.6	6.5
IncrcmntDel:	2.1	1.7	0.2	1.5	0.6	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.0
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Delay/Veh:	36.5	37.1	23.2	25.7	25.1	16.7	39.5	31.0	19.9	33.8	28.5	6.6
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	36.5	37.1	23.2	25.7	25.1	16.7	39.5	31.0	19.9	33.8	28.5	6.6
LOS by Move:	D	D	C	C	C	B	D	C	B	C	C	A
HCM2kAvgQ:	5	5	2	9	8	2	1	5	5	2	8	1

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report
Scenario: Existing (Factored) PM
Command: Default Command
Volume: Existing (Factored) PM
Geometry: Existing PM
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: No Project
Trip Distribution: Distribution
Paths: Default Path
Routes: Default Route
Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.544
Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 30.1
Optimal Cycle: 50 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control (Protected), Rights (Include), Min. Green (7-10-10), Y+R (4.0-4.0-4.0), and Lanes (1-0-1-1-0).

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns for volume metrics. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 13 columns for saturation flow metrics. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 13 columns for capacity analysis metrics. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 1.0 Worst Case Level Of Service: C [19.9]

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Approach, Movement, Control, Rights, and Lanes.

Volume Module: Table with 13 columns for various volume and adjustment factors like Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, etc.

Critical Gap Module: Table with 13 columns for Critical Gap and FollowUpTim values.

Capacity Module: Table with 13 columns for Capacity-related metrics like Cnflct Vol, Potent Cap., Move Cap., etc.

Level Of Service Module: Table with 13 columns for LOS-related metrics like 2Way95thQ, Control Del, LOS by Move, etc.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.194
 Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 6.0
 Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Permitted			Permitted		
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	2	603	0	1	580	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	2	603	0	1	580	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
Added Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	2	603	0	1	580	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	2	603	0	1	580	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	2	603	0	1	580	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	2	603	0	1	580	36	28	0	4	0	0	0

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.94	0.94	0.80	1.00	0.80	1.00	1.00	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	0.00	1.00	1.88	0.12	0.87	0.00	0.13	0.00	1.00	0.00
Final Sat.:	1805	3610	0	1805	3368	209	1334	0	191	0	1900	0

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.17	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crit Moves:	****			****			****					
Green/Cycle:	0.07	0.63	0.00	0.27	0.83	0.83	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
Volume/Cap:	0.02	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
Uniform Del:	43.3	8.1	0.0	27.0	1.8	1.8	41.3	0.0	41.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
IncrcmntDel:	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Delay/Veh:	43.3	8.1	0.0	27.0	1.8	1.8	41.9	0.0	41.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	43.3	8.1	0.0	27.0	1.8	1.8	41.9	0.0	41.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOS by Move:	D	A	A	C	A	A	D	A	D	A	A	A
HCM2kAvgQ:	0	4	0	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.603
Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 27.9
Optimal Cycle: 48 Level Of Service: C

Table with 4 columns: North Bound, South Bound, East Bound, West Bound. Rows include Movement (L-T-R), Control (Protected), Rights (Ovl), Min. Green (7-10-10), Y+R (4.0-4.0-4.0), and Lanes (1-0-2-0-1).

Volume Module: Table with 12 columns for volume metrics. Rows include Base Vol, Growth Adj, Initial Bse, Added Vol, PasserByVol, Initial Fut, User Adj, PHF Adj, PHF Volume, Reduct Vol, Reduced Vol, PCE Adj, MLF Adj, and Final Volume.

Saturation Flow Module: Table with 12 columns for saturation flow metrics. Rows include Sat/Lane, Adjustment, Lanes, and Final Sat.

Capacity Analysis Module: Table with 12 columns for capacity analysis metrics. Rows include Vol/Sat, Crit Moves, Green/Cycle, Volume/Cap, Uniform Del, IncremntDel, InitQueueDel, Delay Adj, Delay/Veh, User DelAdj, AdjDel/Veh, LOS by Move, and HCM2kAvgQ.

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report
Scenario: Existing (Factored) +P AM
Command: Default Command
Volume: Existing (Factored) AM
Geometry: Existing AM
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: Project AM
Trip Distribution: Distribution
Paths: Default Path
Routes: Default Route
Configuration: Default Configuration

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.544
 Loss Time (sec): 17 Average Delay (sec/veh): 33.9
 Optimal Cycle: 54 Level Of Service: C

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Protected			Protected		
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	71	345	75	243	578	87	75	288	119	185	272	135
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	71	345	75	243	578	87	75	288	119	185	272	135
Added Vol:	6	14	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	77	359	75	243	580	87	75	288	120	185	272	135
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	77	359	75	243	580	87	75	288	120	185	272	135
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	77	359	75	243	580	87	75	288	120	185	272	135
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	77	359	75	243	580	87	75	288	120	185	272	135

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.95	0.93	0.93	0.95	0.91	0.91	0.95	0.90	0.90
Lanes:	1.00	1.65	0.35	1.00	1.74	0.26	1.00	1.41	0.59	1.00	1.34	0.66
Final Sat.:	1805	2909	608	1805	3079	462	1805	2436	1015	1805	2292	1138

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.04	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.19	0.19	0.04	0.12	0.12	0.10	0.12	0.12
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.08	0.20	0.20	0.22	0.35	0.35	0.15	0.22	0.22	0.19	0.26	0.26
Volume/Cap:	0.54	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.54	0.54	0.28	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.47	0.47
Uniform Del:	44.4	36.2	36.2	35.0	26.3	26.3	37.7	34.7	34.7	36.7	31.5	31.5
IncrcmntDel:	4.3	1.5	1.5	2.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.8	0.4	0.4
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Delay/Veh:	48.7	37.8	37.8	37.7	26.9	26.9	38.2	35.6	35.6	38.5	31.9	31.9
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	48.7	37.8	37.8	37.7	26.9	26.9	38.2	35.6	35.6	38.5	31.9	31.9
LOS by Move:	D	D	D	D	C	C	D	D	D	D	C	C
HCM2kAvgQ:	3	7	7	8	9	9	2	6	6	6	6	6

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 3.0 Worst Case Level Of Service: E[35.7]

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound										
Movement:	L	-	T	-	R	L	-	T	-	R	L	-	T	-	R	L	-	T	-	R
Control:	Uncontrolled			Uncontrolled			Stop Sign			Stop Sign										
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include										
Lanes:	1	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	22	421	0	0	883	72	79	0	43	0	0	0
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	22	421	0	0	883	72	79	0	43	0	0	0
Added Vol:	0	20	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	22	441	0	0	886	72	79	0	43	0	0	0
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	22	441	0	0	886	72	79	0	43	0	0	0
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FinalVolume:	22	441	0	0	886	72	79	0	43	0	0	0

Critical Gap Module:

Critical Gp:	4.1	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	6.8	6.5	6.9	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
FollowUpTim:	2.2	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	3.5	4.0	3.3	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx

Capacity Module:

Cnflct Vol:	958	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	1187	1407	479	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
Potent Cap.:	726	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	184	140	538	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
Move Cap.:	726	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	180	136	538	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
Volume/Cap:	0.03	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	0.44	0.00	0.08	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx

Level Of Service Module:

2Way95thQ:	0.1	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx			
Control Del:	10.1	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx			
LOS by Move:	B	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*			
Movement:	LT	-	LTR	-	RT	LT	-	LTR	-	RT	LT	-	LTR	-	RT
Shared Cap.:	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	235	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx			
SharedQueue:	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	2.7	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx			
Shrd ConDel:	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	35.7	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx			
Shared LOS:	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	E	*	*	*	*			
ApproachDel:	xxxxxx			xxxxxx			35.7			xxxxxx					
ApproachLOS:		*			*		E				*				

 Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.307
 Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 3.1
 Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Permitted			Permitted		
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	3	439	0	0	904	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
Added Vol:	0	6	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	3	445	0	0	947	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	3	445	0	0	947	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	3	445	0	0	947	30	42	0	8	0	0	0
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	3	445	0	0	947	30	42	0	8	0	0	0

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	0.95	0.95	0.95	1.00	0.95	0.95	0.79	1.00	0.79	1.00	1.00	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	0.00	1.00	1.94	0.06	0.84	0.00	0.16	0.00	1.00	0.00
Final Sat.:	1805	3610	0	1900	3482	110	1260	0	240	0	1900	0

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.27	0.03	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.07	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.83	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
Volume/Cap:	0.02	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
Uniform Del:	43.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	41.8	0.0	41.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
IncrcmntDel:	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Delay/Veh:	43.4	0.6	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	43.0	0.0	43.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	43.4	0.6	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	43.0	0.0	43.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOS by Move:	D	A	A	A	A	A	D	A	D	A	A	A
HCM2kAvgQ:	0	1	0	0	4	4	2	0	2	0	0	0

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level of Service Computation Report
 2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.579
 Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 27.3
 Optimal Cycle: 46 Level of Service: C

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Protected			Protected		
Rights:	Ovl			Ovl			Ovl			Ovl		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	2	0	1		1	0	2	0	1	

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	177	334	109	391	668	112	28	341	243	127	618	135
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	177	334	109	391	668	112	28	341	243	127	618	135
Added Vol:	0	1	0	33	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	5
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	177	335	109	424	674	115	28	341	243	127	618	140
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	177	335	109	424	674	115	28	341	243	127	618	140
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	177	335	109	424	674	115	28	341	243	127	618	140
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	177	335	109	424	674	115	28	341	243	127	618	140

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.97	0.95	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Final Sat.:	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	3686	3610	1900

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.22	0.19	0.06	0.01	0.09	0.13	0.03	0.17	0.07
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.17	0.15	0.30	0.36	0.34	0.42	0.08	0.21	0.38	0.15	0.28	0.64
Volume/Cap:	0.55	0.62	0.19	0.62	0.55	0.14	0.19	0.45	0.34	0.24	0.62	0.12
Uniform Del:	34.2	35.8	23.6	23.6	24.0	16.2	38.8	31.1	19.9	34.0	28.4	6.3
IncrcmntDel:	2.0	2.2	0.2	1.7	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	1.2	0.0
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Delay/Veh:	36.1	38.0	23.8	25.3	24.5	16.2	39.5	31.5	20.2	34.2	29.5	6.4
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	36.1	38.0	23.8	25.3	24.5	16.2	39.5	31.5	20.2	34.2	29.5	6.4
LOS by Move:	D	D	C	C	C	B	D	C	C	C	C	A
HCM2kAvgQ:	5	6	2	10	8	2	1	5	5	2	9	1

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Scenario Report

Scenario: Existing (Factored) +P PM

Command: Default Command

Volume: Existing (Factored) PM

Geometry: Existing PM

Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee

Trip Generation: Project PM

Trip Distribution: Distribution

Paths: Default Path

Routes: Default Route

Configuration: Default Configuration

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Level Of Service Computation Report
2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)
*****
Intersection #1 Cedar Blvd and Central Ave
*****
Cycle (sec):          100          Critical Vol./Cap.(X):          0.548
Loss Time (sec):      0            Average Delay (sec/veh):        30.1
Optimal Cycle:        50            Level Of Service:                C
*****
Approach:             North Bound      South Bound      East Bound      West Bound
Movement:            L - T - R      L - T - R      L - T - R      L - T - R
-----|-----|-----|-----|
Control:              Protected      Protected      Protected      Protected
Rights:               Include       Include       Include       Include
Min. Green:           7  10  10      7  10  10      7  10  10      7  10  10
Y+R:                  4.0 4.0 4.0    4.0 4.0 4.0    4.0 4.0 4.0    4.0 4.0 4.0
Lanes:                1  0  1  1  0    1  0  1  1  0    1  0  1  1  0    1  0  1  1  0
-----|-----|-----|-----|
Volume Module:
Base Vol:             76  426  163    245  373  72    82  497  74    139  252  139
Growth Adj:           1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00
Initial Bse:           76  426  163    245  373  72    82  497  74    139  252  139
Added Vol:             3   6   0         0  14   0         0   0   6         0   0   0
PasserByVol:           0   0   0         0   0   0         0   0   0         0   0   0
Initial Fut:           79  432  163    245  387  72    82  497  80    139  252  139
User Adj:              1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00
PHF Adj:               1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00
PHF Volume:           79  432  163    245  387  72    82  497  80    139  252  139
Reduct Vol:            0   0   0         0   0   0         0   0   0         0   0   0
Reduced Vol:          79  432  163    245  387  72    82  497  80    139  252  139
PCE Adj:               1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00
MLF Adj:               1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00
FinalVolume:          79  432  163    245  387  72    82  497  80    139  252  139
-----|-----|-----|-----|
Saturation Flow Module:
Sat/Lane:             1900 1900  1900    1900 1900  1900    1900 1900  1900    1900 1900  1900
Adjustment:           0.95 0.91  0.91    0.95 0.93  0.93    0.95 0.93  0.93    0.95 0.90  0.90
Lanes:                1.00 1.45  0.55    1.00 1.69  0.31    1.00 1.72  0.28    1.00 1.29  0.71
Final Sat.:           1805 2514  948    1805 2971  553    1805 3044  490    1805 2203  1215
-----|-----|-----|-----|
Capacity Analysis Module:
Vol/Sat:              0.04 0.17  0.17    0.14 0.13  0.13    0.05 0.16  0.16    0.08 0.11  0.11
Crit Moves:           ****          ****          ****
Green/Cycle:          0.20 0.31  0.31    0.25 0.37  0.37    0.17 0.30  0.30    0.14 0.27  0.27
Volume/Cap:           0.22 0.55  0.55    0.55 0.36  0.36    0.27 0.55  0.55    0.55 0.42  0.42
Uniform Del:          33.8 28.4  28.4    32.7 23.2  23.2    36.4 29.4  29.4    40.0 29.9  29.9
IncramntDel:          0.3  0.6  0.6     1.4 0.2  0.2     0.5 0.6  0.6     2.5 0.3  0.3
InitQueueDel:         0.0  0.0  0.0     0.0 0.0  0.0     0.0 0.0  0.0     0.0 0.0  0.0
Delay Adj:             1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00
Delay/Veh:             34.1 29.0  29.0    34.2 23.3  23.3    36.9 30.1  30.1    42.5 30.2  30.2
User DelAdj:          1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00    1.00 1.00  1.00
AdjDel/Veh:           34.1 29.0  29.0    34.2 23.3  23.3    36.9 30.1  30.1    42.5 30.2  30.2
LOS by Move:          C   C   C     C   C   C     D   C   C     D   C   C
HCM2kAvgQ:             2   8   8     7   5   5     2   8   8     5   5   5
*****

```

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Unsignalized Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #2 Cedar Blvd and Smith Ave

Average Delay (sec/veh): 1.1 Worst Case Level Of Service: C[20.5]

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Uncontrolled			Uncontrolled			Stop Sign			Stop Sign		
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include		
Lanes:	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	15	622	0	0	519	66	54	0	7	0	0	0
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	15	622	0	0	519	66	54	0	7	0	0	0
Added Vol:	0	8	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	15	630	0	0	539	66	54	0	7	0	0	0
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	15	630	0	0	539	66	54	0	7	0	0	0
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FinalVolume:	15	630	0	0	539	66	54	0	7	0	0	0

Critical Gap Module:

Critical Gp:	4.1	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	6.8	6.5	6.9	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
FollowUpTim:	2.2	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	3.5	4.0	3.3	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx

Capacity Module:

Cnflct Vol:	605	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	917	1232	303	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
Potent Cap.:	983	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	275	179	700	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
Move Cap.:	983	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	272	176	700	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
Volume/Cap:	0.02	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx	0.20	0.00	0.01	xxxx	xxxx	xxxx

Level Of Service Module:

2Way95thQ:	0.0	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
Control Del:	8.7	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
LOS by Move:	A	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Movement:	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT	LT - LTR - RT
Shared Cap.:	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	292	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
SharedQueue:	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	0.8	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
Shrd ConDel:	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	20.5	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
Shared LOS:	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	C	*	*	*	*
ApproachDel:	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	20.5	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	xxxxxx	
ApproachLOS:	*	*	*	*	*	*	C	*	*	*	*	

 Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #3 Cedar Blvd and Moores Ave

Cycle (sec): 100 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.199
 Loss Time (sec): 0 Average Delay (sec/veh): 5.7
 Optimal Cycle: 27 Level Of Service: A

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Permitted			Permitted		
Rights:	Include			Include			Include			Include		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	2	603	0	1	580	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	2	603	0	1	580	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
Added Vol:	0	43	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	2	646	0	1	597	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	2	646	0	1	597	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	2	646	0	1	597	36	28	0	4	0	0	0
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	2	646	0	1	597	36	28	0	4	0	0	0

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.94	0.94	0.80	1.00	0.80	1.00	1.00	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	0.00	1.00	1.89	0.11	0.87	0.00	0.13	0.00	1.00	0.00
Final Sat.:	1805	3610	0	1805	3374	203	1332	0	190	0	1900	0

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.18	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crit Moves:	****			****			****					
Green/Cycle:	0.07	0.65	0.00	0.25	0.83	0.83	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
Volume/Cap:	0.02	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00
Uniform Del:	43.3	7.6	0.0	27.9	1.8	1.8	41.4	0.0	41.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
IncrcmntDel:	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Delay/Veh:	43.3	7.7	0.0	27.9	1.8	1.8	42.1	0.0	42.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	43.3	7.7	0.0	27.9	1.8	1.8	42.1	0.0	42.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
LOS by Move:	D	A	A	C	A	A	D	A	D	A	A	A
HCM2kAvgQ:	0	4	0	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Level Of Service Computation Report

2000 HCM Operations Method (Future Volume Alternative)

 Intersection #4 Cedar Blvd and Mowry Ave

Cycle (sec): 90 Critical Vol./Cap.(X): 0.613
 Loss Time (sec): 12 Average Delay (sec/veh): 27.9
 Optimal Cycle: 49 Level Of Service: C

Approach:	North Bound			South Bound			East Bound			West Bound		
Movement:	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R	L	T	R
Control:	Protected			Protected			Protected			Protected		
Rights:	Ovl			Ovl			Ovl			Ovl		
Min. Green:	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10	7	10	10
Y+R:	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Lanes:	1	0	2	0	1		1	0	2	0	1	

Volume Module:

Base Vol:	178	422	195	219	354	47	116	745	166	309	415	327
Growth Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	178	422	195	219	354	47	116	745	166	309	415	327
Added Vol:	0	6	0	13	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	33
PasserByVol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Fut:	178	428	195	232	357	48	119	745	166	309	415	360
User Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PHF Volume:	178	428	195	232	357	48	119	745	166	309	415	360
Reduct Vol:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced Vol:	178	428	195	232	357	48	119	745	166	309	415	360
PCE Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
MLF Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
FinalVolume:	178	428	195	232	357	48	119	745	166	309	415	360

Saturation Flow Module:

Sat/Lane:	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Adjustment:	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.97	0.95	1.00
Lanes:	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
Final Sat.:	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	1900	3610	1900	3686	3610	1900

Capacity Analysis Module:

Vol/Sat:	0.09	0.12	0.10	0.12	0.10	0.03	0.06	0.21	0.09	0.08	0.11	0.19
Crit Moves:	****			****			****			****		
Green/Cycle:	0.18	0.19	0.33	0.20	0.21	0.40	0.19	0.34	0.52	0.14	0.28	0.48
Volume/Cap:	0.52	0.61	0.31	0.61	0.46	0.06	0.33	0.61	0.17	0.61	0.41	0.39
Uniform Del:	33.4	33.2	22.5	32.9	30.9	16.4	31.4	24.9	11.5	36.6	26.2	14.9
IncrcmntDel:	1.4	1.6	0.3	3.0	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.9	0.1	2.2	0.3	0.3
InitQueueDel:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delay Adj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Delay/Veh:	34.9	34.8	22.8	35.8	31.4	16.4	31.9	25.9	11.6	38.8	26.4	15.2
User DelAdj:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
AdjDel/Veh:	34.9	34.8	22.8	35.8	31.4	16.4	31.9	25.9	11.6	38.8	26.4	15.2
LOS by Move:	C	C	C	D	C	B	C	C	B	D	C	B
HCM2kAvgQ:	5	7	4	6	4	1	3	10	2	5	5	6

Note: Queue reported is the number of cars per lane.

Appendix D

ACTC VMT Reduction Calculator Tool Results

MOBILITY MANAGEMENT VMT REDUCTION CALCULATOR TOOL

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Project Information

Project Name (optional):	Cedar Robson Homes
Project Address (optional):	38478 Cedar Boulevard
Project Type (optional):	Residential Office
Analysis Location (TAZ # from website):	934
Jurisdiction (auto calculated from TAZ #):	Newark

TDM Strategy Results

TDM ID	Strategy Name	Strategy Type	VMT Type	Change in VMT	Exclusions
1A	Voluntary Employer Commute Program	Project/Site	Employee commute trips		
1B	Mandatory Employer Commute Program	Project/Site	Employee commute trips		
1C	Employer Carpool Program	Project/Site	Employee commute trips		
1D1	Implement Subsidized or Discounted Transit Program (for Employees)	Project/Site	Employee commute trips		
1D2	Implement Subsidized or Discounted Transit Program (for Residents)	Project/Site	Project-generated trips		
1E	Employer Vanpool Program	Project/Site	Employee commute trips		
1F	Employer Telework Program	Project/Site	Employee commute trips		
2A	Transit Oriented Development	Project/Site	Project-generated trips		
2B1	Increase Residential Density	Project/Site	Project-generated trips	-18.1%	
2B2	Increase Employment Density	Project/Site	Employee commute trips		
2C	Integrate Affordable and Below Market Rate Housing	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
3A1	Price Workplace Parking	Project/Site	Employee commute trips		
3A2	Unbundle Parking Costs from Property Cost	Project/Site	Project-generated trips		
3B	Parking Cash Out	Project/Site	Employee commute trips		
3C	Limit Parking Supply	Project/Site	Project-generated trips		
3D	Provide Bike Parking	Project/Site	Project-generated trips		
4A	Street Connectivity Improvement	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
4B	Pedestrian Facility Improvement	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
4C	Bikeway Network Expansion	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
4D	Bike Facility Improvement	Neighborhood/City	Trips on roadway with bikeway addition		
4E	Bikeshare	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
4F	Carshare	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
4G	Community-Based Travel Planning	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
4H	Provide Neighborhood Traffic Calming Measures	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
5A	Transit Service Expansion	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
5B	Transit Frequency Improvements	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
5C	Transit-Supportive Treatments	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
5D	Transit Fare Reduction	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		
5E	Microtransit NEV Shuttle	Neighborhood/City	All neighborhood/city trips		

Employee Commute Trips - Total Change in VMT	0.0%
Project-Generated Trips - Total Change in VMT	-18.1%
All Neighborhood/City Trips - Total Change in VMT	0.0%
Trips on Roadway Affected by Bikeway Addition - Total Change in VMT	0.0%

2B1. Increase Residential Density

Level of application: **Project/Site**
 Type of VMT affected: **Project-generated trips**
 Max VMT reduction: **30.0%**

[Return to Main](#) ←
[Results Summary](#) 📄

This strategy accounts for the VMT reduction achieved by a project that is designed with a higher density of dwelling units (du) compared to the average residential density in the United States. Increased densities affect the distance people travel and provide greater options for the mode of travel they choose. Increasing residential density results in shorter and fewer trips by single occupancy vehicles and thus a reduction in GHG emissions.

Projects with a residential density greater than 9.1 dwelling units per acre will see VMT reductions due to this strategy.

Residential density of project development (dwelling units per acre)	<input type="text" value="16.6"/>	user input
Residential density of typical development (dwelling units per acre)	<input type="text" value="9.1"/>	constant, source (1)
User override of residential density of typical development	<input type="text"/>	<u>user input, optional</u>
Residential density of typical development used for calculation	<input type="text" value="9.1"/>	calculated
Elasticity of VMT with respect to residential density	<input type="text" value="-0.22"/>	constant, source (2)
Change in VMT (as compared to single-use project)	<input type="text" value="-18.1%"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Exclude from Results Active

Formula: % Change in VMT = ((Residential density of project development (dwelling units per acre) - Residential density of typical development)/ Residential density of typical development) * Elasticity of VMT with respect to residential density

Sources:

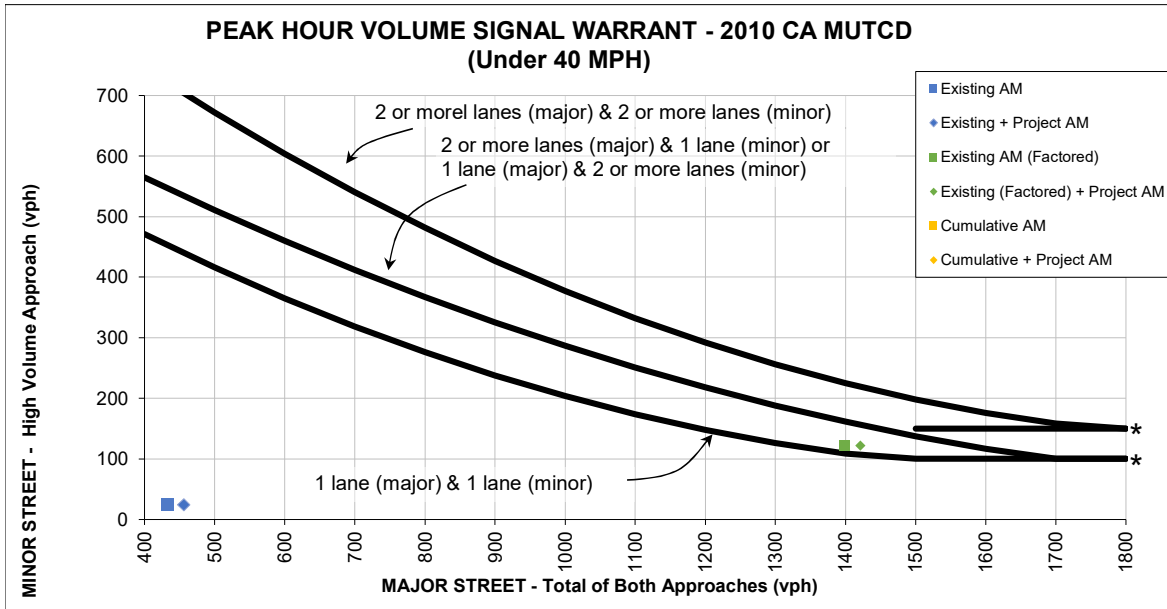
(1) Ewing, R., Bartholomew, K., Winkelman, S., Walters, J., Chen, D. 2007. Growing Cooler: The Evidence on Urban Development and Climate Change. October. Available: https://www.nrdc.org/sites/default/files/cit_07092401a.pdf. Accessed: January 2021.

(2) Stevens, M. 2016. Does Compact Development Make People Drive Less? Journal of the American Planning Association 83:1(7–18), DOI: 10.1080/01944363.2016.1240044. November. Available: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/309890412_Does_Compact_Development_Make_People_Drive_Less. Accessed: January 2021.

Appendix E

Signal Warrant Analysis

Cedar Boulevard and Smith Avenue

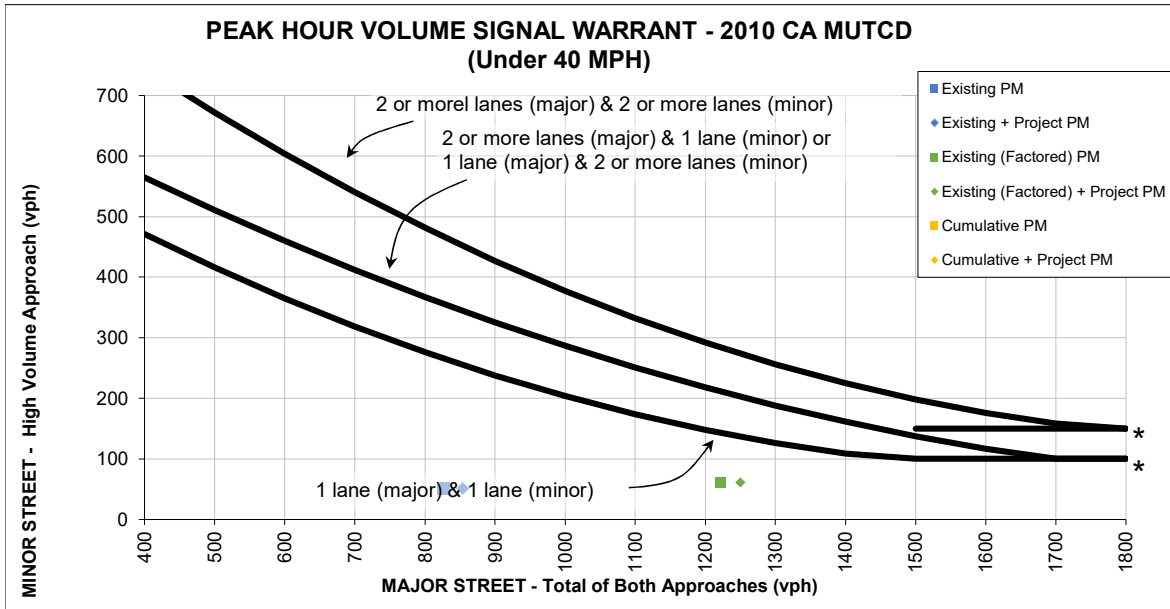


* NOTE: 150 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor street approach with 2 or more lanes and 100 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor street approach with 1 lane.

Peak Hour Volume Warrant Per 2003 MUTCD- Under 40 MPH

		AM Peak Hour Volumes							
		Approach Lanes		Existing AM	Existing + Project AM	Existing AM (Factored)	Existing (Factored) + Project AM	Cumulative AM	Cumulative + Project AM
		2 or	One More						
Major Street - Both Approaches	Cedar Boulevard		x	433	456	1398	1421	2159	2182
Minor Street - Highest Approach	Smith Avenue	x		24	24	122	122	205	205
Warrant Met?				no	no	no	no	yes	yes

Cedar Boulevard and Smith Avenue



* NOTE: 150 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor street approach with 2 or more lanes and 100 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor street approach with 1 lane.

Peak Hour Volume Warrant Per 2003 MUTCD- Under 40 MPH

		AM Peak Hour Volumes							
		Approach Lanes		Existing PM	Existing + Project PM	Existing (Factored) PM	Existing (Factored) + Project PM	Cumulative PM	Cumulative + Project PM
		2 or	One More						
Major Street - Both Approaches	Cedar Boulevard		x	826	854	1222	1250	2151	2179
Minor Street - Highest Approach	Smith Avenue	x		51	51	61	61	54	54
Warrant Met?				no	no	no	no	no	no

Appendix F

Signal Warrant Memo



Memorandum

Date: September 24, 2021

To: Jayson Imai, City of Newark

From: Gary Black
Daniel Choi

Subject: Signal Warrant Analysis for the Intersection at Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue in Newark, CA

Hexagon Transportation Consultants, Inc. has completed a signal warrant analysis to determine the need for a change in traffic control for the intersection of Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue in Newark, California. Vehicular traffic volumes were collected for 24-hours in September 2021 along each approach to the intersection. Peak-hour turning movement counts (7:00-9:00 AM and 4:00-6:00 PM), which included pedestrian crossing movements, were also collected at the intersection. Roadway volume counts and peak-hour turning movement counts can be found in Attachment A.

The intersection was evaluated for the following signal warrants found in the 2014 California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (CA MUTCD):

- Warrant 1 – Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 2 – Four-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 3 – Peak Hour
- Warrant 4 – Pedestrian Volume
- Warrant 5 – School Crossing
- Warrant 7 – Crash Experience

For the signal warrant analysis, Cedar Boulevard was considered the major street, and Smith Avenue was considered the minor road. The MUTCD notes that the satisfaction of a traffic signal warrant or warrants shall not itself require the installation of a traffic signal. Therefore, the analysis presented in this memo is for informational purposes for City of Newark staff to determine whether a traffic signal should be installed at the intersection.

Warrant 1- Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume

The Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume warrant (Warrant 1) consists of two parts: A) the minimum vehicular volume and B) the interruption of continuous traffic. The first part is intended for locations where a large volume of intersection traffic is the principal reason to consider the installation of a traffic signal. The second part is intended for locations where part A is not satisfied and where traffic volume on a major street is so heavy that minor street traffic suffers excessive delay or conflict entering the street.

The minimum volumes needed to meet Warrant 1 is shown on Table 4C-1 in the 2014 CAMUTCD (see below). The warrant should be applied to each of any 8 hours of an average day. Since a

speed study determined that the 85th percentile speed along Cedar Boulevard exceeds 40 mph, 70% volumes are used for the analysis.

Table 4C-1. Warrant 1, Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume

Condition A—Minimum Vehicular Volume

Number of lanes for moving traffic on each approach		Vehicles per hour on major street (total of both approaches)				Vehicles per hour on higher-volume minor-street approach (one direction only)			
Major Street	Minor Street	100% ^a	80% ^b	70% ^c	56% ^d	100% ^a	80% ^b	70% ^c	56% ^d
1	1	500	400	350	280	150	120	105	84
2 or more	1	600	480	420	336	150	120	105	84
2 or more	2 or more	600	480	420	336	200	160	140	112
1	2 or more	500	400	350	280	200	160	140	112

Condition B—Interruption of Continuous Traffic

Number of lanes for moving traffic on each approach		Vehicles per hour on major street (total of both approaches)				Vehicles per hour on higher-volume minor-street approach (one direction only)			
Major Street	Minor Street	100% ^a	80% ^b	70% ^c	56% ^d	100% ^a	80% ^b	70% ^c	56% ^d
1	1	750	600	525	420	75	60	53	42
2 or more	1	900	720	630	504	75	60	53	42
2 or more	2 or more	900	720	630	504	100	80	70	56
1	2 or more	750	600	525	420	100	80	70	56

^a Basic minimum hourly volume

^b Used for combination of Conditions A and B after adequate trial of other remedial measures

^c May be used when the major-street speed exceeds 40 mph or in an isolated community with a population of less than 10,000

^d May be used for combination of Conditions A and B after adequate trial of other remedial measures when the major-street speed exceeds 40 mph or in an isolated community with a population of less than 10,000

Warrant 1 would be met under the following conditions:

- a) Part A is met under the 100% basic minimum hourly volume (70% when major-street approach exceeds 40 mph)
- b) Part B is met under the 100% basic minimum hourly volume (70% when major-street approach exceeds 40 mph)
- c) Parts A and B are met under the 80% basic minimum hourly volume (56% when major-street approach exceeds 40 mph)

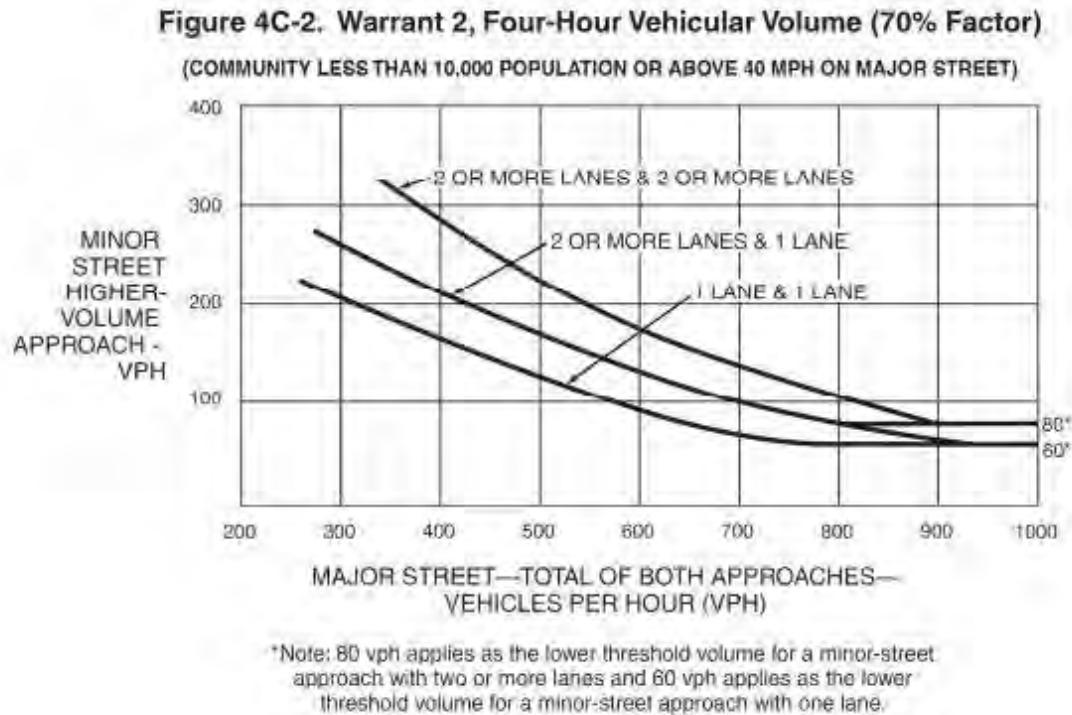
The vehicular volumes collected finds that **Warrant 1 is not met** during any 8 hours at the intersection. The signal warrant worksheet can be found in Attachment B.

Warrant 2- Four-Hour Vehicular Volume

The Four-Hour Vehicular Volume warrant (Warrant 2) is intended for locations where volume of intersecting traffic is the principal reason to consider the installation of a traffic signal. The hourly volume of the total of both major street approaches should be plotted against the minor street

approach volume for any four hours of an average day. Since a speed study determined that the 85th percentile speed along Cedar Boulevard exceeds 40 mph, 70% volumes are used for the analysis.

For Warrant 2 to be met, the plotted point of any four hours of an average day should be above the “2 OR MORE LANES & 1 LANE” line of Figure 4C-2 in the 2014 CAMUTCD (see below).



Based on the plotted points of the roadway vehicular volumes collected, **Warrant 2 is not met** during any 4 hours at the intersection. The signal warrant worksheet can be found in Attachment B.

Warrant 3- Peak Hour

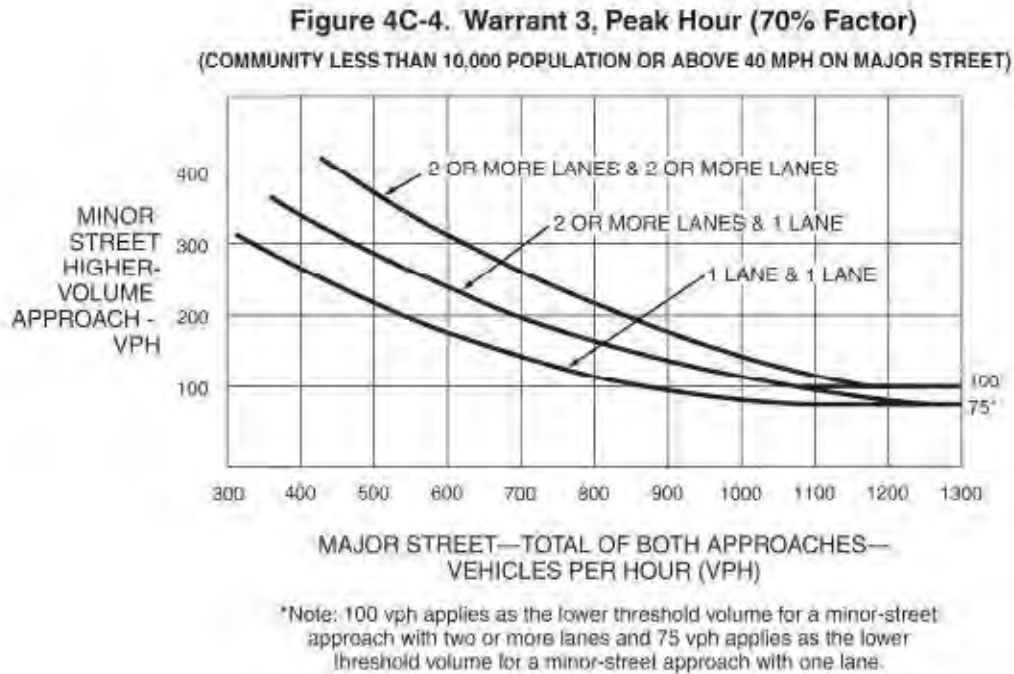
The Peak Hour signal warrant (Warrant 3) is intended for use at locations where traffic conditions are such that for a minimum of 1 hour of an average day, the minor street approach suffers undue delay when entering or crossing the major street. Warrant 3 consists of two parts and would be met when either part meets the warrant conditions. The two parts are as follows:

Part A: All three conditions of Part A must be met:

- 1) The total stopped time delay experienced by the traffic on one minor-street approach (one direction only) controlled by a STOP sign equals or exceeds: 4 vehicle-hours for a one-lane approach and
- 2) The total volume on the same minor-street approach (one direction only) equals or exceeds 100 vehicles per hour for one moving lane of traffic and
- 3) The total entering volume serviced during the hour equals or exceeds 650 vehicles per hour for intersections with three approaches

Part B: The plotted point of representing the vehicles per hour on the major street (total of both approaches) and the corresponding vehicles per hour on the minor street approach should be above the “2 OR MORE LANES & 1 LANE” line of Figure 4C-2 in the 2014 CAMUTCD (see below).

Since a speed study determined that the 85th percentile speed along Cedar Boulevard exceeds 40 mph, 70% volumes are used for the analysis.



Part B of **Warrant 3 is met** during the peak hour at the intersection. The signal warrant worksheet can be found in Attachment B. It should be noted that the analyses conducted for the 37478 Cedar Boulevard (Robson Homes development) project found that using factored volumes based on historical counts would meet the peak-hour warrant. Since the peak-hour warrant is met, the installation of a traffic signal at the intersection should be considered.

Warrant 4- Pedestrian Volume

The Pedestrian Volume signal warrant (Warrant 4) is intended for use at locations where traffic volumes on a major street is so heavy that pedestrians experience excessive delay in crossing the major street. Warrant 4 consists of two parts and would be met when both parts meet the warrant conditions. The two parts are as follows:

Part 1: Either condition in Part 1 must be met:

- 1) The plotted point of representing the vehicles per hour on the major street (total of both approaches) and the corresponding vehicles per hour on the minor street approach of any four hours in an average day should be above line on Figure 4C-6 in the 2014 CAMUTCD
- 2) The plotted point of representing the vehicles per hour on the major street (total of both approaches) and the corresponding vehicles per hour on the minor street approach of the peak hour in an average day should be above line on Figure 4C-8 in the 2014 CAMUTCD

The plotted points have a minimum pedestrian threshold of 75 and 93 pedestrians crossing the major streets, for the any four hours and peak hour, respectively.

Part 2: Either condition in Part 2 must be met:

- 1) The distance to the nearest traffic signal along the major street is greater than 300 ft
- 2) The proposed traffic signal will not restrict progressive traffic flow along the major street.

Peak-hour turning movement counts found that no pedestrians crossed the major street during the peak hours. Since no pedestrians crossed the major street during the peak hours, it can be concluded that **Warrant 4 is not met** at the intersection. The proposed Robson Homes project could generate a small number of pedestrian trips at this intersection. The Birch Grove Park, Birch Grove Elementary School, and businesses along Cherry Street are located west of the intersection and would require any pedestrian trips to cross Cedar Boulevard. However, the addition of project-generated trips would not generate enough pedestrian trips to meet the minimum thresholds of Warrant 4.

Warrant 5- School Crossing

The School Crossing signal warrant (Warrant 5) is intended for application where the fact that schoolchildren cross the major street is the principal reason to consider installing a traffic control signal. Consideration shall be given to other remedial measures such as warning signs, school speed zones, and school crossing guards before a traffic control signal should be considered.

As discussed above, turning movement counts found that no pedestrians crossed the major street during the peak hours. Therefore, it can be concluded **Warrant 5 is not met** at the intersection.

Warrant 7- Crash Experience

The Crash Experience signal warrant (Warrant 7) is intended for application where the severity and frequency of crashes are the principal reasons to consider installing a traffic signal. Warrant 7 would be met when all of the following conditions are met:

- a) Adequate trial of alternatives with satisfactory observance and enforcement has failed to reduce the crash frequency and
- b) Five or more reported crashes of types susceptible to correction by a traffic control signal, have occurred within a 12-month period, each crash involving personal injury or property damage apparently exceeding the applicable requirements for a reportable crash and
- c) For each of any 8 hours of an average day, the vehicles per hour (vph) given in both of the 80 percent columns of Condition A in Table 4C-1, or the vph in both of the 80 percent columns of Condition B in Table 4C-1 exists on the major-street and the higher-volume minor-street approach, respectively, to the intersection, or the volume of pedestrian traffic is not less than 80 percent of the requirements specified in the Pedestrian Volume warrant. These major-street and minor-street volumes shall be for the same 8 hours. On the minor street, the higher volume shall not be required to be on the same approach during each of the 8 hours.

The engineering and traffic study for Cedar Boulevard, between Central Avenue and Moores Avenue found that a total for four accidents occurred along the corridor between 2012 and 2016. One of these accidents occurred at the Cedar Boulevard & Smith Avenue intersection. Recent data from the Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS) found that two accidents have occurred at the intersection in the last ten years.

Warrant 7 is not met because all three conditions of the warrant are not met for this intersection. The signal warrant worksheet can be found in Attachment B.

Conclusions

The MUTCD provides signal warrants to provide guidance on when a traffic signal should be considered at an unsignalized intersection. Warrants 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7 were evaluated for the intersection of Cedar Boulevard and Smith Avenue. The analysis finds that only the peak-hour signal warrant (Warrant 3) is met based on roadway volume data. Warrants 1, 2, 4, 5, and 7 are not met based on roadway volume data, peak-hour turning movement counts, and historical crash data. Since the peak-hour warrant is met, the installation of a traffic signal at the intersection should be considered.

Cedar and Smith Signal Warrant Analysis Attachments

Attachment A

Roadway Counts

Site Code: 1
Station ID:
CEDAR BLVD N.O SMITH AVE

Start Time	14-Sep-21 Tue	SB										
12:00 AM		27										
01:00		10										
02:00		7										
03:00		8										
04:00		21										
05:00		73										
06:00		148										
07:00		499										
08:00		819										
09:00		277										
10:00		281										
11:00		321										
12:00 PM		331										
01:00		332										
02:00		542										
03:00		774										
04:00		631										
05:00		484										
06:00		355										
07:00		247										
08:00		151										
09:00		102										
10:00		44										
11:00		34										
Total		6518										
AM Peak	-	08:00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vol.	-	819	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PM Peak	-	15:00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vol.	-	774	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total		6518										
ADT		ADT 6,518	AADT 6,518									

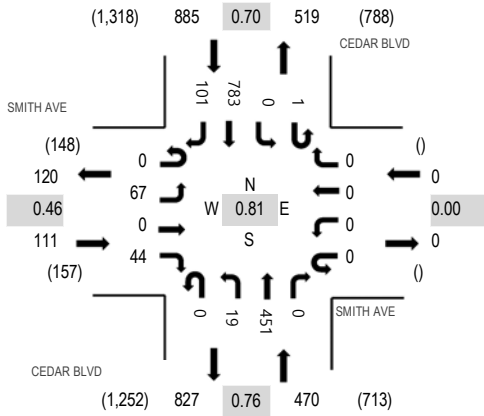
Site Code: 2
Station ID:
CEDAR BLVD S.O SMITH AVE

Start Time	14-Sep-21 Tue	NB										
12:00 AM		35										
01:00		16										
02:00		6										
03:00		8										
04:00		7										
05:00		26										
06:00		72										
07:00		260										
08:00		453										
09:00		210										
10:00		214										
11:00		255										
12:00 PM		317										
01:00		357										
02:00		426										
03:00		877										
04:00		534										
05:00		472										
06:00		472										
07:00		330										
08:00		195										
09:00		145										
10:00		81										
11:00		59										
Total		5827										
AM Peak	-	08:00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vol.	-	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PM Peak	-	15:00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vol.	-	877	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total		5827										
ADT		ADT 5,827	AADT 5,827									

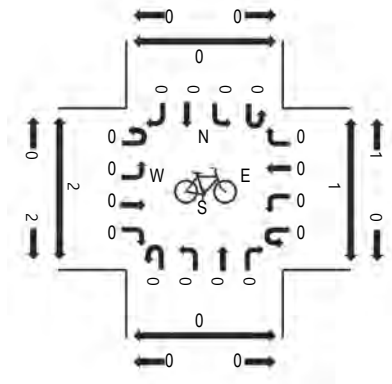
Site Code: 3
Station ID:
SMITH AVE W.O CEDAR BLVD

Start Time	14-Sep-21 Tue	EB										
12:00 AM		3										
01:00		1										
02:00		1										
03:00		3										
04:00		3										
05:00		20										
06:00		17										
07:00		53										
08:00		104										
09:00		38										
10:00		34										
11:00		39										
12:00 PM		49										
01:00		42										
02:00		129										
03:00		117										
04:00		54										
05:00		38										
06:00		33										
07:00		33										
08:00		19										
09:00		10										
10:00		8										
11:00		5										
Total		853										
AM Peak	-	08:00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vol.	-	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PM Peak	-	14:00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vol.	-	129	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total		853										
ADT		ADT 853	AADT 853									

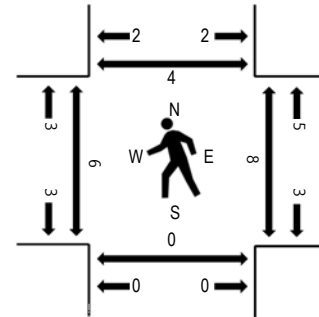
Peak Hour - Motorized Vehicles



Peak Hour - Bicycles



Peak Hour - Pedestrians



Note: Total study counts contained in parentheses.

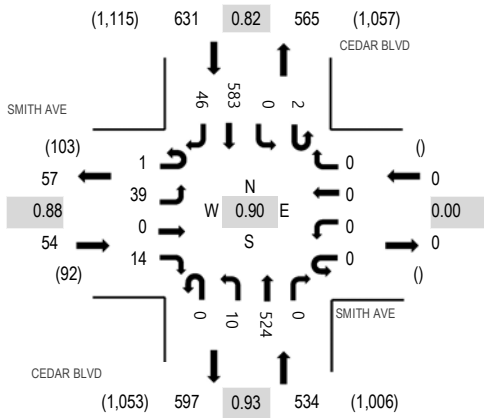
Traffic Counts - Motorized Vehicles

Interval Start Time	SMITH AVE Eastbound				SMITH AVE Westbound				CEDAR BLVD Northbound				CEDAR BLVD Southbound				Total	Rolling Hour	Pedestrian Crossings				
	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right			West	East	South	North	
7:00 AM	0	7	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	70	3	108	812	1	0	0	0
7:15 AM	0	6	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	72	0	0	0	0	127	5	217	1,151	1	0	0	0
7:30 AM	0	11	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	79	0	0	0	0	96	7	196	1,386	2	0	0	0
7:45 AM	0	13	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	81	0	0	0	0	165	26	291	1,466	0	2	0	4
8:00 AM	0	7	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	8	107	0	0	0	0	271	47	447	1,376	2	0	0	0
8:15 AM	0	34	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	7	147	0	0	0	0	214	24	452	1	6	0	0	
8:30 AM	0	13	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	3	116	0	1	0	0	133	4	276	3	0	0	0	
8:45 AM	0	6	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	63	0	0	0	0	116	9	201	1	0	0	1	

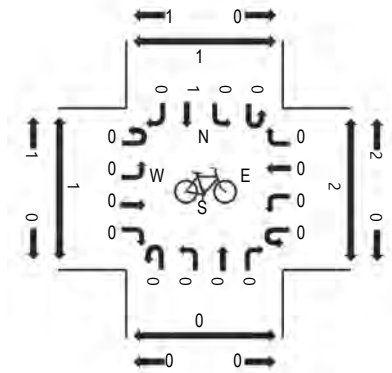
Peak Rolling Hour Flow Rates

Vehicle Type	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound				Total
	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lights	0	67	0	44	0	0	0	0	0	19	444	0	1	0	770	100	1,445
Mediums	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	13	1	21
Total	0	67	0	44	0	0	0	0	0	19	451	0	1	0	783	101	1,466

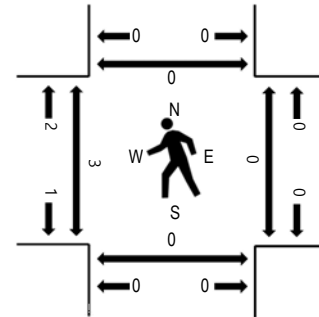
Peak Hour - Motorized Vehicles



Peak Hour - Bicycles



Peak Hour - Pedestrians



Note: Total study counts contained in parentheses.

Traffic Counts - Motorized Vehicles

Interval Start Time	SMITH AVE Eastbound				SMITH AVE Westbound				CEDAR BLVD Northbound				CEDAR BLVD Southbound				Total	Rolling Hour	Pedestrian Crossings			
	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right			West	East	South	North
4:00 PM	0	9	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	142	0	1	0	141	16	312	1,219	0	0	0	0
4:15 PM	0	11	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	4	121	0	0	0	124	7	272	1,186	0	0	0	0
4:30 PM	0	9	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	131	0	0	0	134	16	296	1,145	2	0	0	0
4:45 PM	1	10	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	130	0	1	0	184	7	339	1,084	1	0	0	0
5:00 PM	0	7	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	125	0	0	0	129	10	279	994	0	0	0	0
5:15 PM	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	110	0	0	0	98	12	231		0	0	0	0
5:30 PM	0	11	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	107	0	0	0	105	11	235		1	0	0	0
5:45 PM	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	122	0	0	0	114	5	249		1	0	0	0

Peak Rolling Hour Flow Rates

Vehicle Type	Eastbound				Westbound				Northbound				Southbound				Total
	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	U-Turn	Left	Thru	Right	
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
Lights	1	39	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	10	513	0	2	0	569	45	1,193
Mediums	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	11	1	23
Total	1	39	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	10	524	0	2	0	583	46	1,219

Attachment B

Signal Warrant Worksheets

Figure 4C-101 (CA). Traffic Signal Warrants Worksheet (Sheet 1 of 5)

COUNT DATE Sept 14, 2021
 CALC _____ DATE _____
 CHK _____ DATE _____

DIST _____ CO _____ RTE _____ PM _____
 Major St: Cedar Blvd
 Minor St: Smith Ave

Critical Approach Speed 44 mph
 Critical Approach Speed _____ mph

Speed limit or critical speed on major street traffic > 40 mph..... }
 or } RURAL (R)
 In built up area of isolated community of < 10,000 population..... }
 URBAN (U)

WARRANT 1 - Eight Hour Vehicular Volume SATISFIED YES NO
 (Condition A or Condition B or combination of A and B must be satisfied)

Condition A - Minimum Vehicle Volume 100% SATISFIED YES NO
 80% SATISFIED YES NO

APPROACH LANES	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS (80% SHOWN IN BRACKETS)																
	U		R														
	1		2 or More														
Both Approaches Major Street	500 (400)	350 (280)	600 (480)	420 (336)	7A	8A	9A	10A	11A	12A	1P	2P	3P	4P	5P	6P	Hour
Highest Approach Minor Street	150 (120)	105 (84)	200 (160)	140 (112)	53	104	47	124	117	54	38	33					

Condition B - Interruption of Continuous Traffic 100% SATISFIED YES NO
 80% SATISFIED YES NO

APPROACH LANES	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS (80% SHOWN IN BRACKETS)																
	U		R														
	1		2 or More														
Both Approaches Major Street	750 (600)	525 (420)	900 (720)	630 (504)													
Highest Approach Minor Street	75 (60)	53 (42)	100 (80)	70 (56)													

Combination of Conditions A & B SATISFIED YES NO

REQUIREMENT	CONDITION	✓	FULFILLED
TWO CONDITIONS SATISFIED 80%	A. MINIMUM VEHICULAR VOLUME		Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	AND, B. INTERRUPTION OF CONTINUOUS TRAFFIC		
AND, AN ADEQUATE TRIAL OF OTHER ALTERNATIVES THAT COULD CAUSE LESS DELAY AND INCONVENIENCE TO TRAFFIC HAS FAILED TO SOLVE THE TRAFFIC PROBLEMS			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

The satisfaction of a traffic signal warrant or warrants shall not in itself require the installation of a traffic control signal.

Figure 4C-101 (CA). Traffic Signal Warrants Worksheet (Sheet 2 of 5)

WARRANT 2 - Four Hour Vehicular Volume

SATISFIED* YES NO

Record hourly vehicular volumes for any four hours of an average day.

APPROACH LANES	Hour			
	One	2 or More	8A	2P / 3P / 4P
Both Approaches - Major Street		X	1272	9162 / 1651 / 1165
Higher Approach - Minor Street	X		104	124 / 117 / 54

*All plotted points fall above the applicable curve in Figure 4C-1. (URBAN AREAS)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
<u>OR</u> , All plotted points fall above the applicable curve in Figure 4C-2. (RURAL AREAS)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

**WARRANT 3 - Peak Hour
 (Part A or Part B must be satisfied)**

SATISFIED YES NO

PART A

SATISFIED YES NO

(All parts 1, 2, and 3 below must be satisfied for the same one hour, for any four consecutive 15-minute periods)

1. The total delay experienced by traffic on one minor street approach (one direction only) controlled by a STOP sign equals or exceeds four vehicle-hours for a one-lane approach, or five vehicle-hours for a two-lane approach; <u>AND</u>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. The volume on the same minor street approach (one direction only) equals or exceeds 100 vph for one moving lane of traffic or 150 vph for two moving lanes; <u>AND</u>	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
3. The total entering volume serviced during the hour equals or exceeds 800 vph for intersections with four or more approaches or 650 vph for intersections with three approaches.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>

PART B

SATISFIED YES NO

APPROACH LANES	Hour	
	One	2 or More
Both Approaches - Major Street		X
Higher Approach - Minor Street	X	

The plotted point falls above the applicable curve in Figure 4C-3. (URBAN AREAS)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
<u>OR</u> , The plotted point falls above the applicable curve in Figure 4C-4. (RURAL AREAS)	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>

The satisfaction of a traffic signal warrant or warrants shall not in itself require the installation of a traffic control signal.

Figure 4C-101 (CA). Traffic Signal Warrants Worksheet (Sheet 3 of 5)

**WARRANT 4 - Pedestrian Volume
 (Parts 1 and 2 Must Be Satisfied)**

SATISFIED YES NO

Part 1 (Parts A or B must be satisfied)

Hours -->

A.	Vehicles per hour for any 4 hours				
	Pedestrians per hour for any 4 hours	0			7

Figure 4C-5 or Figure 4C-6
 SATISFIED YES NO

Hours -->

B.	Vehicles per hour for any 1 hour				
	Pedestrians per hour for any 1 hour	0			

Figure 4C-7 or Figure 4C-8
 SATISFIED YES NO

Part 2

SATISFIED YES NO

<u>AND</u> , The distance to the nearest traffic signal along the major street is greater than 300 ft	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
<u>OR</u> , The proposed traffic signal will not restrict progressive traffic flow along the major street.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>

**WARRANT 5 - School Crossing
 (Parts A and B Must Be Satisfied)**

SATISFIED YES NO

**Part A
 Gap/Minutes and # of Children**

SATISFIED YES NO

Gaps vs Minutes	Minutes Children Using Crossing		Hour
	Number of Adequate Gaps		
School Age Pedestrians Crossing Street / hr			

Gaps < Minutes YES NO

AND Children > 20/hr YES NO

<u>AND</u> , Consideration has been given to less restrictive remedial measures.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
--	------------------------------	--

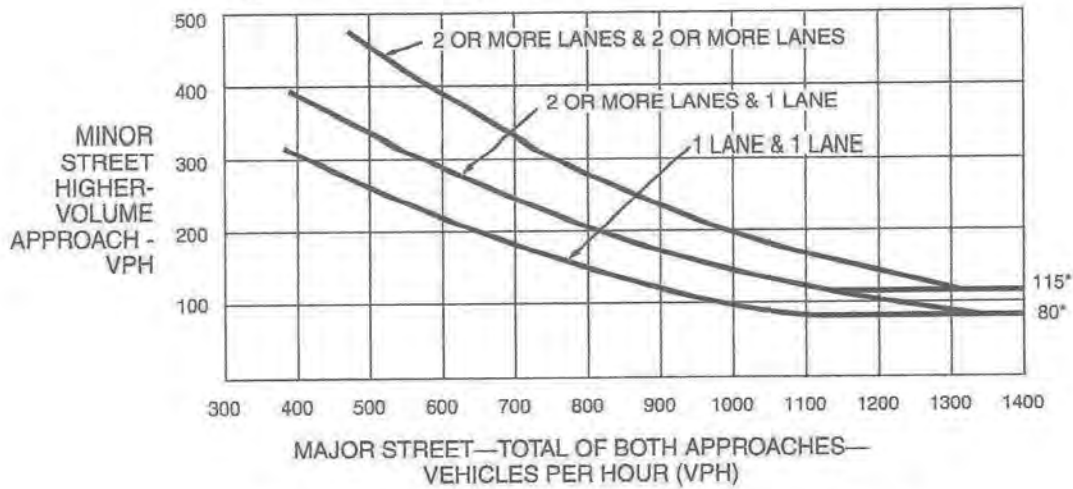
Part B

SATISFIED YES NO

The distance to the nearest traffic signal along the major street is greater than 300 ft	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
<u>OR</u> , The proposed signal will not restrict the progressive movement of traffic.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>

The satisfaction of a traffic signal warrant or warrants shall not in itself require the installation of a traffic control signal.

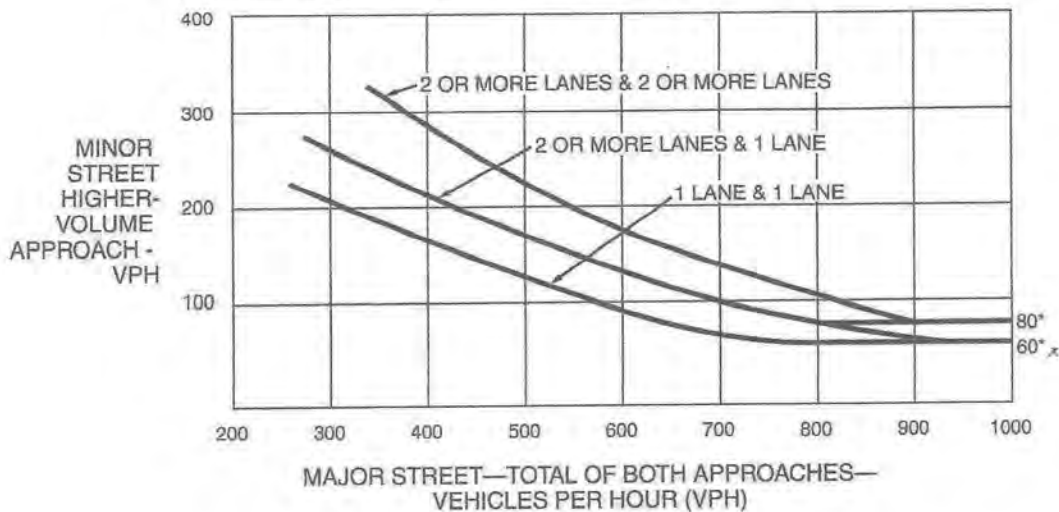
Figure 4C-1. Warrant 2, Four-Hour Vehicular Volume



*Note: 115 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 80 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with one lane.

Figure 4C-2. Warrant 2, Four-Hour Vehicular Volume (70% Factor)

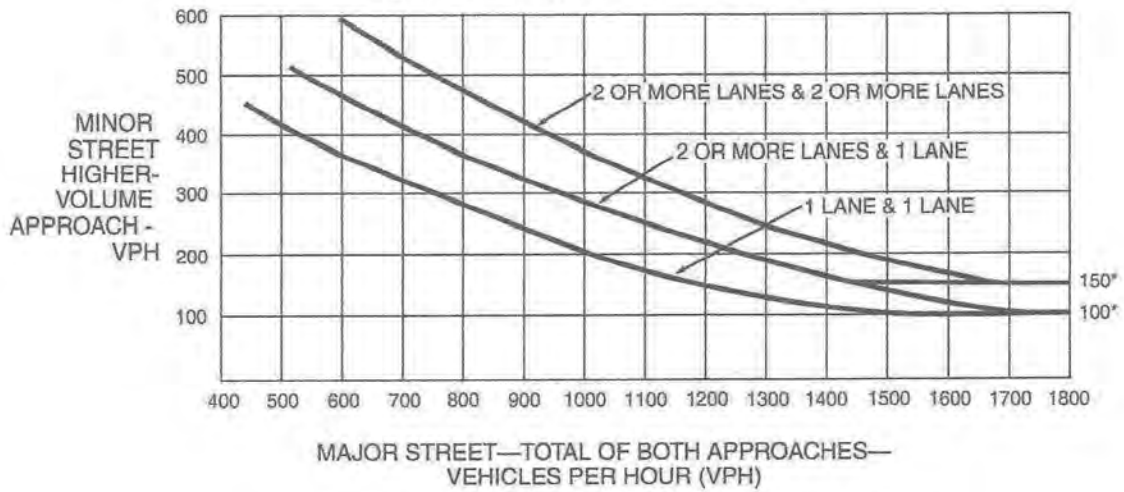
(COMMUNITY LESS THAN 10,000 POPULATION OR ABOVE 40 MPH ON MAJOR STREET)



*Note: 80 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 60 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with one lane.

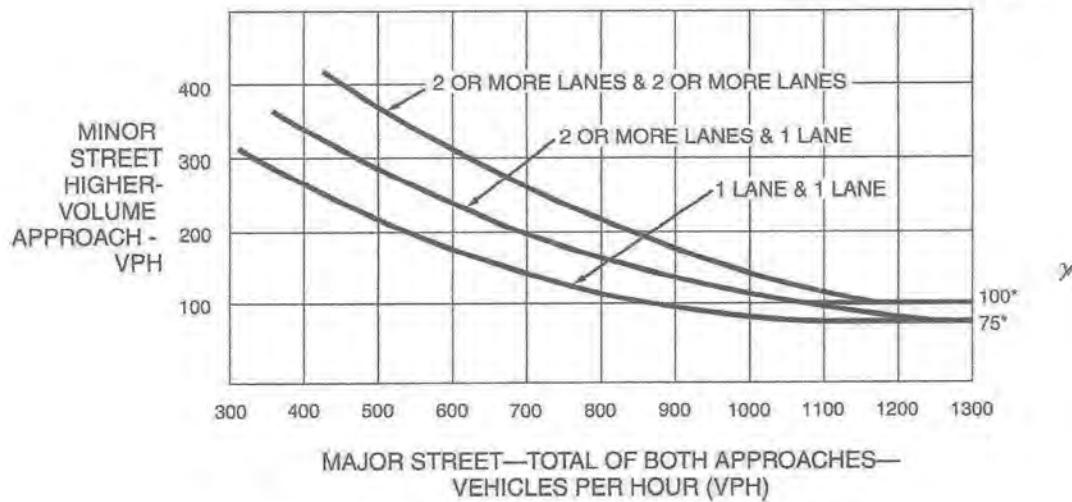
x Y Y

Figure 4C-3. Warrant 3, Peak Hour



*Note: 150 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 100 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with one lane.

Figure 4C-4. Warrant 3, Peak Hour (70% Factor)
 (COMMUNITY LESS THAN 10,000 POPULATION OR ABOVE 40 MPH ON MAJOR STREET)



*Note: 100 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 75 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with one lane.